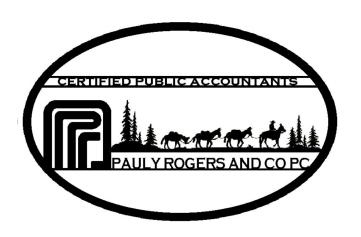
Exhibit A Agenda Item 5.1 & 5.2 Council Mgt 01-22-2019

CITY OF TROUTDALE TROUTDALE, OREGON

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended June 30, 2018

SUBMITTED BY

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Erich Mueller

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Letter of Transmittal	i ix7
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	
Organizational Chart	
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	VII
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	5
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Major Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance – Budget and Actual	
General Fund	10
Street Fund	11
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	13
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15-45
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Contributions	46
Schedule of Changes in Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability	47
Supplementary Information Section – Major Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance – Budget and Actual	
URA Riverfront Development Fund	48

	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED	
Supplementary Information Section – Combining Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet	4.0
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	56
Supplementary Information Section – Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Governmental Funds	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Street Tree Fund.	
Bike Paths and Trails Fund	
Code Specialties Fund.	
Sam Cox Building Fund	
Community Enhancement Program Fund	61
Debt Service Funds:	
COP Debt Service Fund	
URA Debt Service Fund	
FF&C Debt Service Fund	64
Capital Projects:	
Street Improvement Fund	
Parks Improvement Fund	
Utilities Undergrounding Fund	
STP Site Redevelopment Fund	
Police Facility Projects Fund	69
Proprietary Funds:	
Water Fund	
Water Improvement Fund	71
Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures	
to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses	
Sewer Fund	
Debt Service Fund – Business-type Activities	
Sewer Improvement Fund	75
Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures	
to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses	
Storm Sewer Improvement Fund	
Storm Sewer Utility Fund	78
Storm Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and	
Expenditures to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses	
Internal Services Fund	80
Internal Services Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures	
To Proprietary Revenues and Expenses.	81

FINANCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

Supplementary Information Section – Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Government Schedule by Source	
Schedule by Function and Activity	
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	
Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Outstanding Balances	85
OTHER INFORMATION	
Other Information Section – Financial Schedules	
Schedule of Debt Principal Transactions	
Schedule of Debt Interest Transactions	
Schedule of Future Debt Service Requirements of General Obligation Bonds	88
Schedule of Governmental Revenues by Source	89
Schedule of General Governmental Expenditures by Function	90
Schedule of Accountability for Independently Elected Officials	91
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Position by Component	92
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	95
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	
Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments	
Principal Property Taxpayers	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding.	
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Legal Debt Margin Information	
Property Value and New Construction Value	
Special Assessment Billings and Collections	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	
Principal Employers	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	
Operating Indicators by Function	110
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	
REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS REQUIRE STATUTES	D BY
Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	2-113

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



CITY OF TROUTDALE

"Gateway to the Columbia River Gorge"

December 21, 2018

TO THE HONORABLE MAYOR, MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL, AND CITIZENS OF THE CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

The Finance Department is pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Troutdale, Oregon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. State law requires that every local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. We believe the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City selected the accounting firm of Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C. to conduct the independent financial audit. The auditor rendered an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Troutdale financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial Section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

CITY PROFILE

The City of Troutdale is located in northwestern Oregon, in the eastern part of the Portland metropolitan area, in Multnomah County. It is comprised of approximately six square miles and has a population of 16,185.

Troutdale was incorporated in 1907 and operates under the provisions of its own charter adopted in 1994 and applicable State law. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council which consists of a Mayor and six Council members. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term; the Council members are elected at large by the citizens of Troutdale with each Councilor serving a four-year term. The City Council provides community leadership and develops policies to guide the City by setting goals, passing ordinances and adopting resolutions, appointing advisory committees, authorizing contracts, adopting budgets, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney and City Judge.

The City Manager is the administrative head of the City responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, managing the day-to-day operations of the City and appointing department heads.

The City provides a full range of services as authorized in its charter and ordinances. This includes police protection, contract fire service, street construction and maintenance, water, sanitary and storm sewers, parks, land use planning and zoning, public improvements, building inspections, code enforcement, municipal court, recreation programs and general administrative services.

The City's annual budget is prepared in accordance with the provisions of Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgeting process includes citizen input through various stages of preparation, public hearings, and adoption of the final budget by the City Council. Additional resources not anticipated in the adopted budget may be added through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and formal adoption by the City Council. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers with required approval by the City Council.

This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Troutdale's financial planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained and appropriated at the department or program level in the general operating fund and public services fund while all other funds are maintained and appropriated by major category of expense, such as personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, and transfers. The operating contingency account is appropriated separately in each fund.

For additional statistics and information about the City of Troutdale please refer to the Statistical Section of this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The economy has improved somewhat over the past year with an expected 3% GDP in 2018 following a 2.3% rate in 2017. The recent improvement in consumer sentiment provides some encouragement to the outlook. Corporate profits have continued to climb since November of 2016. Both home prices and unemployment have continued to improve, with auto sales, while export manufacturing is slowing due to a stronger dollar and emerging markets weakness.

The ongoing economic recovery has impacted the Portland metropolitan area with positive but modest job growth during the past year. Both construction activity and business tax collections continue to improve from the 2008 financial crisis levels.

The certified population of Troutdale was recently updated to reflect census results bring total residents to 16,185. Improvement in the new commercial construction from no activity in the prior year and a slight uptick in residential property activity both point to an improving real estate market. There is renewed interest in Troutdale Reynolds Industrial Park (TRIP) site with the addition of the Amazon.com fulfillment center project underway. Building permit revenues for construction in Troutdale increased significantly from prior year, \$1.1 million over budget of additional building permit and plan review revenue which should be followed by continued construction activity in coming year.

The City of Troutdale receives a portion of the business income tax collected by Multnomah County. The tax paid to the County equals 1.45% of net business revenues. The County shares 10% of the collections with the City of Troutdale, City of Gresham, City of Wood Village and City of Fairview. The tax is distributed based on population and assessed values. Troutdale received \$1.2 million in the current year, an increase of \$131,000 or 12%, from the prior year, representing continued local business growth.

The City's location in the Portland metropolitan area provides citizens with many diverse employment opportunities. The unemployment rate for the Portland metropolitan area was 3.8% in June 2018, and has move down slightly from 3.9% a year prior. The national average of 3.7% with the Oregon State unemployment rate of 4% slightly above.

Troutdale has a diversified economic base. The City is home to one of the Port of Portland's three general aviation airports. The vibrancy of Troutdale is apparent with its easy access to the Port of Portland's international airport and Interstate 84 with two major travel center trucking stops, three motels, one hotel/resort and recreational vehicle park. Troutdale is home to light manufacturing, regional transportation trucking facilities, residential care facilities, factory outlet stores and state of the art shopping centers. A community college and major hospital facility border the south corporate boundary of Troutdale.

Troutdale's strategic location at the eastern edge of the Portland metropolitan area, the western gateway to the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area and the Sandy River Recreation Area, allows Troutdale to offer a combination of urban and rural lifestyles to its residents as well as attracting tourists and providing extensive services to commercial travelers.

The City faces longer term financial impact items which include City Hall replacement, Urban Renewal Agency cost, capped property tax increases, increasing health care and retirement costs, and limited acreage for residential development.

See the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section for additional discussion of economic factors affecting the City.

MAJOR FINANCIAL INITIATIVES

Urban Renewal Agency for the City of Troutdale – In January 2006 the City Council established the Urban Renewal Agency for the City of Troutdale (Agency). In May 2006 the Troutdale voters approved the Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan. The goal of the Agency is to fund public improvements and spur private development in the Troutdale Riverfront area. The goal of the district is to promote the optimum development of the site. In 2018 the Agency purchased real property from Eastwinds Development LLC, to combine with the City owned land that housed the former sewage treatment plant, to undertake environmental remediation and site demolition to prepare the property for redevelopment. The City and Agency entered into a prospective purchaser agreement with the State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality through Consent Judgment to provide for environmental liability protections for future approved development. The Agency budget appropriation was provided by the City during the 2017-2018 fiscal year and is included as a component unit in the City's financial statements.

Full Faith and Credit Obligations – In order to fund the Agency's real property purchase the City borrowed \$5 million to provide an interfund loan to the Agency. The City is obligated to repay these debts from any available general revenue. Lenders see these debt payments as first priority payments from the General Fund without regard to other City spending considerations. Through an Intergovernmental Government Agreement (IGA) the City loaned the full \$5 million to the Agency to purchase the property and perform site preparation for resale including demolition and environmental cleanup across both properties. The Agency is obligated under the IGA to pay the City from the property sale proceeds, however if the fair reuse value at which the Agency sells the property is less than the costs, there will be inadequate funds to repay the City in full. However, the City will still be required to repay the outstanding Full Faith and Credit obligations at time of the property resale. Additionally, General Fund during the site preparation period, is required to make the annual debt service payments without revenue from the Agency until the property resale, which will impact both the budget and the ending fund balance.

Police Department Building – On November 2, 2010 Troutdale voters decided it was a civic priority to construct the proposed Community Police Facility by approving \$7.5 million of dedicated property tax resources though a General Obligation Bond. In conjunction with the IGA for Law Enforcement Services with the MCSO the City also leased the Community Police Facility to Multnomah County beginning in the coming Fiscal Year. The MCSO will operate the Patrol Division from the City facility resulting in increased police presence in the City. Net of landlord operational expense, \$175,000 of rental income was applied to the annual bond payments, and thereby reducing the necessary debt service levy upon City taxpayers.

City Hall Building – Addressing the structural and environmental safety issues of the City Hall building is the City's most pressing facility need. Beyond the several current structural issues, the facility lacks the necessary space for current and future needs. The current facility lacks adequate parking for citizens, contractors and staff, and adequate secure records storage space. The building was vacated with operations being distributed to several locations around the City. The City continues to review options for a longer term solution.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Troutdale for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the 28th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR), whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was a combined effort of the dedicated staff in the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. We also acknowledge the efforts of other departments who provided information that helped to make the report far more than a presentation of financial statements.

In closing, we acknowledge the City Council of Troutdale for their continued support and leadership.

Respectfully Submitted,

AMuelh_

Erich R. Mueller Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Troutdale Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

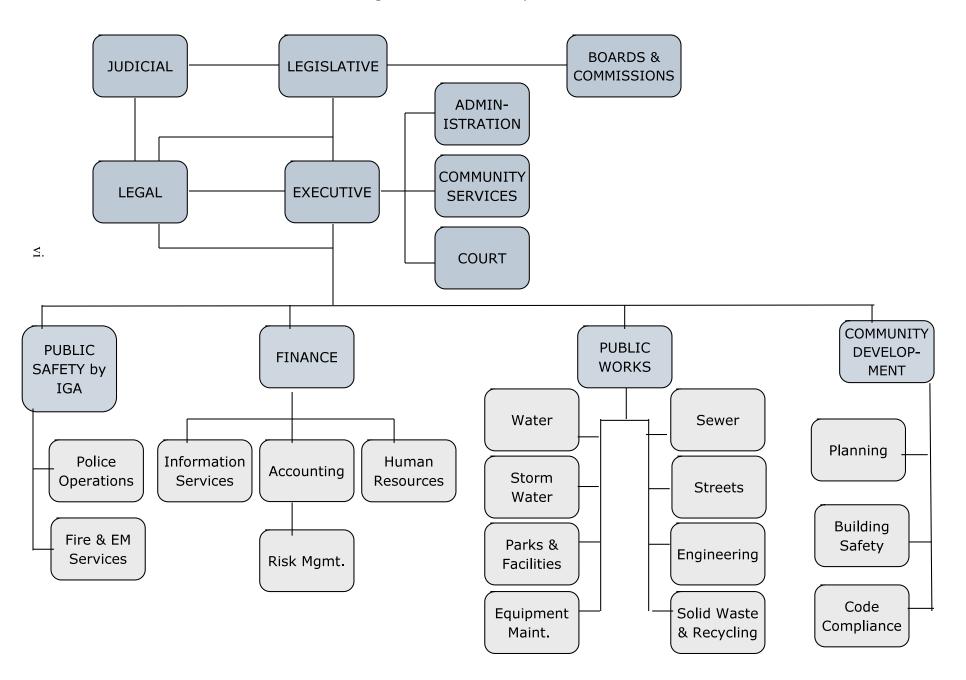
June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Troutdale

Organization Chart by Function



City of Troutdale, Oregon

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

ELECTED OFFICALS:

Term Expires

MAYOR

Casey Ryan December 31, 2020

COUNCIL MEMBERS

David Ripma December 31, 2018

Randy Lauer December 31, 2020

Larry Morgan December 31, 2018

Glenn White December 31, 2020

Rich Allen December 31, 2018

Zach Hudson December 31, 2020

APPOINTED OFFICIALS:

CITY MANAGER

Ray Young

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Erich Mueller

LEGAL COUNSEL

Ed Trompke

All may be reached at:

219 E. Historic Columbia River Hwy Troutdale, OR 97060-2078 (503) 665-5175

FINANCIAL SECTION



PAULY, ROGERS, AND CO., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

December 21, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Troutdale, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Troutdale, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Troutdale, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparisons for the general fund and street fund, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions for the year ended June 30, 2018. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, the statistical section, and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 21, 2018, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA

Men MLang, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This narrative provides an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. It focuses on the year's financial activities, significant changes in the City's financial position, budget changes and variances from the approved budget, as well as economic factors affecting the City. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information provided in the Letter of Transmittal and the Basic Financial Statements included in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$62.7 million (net position). Of this amount, \$8 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$6.9 million during the year. Due primarily from the delayed capital outlay, effective cost controls, and marginally higher than budgeted revenues, somewhat offset by increase in the deferred outflow of resources and decrease in outflow of resources for net pension liability.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18.5 million, an increase of \$6.1 million due to reductions in budgeted expenditures. \$7.4 million of the ending fund balance is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At year-end, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund, net of interfund loans to the URA, was \$5.7 million or 57% of total general fund expenditures during the year. The change in the ending fund balance for the General Fund is attributable to decreased planned capital outlay and reductions in budgeted expenditures.
- The City's capital assets net of depreciation decreased by \$0.1 million due to limited capital outlay, and routine depreciation and equipment disposals. Long-term debt increased by \$3.2 million through scheduled debt payments and new issue of Full Faith and Credit Obligations.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's annual financial report consists of several sections. Taken together they provide a comprehensive financial look at the City. The components of the report include the following:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This section of the report provides financial highlights, overview and economic factors affecting the City. The MD&A is intended to explain the significant changes in financial position and differences in operations between the current and prior years.
- Basic Financial Statements. This section consists of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The first several statements are highly condensed and present a government-wide view of the City's

finances. Within this view, all City operations are categorized and reported as either governmental or business-type activities. Governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues while business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include basic services such as public safety, transportation, community development and general government. Business-type activities are water, sewer, storm sewer, and public services. The government-wide statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snap-shot view of the assets the community owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts.
- The Statement of Activities focuses on gross and net costs of city programs and the
 extent to which such programs rely upon general tax and other revenues. This
 Statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to
 which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
- Fund financial statements focus separately on major government funds and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The City's major governmental funds are presented in their own column and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Other Governmental Funds". Budgetary comparison statements are presented for the General Fund and the Street Fund (the sole major special revenue fund). Statements for the City's proprietary funds follow the governmental funds and include net assets, revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, and cash flow.
- The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- □ **Supplementary Information.** This section includes combining statements for non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules.
 - Combining Statements. Major funds are included within the Basic Financial Statements, whereas non-major funds are presented here. These statements include balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.
 - Budgetary Comparisons. Budgetary information for all funds, except the General Fund and Street Fund, which are presented within the Basic Financial Statements, are presented here.
 - Capital Assets and Other Financial Schedules complete the Financial Section of the report.
- Statistical Section. Trend information and demographics.

□ **Reports by Independent Certified Public Accountants.** Supplemental communication on city compliance and internal controls as required by Oregon statutes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Table 1 provides a summary of net position at fiscal year-end and is a condensed version of the statement of net position.

Table 1
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Summary of Net Position
(in millions)

	Governmental		Business-type Activities				Total				
-	-		Activities 2018		 2018	ivitie					2047
-				2017	 		2017		2018		2017
Cash and investments	\$	18.1	\$	12.1	\$ 8.0	\$	6.2	\$	26.1	\$	18.3
Other assets		1.3		1.0	0.7		0.7		2.0		1.7
Capital assets		20.1		18.0	31.5		31.4		51.6		49.4
Total assets		39.5		31.1	40.2		38.3		79.7		69.4
Deferred Outflows of Resource		8.0		2.8	0.3		1.0		1.1		3.8
Other liabilities		0.6		6.9	1.1		3.6		1.7		10.5
Long-term debt outstanding		13.7		6.4	-		_		13.7		6.4
Total liabilities		14.3		13.3	1.1		3.6		15.4		16.9
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2.0		0.4	0.7		0.2		2.7		0.6
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital											
assets		8.8		11.3	31.5		30.2		40.3		41.5
Restricted		11.0		7.7	3.3		2.1		14.3		9.8
Unrestricted		4.2		1.2	3.9		3.3		8.1		4.5
Total net position	\$	24.0	\$	20.2	\$ 38.7	\$	35.6	\$	62.7	\$	55.8

The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$62.7 million at the close of the fiscal year, a \$6.9 million increase from the prior year, primarily due to the \$5 million Full Faith and Credit Obligation and the delay in many capital projects and cautious budget expenditures. The majority of the City's net position reflect investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Net position invested in capital are non-liquid assets that cannot be used to meet current operating cash flow needs of the City. Investments include buildings and equipment used to provide city services and infrastructure benefiting the community, including roads, curbs and sidewalks, and water, sewer and waste water systems.

Restricted net position are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restricted net position include system development charges (SDC) collected from developers to

pay the cost of infrastructure expansion as needed to meet the demands of population growth, and taxes and other collections limited to repayment of debt. The significant increase in construction activity has generated SDC fees increasing restricted net position.

The remainder of the net position, referred to as unrestricted, may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the government to citizens and creditors.

Statement of Activities

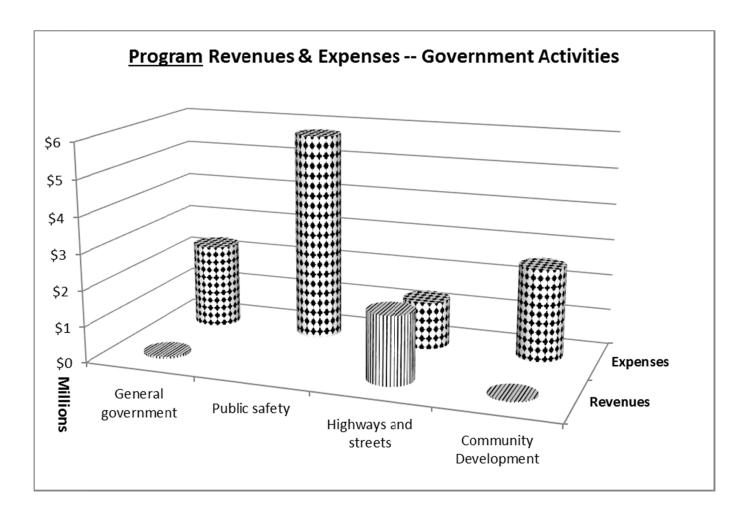
Table 2 provides a summary of the primary sources and uses and the resulting change in net position for the City. The information is condensed from the statement of activities.

Table 2
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Summary of Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

	Governmental Activities			ess-type ivities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$ 7.5	\$ 6.6	\$ 7.6	\$ 6.7	
Operating grants and contributions	1.1	1.0	-	-	1.1	1.0	
Capital grants and contributions	0.9	=	1.7	0.1	2.5	0.1	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	5.4	5.2	1.1	1.3	6.5	6.5	
Franchise and other taxes	4.8	3.7	-	-	4.8	3.7	
Other receipts	4.0	4.1	0.1	0.1	4.1	4.2	
Total revenues	16.1	14.0	10.3	8.1	26.5	22.2	
Expenses:							
General government	2.3	2.4	-	-	2.3	2.4	
Public safety	5.8	6.3	-	_	5.8	6.3	
Highw ays and streets	1.3	1.2	-	-	1.3	1.2	
Solid w aste/recycling	0.0	0.0	-	_	0.0	0.0	
Community development	2.6	2.6	-	_	2.6	2.6	
Interest on long-term debt	0.0	0.0	-	-	0.0	0.0	
Water	-	_	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.0	
Sew er	-	_	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	
Storm sew er	-	_	8.0	8.0	0.8	0.8	
Public services	-	_	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.3	
Total expenses	12.0	12.4	7.6	7.4	19.7	19.8	
Increase (decrease) in net position							
position before Transfers	4.1	1.6	2.7	0.7	6.8	2.4	
Transfers	(0.3)	(0.5)	0.3	0.5	0.0	=	
Increase (decrease) in net position	3.8	1.1	3.0	1.2	6.8	2.4	
Net position, beginning	20.2	19.1	35.6	34.4	55.8	53.5	
Net position, ending	\$ 24.0	\$ 20.2	\$ 38.6	\$ 35.6	\$ 62.6	\$ 55.9	

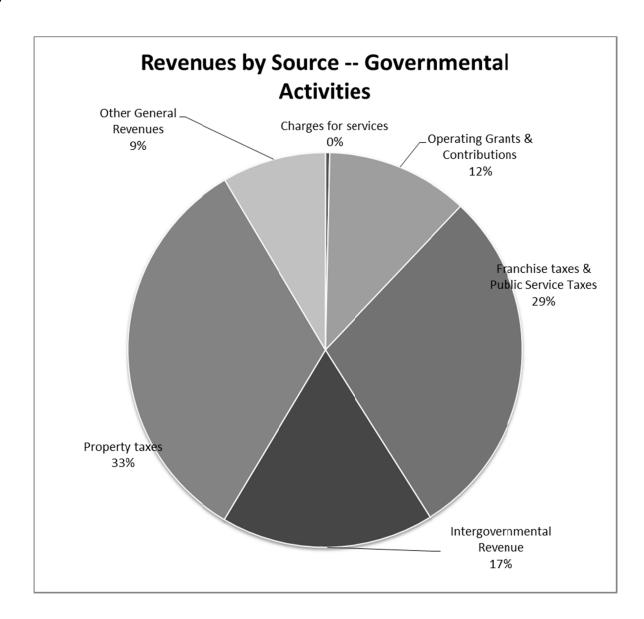
During the fiscal year, the City's total net position increased by \$6.8 million. Business Type activities increased \$3 million and the Governmental activities \$3.8 million increase.

The following graph shows the expenses of each governmental function compared to the program revenues generated specifically from its operations.



General government support services (administration, legal, human resources, financial, and computer information services) generate some revenues but are primarily funded from charges to the direct operating functions they support. The public safety function (police, fire and emergency services) generates program revenues as well, but property taxes and other General Fund revenues fund the majority of its costs. The highways and streets program is responsible for maintenance and construction of transportation systems, with funding provided by gas tax revenues. Community development services include building permit, planning and zoning, parks maintenance, and facilities maintenance functions. The building permit program covers total service costs with user permit fees. The planning and zoning and parks and facilities maintenance functions cover some program costs with user fees, but property taxes and other General Fund revenues fund the majority of their costs.

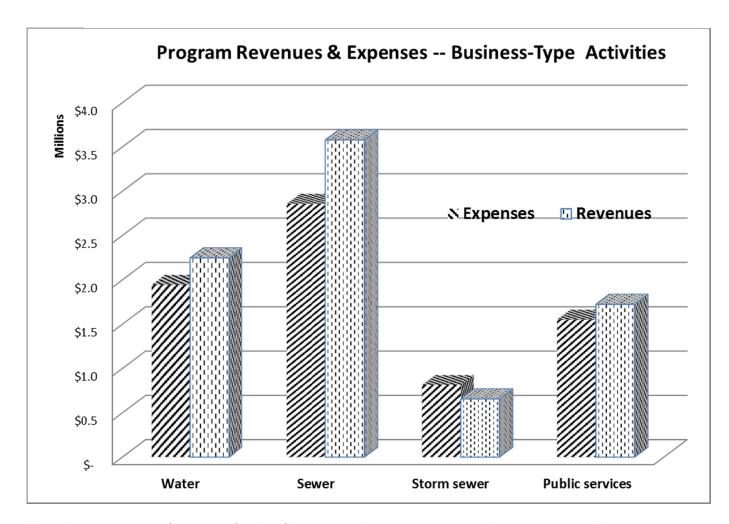
The graph below is a visual representation of the various sources of revenues used to support governmental activities.



Governmental revenues modestly increased from the prior year. The majority of governmental revenues (79%) include property taxes, franchise fees and intergovernmental revenues. Less than 1% of revenues are from user fees and charges for services, with 12% from operating and capital grants and 9% other revenues. The increase in governmental revenues from the continued economic recovery are reflected in County Business Income Tax receipts, State Shared Revenues, and both State and Local gas tax revenue increases over the prior year.

Governmental program expenses were generally level, and decreased by \$1.1 million compared to the prior year due to a delay in planned capital outlay. The increases in governmental expenses occurred with the annual cost of living adjustment and benefits costs attributable to Personnel expenses, and general cost inflation for Materials and Services.

Business-type activities resulted in a \$3 million increase to the City's total net position due primarily to schedule delays in capital projects and increased development revenues. The following graph shows the program revenues and expenses generated by each business-type function.

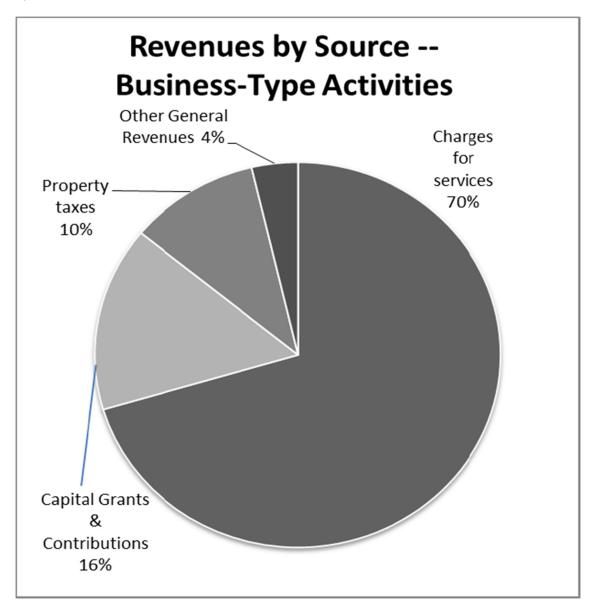


The primary source of revenue for the City operated water, sewer, and storm sewer utilities are customer user fees. Public services (Public Works management and equipment maintenance services) generate some revenues but are primarily funded from charges to the direct utility operating functions they support. Program revenues in excess of expenses represents the increase in net position as shown above.

Total revenues increased \$2.2 million over the prior year due to weather impact upon consumption levels, and the impact of a modest increase of the user rates for water, sewer and storm water systems, and property taxes. Utility systems development charges were significantly above the prior year. Charges collected for system development impact are used to pay the costs of infrastructure expansion as needed to meet the demands of population growth, including debt service on financed infrastructure construction. SDC fees of \$1.6 million resulting from increased overall development and from significant industrial site development including the new Amazon distribution center due to be completed in 2018. Additional significant increase in residential development in the City is in process for 2019.

City utility user fees for water, sewer and storm services increased by \$0.8 million or 17% compared to the prior year. This reflects the user rate increase and increased consumption from both economic and weather conditions, and final removal of the storm water rate cap.

The graph below is a visual representation of the various sources of revenues used to support business-type activities.



The majority of business-type activities revenues are generated from user fees and SDC fees from private developers.

Business-type program expenses increased by \$0.1 million compared to the prior year, primarily due to increased annual cost of living adjustment and benefits costs which were largely offset by decreases from staff turnover in Personnel costs, contract services, and repair and maintenance projects also delayed due to staff turnover in both the Water and Storm Sewer activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Fund balances totaled \$18.5 million at June 30, 2018. A summary of fund balances follows:

Table 3
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Fund Balances

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Change
General Fund	\$ 10,788,736	\$ 5,488,905	\$ 5,299,831
Street Fund	3,346,020	2,155,730	1,190,290
URA Dev Fund	(3,270,209)	(692,230)	(2,577,979)
Other Governmental	7,680,506	5,429,077	2,251,429
Total	\$ 18,545,053	\$ 12,381,482	\$ 6,163,571

The general fund balance increased due to Parks and Facilities Divisions capital project delays, and effective cost controls. The Street Fund deferred maintenance continued combined with construction weather delays, coupled with the increase in both State and Local gas tax revenues, resulted in the balance increase. The voters approved a staged local fuel tax which has brought significant additional revenue to the fund. The Urban Renewal Agency purchased real property and began site demolition and environmental remediation to prepare the property for division and resale for private redevelopment. Other Governmental funds increase reflects development building safety inspection fee revenue from significant construction during the year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budgetary statement for the General Fund shows the original budget, final budget and actual revenues, expenditures and transfers in and out for the fiscal year. The City Council approved two supplemental budget resolutions for the transfer of General Fund contingency appropriations authority to various departments within the General Fund and to other funds. The changes are summarized as follows:

- \$5 million to both recognize and appropriate the new Full Faith and Credit (FF&C) Obligations debt proceeds, and to authorize an interfund loan of the proceeds to the Urban Renewal Agency.
- \$125,000 transfer to the debt service fund for the FF&C interest expense.

• A total of \$110,000 budget contingency transfers to various departments and divisions for increased labor costs, legal fees, and consulting services.

Actual revenues for the year were below budgeted amounts by \$255,000 due primarily to couple of budgeted but not obtained grants and loans. The beginning fund balance in the General Fund was \$684,000 million greater than budgeted.

On the expenditure side, operations for all departments were under budget by \$2 million. The major expenditure underspend was from deferred capital outlays, which when combined with controlled spending across all departments, accounted for the overall reduction. Factoring out contingency, budgeted expenditures came in 8.8% under budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of year-end, the City had \$49.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in capital assets, as reflected in Table 4. More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Table 4
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)
(in millions)

	Govern			ss-type				
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Land	\$ 3.5	\$ 3.5	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.8	\$ 5.1	\$ 5.2		
Intangible assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		
Buildings & improvements	7.7	7.8	1.4	1.3	9.1	9.2		
Land improvements	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.1	1.3	1.4		
Equipment	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.4		
Infrastructure	4.7	4.4	28.2	28.2	32.9	32.6		
Work in Progress	0.3	0.5	0.0		0.3	0.5		
Total	\$ 17.8	\$ 17.9	\$ 31.5	\$ 31.4	\$ 49.3	\$ 49.3		

Assets for governmental activities, excluding the \$2.4 million Urban Renewal Agency land acquisition, decreased by \$0.1 million resulting from the annual recorded depreciation and minor capital infrastructure dedications as shown above.

Assets for business-type activities increased by \$0.1 million net of depreciation resulting from the routine annual recorded depreciation, minor property disposal, and no significant developer constructed and donated public improvement projects.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the CAPITAL ASSETS section, pages 26-27, of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

DEBT OUTSTANDING

Debt outstanding at year-end is summarized in Table 5. As of year-end, the City had \$10.9 million in bonds and notes outstanding. Of that amount, \$0.3 million is due within one year. Total long-term debt increased \$5 million from the newly issued Full Faith and Credit (FF&C) Obligations and decreased from \$1.8 million scheduled principal debt service payments, for a net increase of \$3.2 million. More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Table 5
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Outstanding Debt
(in millions)

	Governmental Activities			ness-type tivities	То	tal
	2018	2017		2017	2018	2017
C.O.P. Building Loan	\$ -	\$0.1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.1
General obligation bond WPCF	-	-	_	1.2	-	1.2
General obligation bond PD	5.9	6.4	_	_	5.9	6.4
Full Faith & Credit Obligations	5.0	-	_	_	5.0	_
Lease payable				<u> </u>		
Total	\$10.9	\$6.5	\$ -	\$ 1.2	\$10.9	\$ 7.7

Moody's Investors Service previously rated the City's general obligation bonds as Aa2. In 2018 Moody's Investors Service rated the City's full faith and credit obligations as Aa2. For more detailed information on the City's debt and amortization terms refer to the LONG-TERM DEBT section, pages 28-29 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND RATES

- The State's property tax regulations set permanent rates and limited growth in existing
 property values to a maximum of three percent per year. The assessed values for new
 residential and commercial construction are also adjusted to reflect the growth limitations
 so they receive the same tax benefit as existing properties. Troutdale's permanent
 property tax rate is \$3.7652 per \$1,000 of tax-assessed value.
- For past few years the City had been experiencing an average 5.4% rate of growth in property taxes in the years since Fiscal Year 2013-2014 when the assessed value actually decreased 0.88% from the prior year. The prior reporting period property taxes increased 5.8% with the current reporting period increase of 4.6%. The longing seven year tax and appeals court process over the State of Oregon central assessment process for utilities and Comcast Cable recently concluded through a settlement. The

one-time adjustment will reduce the coming Fiscal Year 2018-2019 increase to 0.7% with approximately \$36,000 of property tax revenue increase over the prior year.

- The financial markets and credit crisis resulted in substantial declines in the PERS investment portfolio during 2008 of approximately 28% loss in asset value. Under current legislation, employer contribution rates are set every two years, changing July 1 of the odd numbered year. Employer rates for this reporting period were based on the system's valuation as of December 31, 2015, and reflect the changes from the Legislature's Special Session. The Special Legislative Session actions of 2013 which reduced employer costs were ruled unconstitutional by the State Supreme Court in April 2015. Substantially higher rates for most employers began July 1, 2017, and are expected to increase the City rates four rate points beginning July 1, 2019.
- The Street Fund financial forecast for many year indicated a declining fund balance even at a minimal preservation and maintenance level. To fund the department recommended maintenance cycle, and meet the City's goal of 100% good or better street rating in ten years, an additional \$430,000 is required annually. The City referred a local gas tax ballot measure to the voters, approved the measure. The new tax 3 year phase in was completed January 2018, with coming Fiscal Year 2018-2019 the first at the full rate. The new revenue has narrowed the funding gap for necessary street maintenance.
- The City entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with Multnomah County for the Multnomah County Sheriff's Office (MCSO) to provide law enforcement services in the City. This period was the third year of the new 10 year IGA and has saved the City an estimated \$2.1 million to date over the previous solo City operated department costs. Future annual cost escalation formula which includes an average of CPI and labor cost increases over the preceding year through the expiration.
- The American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) union collective bargaining agreement will be in the final year of the three year contract term.
 The AFSCME union contract provides a 3% cost of living adjustment (COLA) increase each year of the agreement.

Continuing to loom on the horizon is the growing disconnect between what the constrained property tax system in Oregon can provide, and the expected level of government services. With labor, health care, pension, and energy costs all increasing at higher than the maximum 3% annual assessed value increase, property taxes cannot sustain government service at the current levels.

Additional information about the operating issues discussed above can be found in the Letter of Transmittal under the heading, "Economic Condition and Outlook".

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The City's financial statements are designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance Director at City Hall, 219 E. Historic Columbia River Hwy, Troutdale, Oregon 97060-2078.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 10,539,243	\$ 4,688,945	\$ 15,228,188
Accounts receivable, net	859,023	603,863	1,462,886
Property taxes receivable	295,496	74,973	370,469
Prepaid expenses	8,075	-	8,075
Inventories	14,366	44,446	58,812
Restricted cash and investments	7,566,461	3,288,474	10,854,935
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	6,168,571	1,691,261	7,859,832
Depreciable, net	14,012,425	29,845,672	43,858,097
Total assets	39,463,660	40,237,634	79,701,294
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferral	792,581	293,146	1,085,727
OPEB related deferral	14,479		14,479
Total deferred outflows of resources	807,060	293,146	1,100,206
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	300,768	289,311	590,079
Accrued payroll	158,797	200,011	158,797
Deposits	5,750	10,886	16,636
Interest payable	34,578	10,000	34,578
Unearned revenue	3,500	_	3,500
Noncurrent liabilities:	3,300		0,000
Due within one year			
Current portion of long-term debt	307,259	_	307,259
Accrued compensated absences - current	30,677	14,361	45,038
Due in more than one year	30,011	14,501	45,050
Net Pension liability	1,987,751	735,195	2,722,946
Total OPEB liability	207,616	755, 195	207,616
Accrued compensated absences - long term	122,710	57,443	180,153
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	11,106,551	57,443	11,106,551
Total liabilities	14,265,957	1,107,196	15,373,153
Total habilities	14,200,907	1,107,190	15,575, 155
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferral	1,964,862	726,730	2,691,592
OPEB related deferral	9,392	=	9,392
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,974,254	726,730	2,700,984
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	8,767,186	31,536,933	40,304,119
Restricted	0,707,100	01,000,000	40,004,110
Capital Projects	9,935,370	3,288,474	13,223,844
Debt Service	1,156,042	5,200,474	1,156,042
Unrestricted	4,171,911	3,871,447	8,043,358
Total net position	\$ 24,030,509	\$ 38,696,854	\$ 62,727,363
τοται ποι μοσιτιοπ	Ψ 24,030,309	Ψ 30,030,034	Ψ 02,121,303

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenues							Net (Expense) Revenue and				
				Charges		Operating		Capital		Changes in Net Position				
				for		Frants and		rants and	(Governmental	Βι	isiness-Type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	2,344,521	\$	57,058	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,287,463)	\$	-	\$	(2,287,463)
Public safety		5,767,448		-		-		-		(5,767,448)		-		(5,767,448)
Highway and Streets		1,319,285		-		1,051,943		840,435		573,093		-		573,093
Solid waste/recycling		14,408		-		-		-		(14,408)		-		(14,408)
Community development		2,565,323		-		-		25,000		(2,540,323)		-		(2,540,323)
Interest on long-term debt		37,488		-		-		-		(37,488)		-		(37,488)
Total governmental activities		12,048,473		57,058		1,051,943		865,435		(10,074,037)		-		(10,074,037)
Business-type activities:														
Water		1,837,104		2,105,320		_		83,259		-		351,475		351,475
Sewer		3,446,285		3,087,338		_		512,880		_		153,933		153,933
Storm sewer		813,068		618,967		_		1,058,359		_		864,258		864,258
Public services		1,552,103		1,714,483				<u> </u>				162,380		162,380
Total business type activities		7,648,560		7,526,108				1,654,498		_		1,532,046		1,532,046
Total government	\$	19,697,033	\$	7,583,166	\$	1,051,943	\$	2,519,933		(10,074,037)		1,532,046		(8,541,991)
			Taxe											
				roperty taxes						5,417,849		1,115,233		6,533,082
				ranchise taxes						1,397,703		-		1,397,703
				ublic service ta						3,378,081		-		3,378,081
				rest and investr	nent ear	nings				258,228		142,071		400,299
				er revenues						4,003,205		(91,408)		3,911,797
				nsfers						(340,000)		340,000		
			Te	otal general rev	enues a	and transfers				14,115,066		1,505,896		15,620,962
				(Change	in net position				4,041,029		3,037,942		7,078,971
			Net	position - begir	ining - r	estated				19,989,480		35,658,912		55,648,392
			Net	position - endir	ıg				\$	24,030,509	\$	38,696,854	\$	62,727,363

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund accounts for the financial operations of the City which are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, state shared revenues, franchise fees and recovered expenditures. Primary expenditures in the general fund are made for police protection, community development, and general development.

Street Fund

This fund accounts for revenues from gasoline tax apportionments from the State of Oregon that are used for the repair and maintenance associated with streets.

URA Riverfront Development Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of the urban renewal agency. Primary resources are property taxes.

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Street Fund	URA Riverfront Development	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 5,402,790	\$ 3,090,701	\$ 3,017,799	\$ 6,594,414	\$ 18,105,704
Accounts receivable	553,539	273,961	-	31,523	859,023
Property taxes receivable	288,068	-	-	7,428	295,496
Prepaid items	8,075	-	-	-	8,075
Interfund loan	5,200,000	-	-	167,500	5,367,500
Inventory	608	13,758	-	-	14,366
Due from	-	-	-	1,068,685	1,068,685
Total assets	\$ 11,453,080	\$ 3,378,420	\$ 3,017,799	\$ 7,869,550	\$ 25,718,849
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 183,963	\$ 32,400	\$ 19,323	\$ 65,082	\$ 300,768
Payroll liabilities	158,797	-	-	-	158,797
Deposits	1,000	-	-	4,750	5,750
Unearned Revenue	3,500	-	-	-	3,500
Interfund loan	55,000	-	5,200,000	112,500	5,367,500
Due to	-	-	1,068,685	-	1,068,685
Total liabilities	402,260	32,400	6,288,008	182,332	6,905,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	SOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes	262,084			6,712	268,796
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	8,683	13,758	-	-	22,441
Restricted	_	3,332,262	-	7,759,150	11,091,412
Unassigned	10,780,053	-	(3,270,209)	(78,644)	7,431,200
Total fund balances	10,788,736	3,346,020	(3,270,209)	7,680,506	18,545,053
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 11,453,080	\$ 3,378,420	\$ 3,017,799	\$ 7,869,550	\$ 25,718,849
Amounts reported for governme Capital assets used in gove in the funds					20,180,996
Other long-term assets are not	available to pay for	current-period ex	penditures and there	efore are deferred	
in the funds:					
Property taxes earned but u	navailable				268,796
Accrued compensated absence	se are not due and n	avable in the cur	rent period and there	ofore are not	
reported in the funds.	s are not due and p	ayable in the curi	rent penou and there	siore are not	(153,387)
The net pension liability and the pension asset is the difference to past and current employees	between the total pe				
Net pension liability					(1,987,751)
Deferred inflows and deferred	ed outflows				(1,172,281)
Total OPEB liability					(207,616)
Deferred inflows and deferred	ed outflows				5,087
All long term liabilities are reporterm liabilities are not due and p			_	ental funds, long	
Interest payable					(34,578)
Bond payable					(11,175,000)
Capital lease payable					(5,758)
Post-closure cost care					(207,471)
Bond premium					(25,581)
Net Position of Governmental A	ctivities				\$ 24,030,509

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Street Fund	URA Riverfront Development	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,714,744	\$ 1,041,588	\$ 3,061	\$ 107,917	\$ 2,867,310
Charges for services	9,143	-	-	865,435	874,578
Property taxes	5,313,435	-	-	158,721	5,472,156
Franchise	1,202,886	-	-	194,817	1,397,703
Licenses and permits	47,915	-	-	1,694,986	1,742,901
Fines and forfeitures	235,011	-	-	-	235,011
Interest	103,466	40,698	17,597	96,467	258,228
Miscellaneous	1,603,664	385,004	-	12,074	2,000,742
Hotel/motel transient tax	724,912	-	-	-	724,912
Fuel tax	-	836,214	-	-	836,214
Solid waste tax	74,054	-	-	-	74,054
Total revenues	11,029,230	2,303,504	20,658	3,130,417	16,483,809
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	2,542,026	-	-	-	2,542,026
Public safety	5,552,528	-	-	-	5,552,528
Highway and Streets	-	1,001,291	-	-	1,001,291
Solid waste/recycling	14,297	-	-	-	14,297
Community development	1,531,366	-	191,830	651,340	2,374,536
Capital outlay	493,058	111,923	2,406,807	300,442	3,312,230
Debt service:					
Principal	-	_	-	141,518	141,518
Interest	-	-	-	41,812	41,812
Total expenditures	10,133,275	1,113,214	2,598,637	1,135,112	14,980,238
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	895,955	1,190,290	(2,577,979)	1,995,305	1,503,571
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	876	-	-	257,000	257,876
Transfers out	(597,000)	-	-	(876)	(597,876)
Issuance of debt	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,403,876			256,124	4,660,000
Net change in fund balance	5,299,831	1,190,290	(2,577,979)	2,251,429	6,163,571
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	5,488,905	2,155,730	(692,230)	5,429,077	12,381,482
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 10,788,736	\$ 3,346,020	\$ (3,270,209)	\$ 7,680,506	\$ 18,545,053

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the **Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

For the Year Ended Julie 30, 2016		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 6,163,571
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 2,960,015	
Loss on disposal	(905)	
Less current year depreciation	(722,173)	2,236,937
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds Property taxes		(54,307)
Property taxes		(54,507)
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The repayment of the principal of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		
Principal payments	403,000	
Bond premium amort	3,283	
Bond discount	17,100	
Landfill post-closure cost care	11,250	
Debt issuance proceeds	(5,000,000)	
Capital lease payments	10,194	(4,555,173)
The pension expense and the changes in deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability represents the changes in net pension liability from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan		
net position to pay pension benefits.		272,411
		,
The OPEB expense and the changes in deferred inflows and outflows related to the total OPEB liability represents the changes in the total OPEB liability from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of the OPEB plan net position to pay pension benefits.		14,868
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		,
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	(24,502)	
Accrued interest expense	(12,776)	 (37,278)
Change in net position of governmental activities The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this s	tatement.	\$ 4,041,029

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget				Va	ariance with	
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget_
REVENUES:							
Property taxes							
Current year	\$	5,083,326	\$	5,083,326	\$ 5,238,635	\$	155,309
Prior year		76,446		76,446	66,072		(10,374)
Penalties and interest		-			8,728		8,728
Intergovernmental		1,893,638		1,893,638	1,714,744		(178,894)
Charges for services		128,500		128,500	9,143		(119,357)
Franchise		1,212,385		1,212,385	1,202,886		(9,499)
Licenses and permits		42,770		42,770	47,915		5,145
Fines and forfeitures Interest		100,000 271,543		100,000	235,011		135,011
Miscellaneous		357,500		271,543	103,466 1,603,664		(168,077)
Hotel/motel transient tax				357,500	724,912		1,246,164 10,776
Solid waste tax		714,136		714,136	74,054		74,054
Solid waste tax					74,034		74,034
Total revenues		9,880,244		9,880,244	 11,029,230		1,148,986
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Legislative		36,092		36,092	14,757		21,335
Judicial		114,992		114,992	93,443		21,549
Legal		282,833		282,833	111,385		171,448
General Government		953,505		953,505	833,011		120,494
Administration		694,036		714,036	633,812		80,224
Community Services		138,883		138,883	113,702		25,181
Information Services		260,760		270,760	248,093		22,667
Finance		588,295		588,295	563,142		25,153
Police Operations		3,504,489		3,504,489	3,400,446		104,043
Solid Waste/Recycling		19,227		19,227	14,297		4,930
Fire Protection Services Public Safety Building Operations		2,152,082 119,007		2,152,082 149,007	2,152,082 129,761		19,246
Planning		371,549		421,549	412,222		9,327
Parks and Greenways		1,607,332		1,607,332	918,934		688,398
Facilities		718,725		718,725	494,188		224,537
Contingency		750,000		515,000	-94,100		515,000
					10 100 075		
Total expenditures		12,311,807		12,186,807	 10,133,275		2,053,532
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,431,563)		(2,306,563)	895,955		3,202,518
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Loan Proceeds		-		5,000,000	5,000,000		-
Transfers in		1,404,543		1,404,543	876		(1,403,667)
Transfers out		(498,000)		(5,623,000)	(5,623,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		906,543		781,543	 (622,124)		(1,403,667)
Net changes in fund balances		(1,525,020)		(1,525,020)	273,831		1,798,851
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		4,686,283		4,686,283	5,369,905		683,622
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	3,161,263	\$	3,161,263	\$ 5,643,736	\$	2,482,473
		Budget to GA Interfund I		Reconciliation transactions	5,145,000		
		GAA	P Fu	und Balance	 10,788,736		

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STREET FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget					Va	ariance with
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	inal Budget
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	940,075	\$	940,075	\$ 1,041,588	\$	101,513
Charges for services		300		300	-		(300)
Fuel Tax		360,000		360,000	836,214		476,214
Interest		5,000		5,000	40,698		35,698
Miscellaneous		5,000,700		5,000,700	385,004		(4,615,696)
							/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total revenues		6,306,075		6,306,075	 2,303,504		(4,002,571)
EXPENDITURES:							
Personnel services		173,169		173,169	157,516		15,653
Materials and services		1,306,100		1,306,100	843,775		462,325
Capital outlay		5,327,900		5,327,900	111,923		5,215,977
Contingency		500,000		500,000	 		500,000
Total expenditures		7,307,169		7,307,169	 1,113,214		6,193,955
Net changes in fund balances		(1,001,094)		(1,001,094)	1,190,290		2,191,384
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,489,865		1,489,865	 2,155,730		665,865
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	488,771	\$	488,771	\$ 3,346,020	\$	2,857,249

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds

The City of Troutdale utilizes four Proprietary Funds. These funds are used to account for acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the water, sewer, and storm sewer facilities and the cost of public works management and operating automotive and other equipment used by public works. These funds are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customer. Funds included are:

Water Sewer Storm Sewer Public Services

For budgetary purposes (see budget schedules in the Supplemental Information section), the Water, Sewer, and Storm Sewer funds are accounted in the following separate funds:

Water

Water Fund
Water Improvement Fund

Sewer

Sewer Fund
Debt Service Fund (business-type activity portion)
Sewer Improvement Fund

Storm Sewer

Storm Sewer Improvement Fund Storm Sewer Utility Fund

For generally accepted accounting principles purposes, these aforementioned funds and the Public Services Fund are consolidated and included as four Enterprise Funds.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Business	-type Activities - Enter	prise Funds		
		•	24 0	Public		
	Water	Sewer	Storm Sewer	Services	Totals	
ASSETS						
Current assets:	A 4 040 004				4 000 045	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,210,321	\$ 2,676,878	\$ 143,641	\$ 658,105	\$ 4,688,945	
Accounts receivables, net	228,222	315,032	60,609	-	603,863	
Inventories	44,446		-	-	44,446	
Property taxes receivable		74,973	-	-	74,973	
Total current assets	1,482,989	3,066,883	204,250	658,105	5,412,227	
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	146,330	756,717	2,385,427	-	3,288,474	
Capital assets not being depreciated	237,890	1,450,300	3,071	-	1,691,261	
Capital assets being depreciated, net	7,788,502	16,858,902	5,198,268		29,845,672	
Total noncurrent assets	8,172,722	19,065,919	7,586,766		34,825,407	
Total assets	9,655,711	22,132,802	7,791,016	658,105	40,237,634	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related deferral	119,430	119,430	54,286		293,146	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	229,433	26,081	7,296	26,501	289,311	
Accrued compensated absences - current	3,961	6,988	3,412	-	14,361	
Deposits	10,886	-	-	-	10,886	
Total current liabilities	244,280	33,069	10,708	26,501	314,558	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension liability	299,524	299,524	136,147	_	735,195	
Accrued compensated absences	15,843	27,951	13,649	_	57,443	
Total liabilities	559,647	360,544	160,504	26,501	1,107,196	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Net deferred pension asset	296,075	296,075	134,580		726,730	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	8,026,392	18,309,202	5,201,339	-	31,536,933	
Restricted for infrastructure expansion	146,330	756,717	2,385,427	-	3,288,474	
Unrestricted	746,697	2,529,694	(36,548)	631,604	3,871,447	
Total net position	\$ 8,919,419	\$ 21,595,613	\$ 7,550,218	\$ 631,604	\$ 38,696,854	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sewer		Storm Sewer		r Public Services			Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$ 2,105,320	\$	3,087,338	\$	618,967	\$	1,662,625	\$	7,474,250	
Licenses & permits	_				-		51,858		51,858	
Total operating revenues	2,105,320		3,087,338		618,967		1,714,483		7,526,108	
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personal services	352,394		468,194		153,962		969,101		1,943,651	
Depreciation	429,847		584,722		260,136		-		1,274,705	
Contractual services	179,675		153,212		324,316		186,557		843,760	
Utilities	445,329		582,115		1,300		43,196		1,071,940	
Repairs and maintenance	223,437		390,324		42,147		39,389		695,297	
Other operating expenses	312,812		679,646		31,207		313,860		1,337,525	
Total operating expenses	1,943,494		2,858,213		813,068		1,552,103		7,166,878	
Operating income (loss)	161,826		229,125		(194,101)		162,380		359,230	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Investment revenue	33,375		59,279		38,215		11,202		142,071	
Interest expense	_		(588,072)		-		_		(588,072)	
Miscellaneous	2,907		(94,326)		_		11		(91,408)	
Intergovernmental	106,390		-		_		_		106,390	
Property taxes	-		1,115,233		-		_		1,115,233	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	142,672		492,114		38,215		11,213		684,214	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	304,498		721,239		(155,886)		173,593		1,043,444	
Capital Contributions	83,259		512,880		1,058,359		-		1,654,498	
Transfers In	-		534,632		165,000		-		699,632	
Transfers Out	 		(359,632)						(359,632)	
Total	83,259		687,880		1,223,359				1,994,498	
Increase (decrease) in net position	387,757		1,409,119		1,067,473		173,593		3,037,942	
Net position - beginning	 8,531,662		20,186,494		6,482,745		458,011		35,658,912	
Net position - ending	\$ 8,919,419	\$	21,595,613	\$	7,550,218	\$	631,604	\$	38,696,854	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Public Water Services Total Sewer Storm Sewer CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers 2,082,092 3,096,957 598,809 \$ 1,714,483 7,492,341 Payments to employees (2,038,319)(389,344)(511,887)(167,987)(969,101)Payments to suppliers (981,712)(1,802,157)(412,692)(575,499)(3,772,060)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 711,036 782,913 18,130 169,883 1,681,962 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contribution 83,259 512,880 1,058,359 1,654,498 Purchases of capital assets 47,445 (803,562)(620, 268)(1,376,385)Property taxes 1,115,233 1,115,233 Principal paid on capital debt (1,220,853)(1,220,853)Interest paid on capital debt (592, 132)(592, 132)Intergovernmental 109,297 (94,326)14,971 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (427,712)(231,753)254,797 (404,668)CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES **Transfers** 175,000 165,000 340,000 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 33,375 59,279 38,215 11,213 142,082 Net increase in cash 785,439 181,096 and cash equivalents 316,699 476,142 1,759,376 477,009 Balances - beginning of the year 1,039,952 2,648,156 2,052,926 6,218,043 Balances - end of the year 1,356,651 3,433,595 \$ 2,529,068 658,105 7,977,419 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 161,826 Operating Income 229.125 (194,101)162,380 359,230 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation expense 429,847 584,722 260,136 1,274,705 Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable (32,228)9.619 (20, 158)(42.767)Inventories 4,197 4,197 7,503 Accounts payable 175,344 3.140 (13,722)172,265 (2,644)Accrued compensated absences 4,099 4,633 6,088 Pension related accounts (41,049)(41,049)(18,658)(100,756)Deposits 9,000 9,000 Net cash provided by operating activities 711,036 782,913 \$ 18,130 169,883 1,681,962

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements require the application of all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Troutdale, Oregon is a municipal corporation, incorporated on October 2, 1907. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government as amended by the voters in 2010. The governing body consists of six elected council members and a mayor. The mayor and council members are each elected to serve a four-year term. All are part-time elected officials who exercise the legislative powers of the City and determine matters of policy. The City Manager, a full-time appointed official, administers policies and coordinates the activities of the City. The heads of the various departments, formed to provide services, are under the direct supervision of the City Manager.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements present the City of Troutdale (the primary government) and all component units, if any. Component units, as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, 39, 61, are separate organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The Urban Renewal Agency (Agency) of the City of Troutdale was created by City Council Ordinance pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 457.035 in January of 2006. The Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan (Plan) obtained voter approval in May 2006, and the Plan was assigned to the Agency to implement. The Agency is a legally separate entity which is governed by a board comprised of the members of the City Council as stipulated by the Agency's bylaws, and operational management of the Agency's activities is performed by City Management. The City Council has the ability to impose its will on the Agency as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxation authority, and funding for the Agency. The Plan duration was originally approved for 10 years, which was extended an additional 10 years, with the up to a total of \$7 million in principal indebtedness limit unchanged. The Agency is presented as a blended component unit within the governmental funds.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

June 30, 2018

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*.

The *Statement of Activities* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and detailed in the supplementary information.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include charges between the business-type activities/enterprise funds and the General Fund. Charges are allocated as reimbursement for services provided by the General Fund in support of those functions based on levels or service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

There are stated minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and proprietary combined) for the determination of major funds. Non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements titled "Other Governmental" and detailed in the combining section.

There are the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial operations, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, licenses and permits, state and county shared revenues, franchise fees and charges for administrative services from other funds. Primary expenditures in the general fund are made for public safety (police and fire), community development, and general government.

Street Fund

This fund accounts for the State of Oregon gasoline taxes. The state gasoline taxes are restricted for expenditures under Article XI, Section 3 of the Oregon Constitution for construction, maintenance and repair of streets, roads and bike and foot paths.

June 30, 2018

URA Riverfront Development Fund

This fund accounts for the general operations of the urban renewal agency. Primary resources are property taxes.

Additionally, there are the following non-major funds within the governmental fund type.

• Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenues from specific taxes or ear-marked revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for the accumulation of resources and payment of bond principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for revenues derived from specific tax or other ear-marked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

Each of the four proprietary funds are presented as major funds. Three funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of water, sewer, and storm sewer facilities and are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers. Additionally, the Public Services Fund is used to account for the public works management function and the cost of operating automotive and other equipment used by the public works department. The fund's financing sources for the public works management and equipment maintenance activities are billings to the benefiting public works funds. The activities in this fund directly support the operations of the three other proprietary funds. The following proprietary funds are reported:

Water Fund

Water Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)
Water Improvement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Sewer Fund

Sewer Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)
Sewer Improvement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)
Debt Service Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only – portion related to Sewer Bonds)

Storm Sewer Fund

Storm Sewer Utility Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)
Storm Sewer Improvement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Public Services Fund

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe *which* transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to *when* transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are presented on a *full accrual* basis of accounting with an *economic resource* measurement focus. An economic resource focus concentrates on an entity or fund's net position. All transactions and events that affect the total economic resources (net position) during the period are reported. An economic resources measurement focus is inextricably connected with full accrual accounting. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented on a *modified accrual* basis of accounting with a *current financial resource* measurement focus. This measurement focus concentrates on the fund's resources available for spending currently or in the near future. Only transactions and events affecting the fund's current financial resources during the period are reported. Similar to the connection between an economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting, a current financial resources measurement focus is inseparable from a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. *Measurable* means the amount of the transaction can be determined and revenues are considered *available* when they are collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual are property taxes, state, county and local shared revenues taxes and fees, franchise fees, intergovernmental grants, and investment income.

A unavailable revenue liability arises on the balance sheets of the governmental funds when potential revenue does not meet both the *measurable* and *available* criteria for recognition in the current period. This *unavailable* revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to finance operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the liability created on the balance sheets of the governmental funds for unavailable revenue is eliminated. Note that unavailable revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and basis of accounting, such as when resources are received before there is legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long term portions of debt and compensated absences must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's Water, Sewer, Storm Sewer, and Public Services Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water, Sewer, and Storm Sewer Funds also recognize System Development Charges (SDC) fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overhead charges, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies and Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based up on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

Level 2 – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

Level 3 – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Recorded property taxes receivable that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as an unavailable revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary by management, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessments are recognized as receivables at the time the property owners are assessed for property improvement. These receivables are offset by unavailable revenue and, accordingly, have not been recognized as revenue.

In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes and assessment receivables are recognized as revenue when earned.

Receivables of the proprietary funds are recognized as revenue when earned, including services provided but not billed.

Supply Inventories and Prepaid items

Inventories of materials and supplies in all funds are stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and charged to expenses as used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Cash and investments which may only be used for construction of capital assets or debt service principal and interest payments in accordance with applicable laws and regulations have been reported as restricted cash and investments on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position.

Capital Assets

Capital assets — which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g., streets, sidewalks, and similar items) — are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements.

Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 20
Utility systems and infrastructure	20 - 40
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5 – 15

Capital assets include contribution of capital assets from outside developers. Revenue from these capital contributions is reflected in general revenues on the statement of activities.

Accrued Compensated Absences and Sick Pay

Accumulated vested vacation and comp-time pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, only the portion in connection with terminated employees is reported. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. In business-type/enterprise funds, both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded.

Sick pay, which does not vest, is recognized in all funds when leave is taken.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financing uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. Pursuant to the Fund Balance Policy adopted by the City Council Resolution 2110, the City Manager and the Finance Director have been given authority to assign fund balances.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General
 Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report
 any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. A deferred outflow is reported on the Statement of Net Position for the pension deferral and OPEB deferral.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Additionally, another items reported on the Statement of Net Position are as follows – pension related deferral and OPEB related deferral.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 – Local Budgets Law). The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

Each April or May, the City Manager submits a proposed budget to the Budget Committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of citizens of the City). All funds are required to be budgeted for except the fiduciary fund. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Interfund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object.

The Budget Committee conducts public hearings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments, and then approves a budget which is then submitted to the City Council for final adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by Council without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the Council adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The City Council legally adopted the budget by resolution before July 1. The resolution establishes appropriations for each fund and expenditures cannot legally exceed these appropriations. The level of control established by the resolution is by department for the General Fund and by object class for all other funds. Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the legal level of control which is the department level in the General Fund and the following levels for all other funds: Personal Services, Materials and Services, Capital Outlay, Interfund Transactions, Debt Service, and Operating Contingency. Appropriations lapse as of year-end.

The City Council may change the budget throughout the year by transferring appropriations between levels of control and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in

newspapers and approval by the City Council. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted, and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control within a fund.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investment balances are maintained in a common pooled account. Investment income is allocated monthly based on each fund's average cash balance.

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2018:

Cash and investments	\$	15,228,188
Restricted assets - cash and investments		10,854,935
	<u>\$</u>	26,083,123
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	211,575
Petty cash		950
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool		25,870,598
	\$	26,083,123

DEPOSITS

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. At year-end, the total bank balance per the bank statements is \$473,516. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. There is no deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At various times during the fiscal year, bank balances exceeded the FDIC limit but the excess funds were covered by collateral pledged by qualified depositories. These depositories are qualified by the Oregon State Treasurer's office.

INVESTMENTS

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the

types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. Pool funds are available next day via ACH withdrawals and same day wire transfer withdrawals are limited to \$1.5 million. The audited financial reports of the Oregon Short Term Fund can be found here: http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx If the link has expired please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly.

As of June 30, 2018, there were the following investments:

Investment type	Maturities	Fair value
Oregon State Treasury's Local		
Government Investment Pool	Avg 0 – 6 months	\$25,870,598

Interest Rate Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. Declines in fair values are managed by limiting the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to levels required by State statute.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize investment primarily in general obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers and the Oregon State Treasury's Local Government Investment Pool. The Oregon State Treasury's Local Government Investment Pool is not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2018, 100% of total investments were in the Oregon State Treasury's Local Government Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investment in the Pool.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2018 for the major and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate are as follows:

			Total	
	General	Street	Non-major	Total
Property taxes Accounts	\$ 288,068 553,539	\$ - 273,961	\$ 7,428 31,523	\$ 295,496 859,023
	\$ 841,607	\$ 273,961	\$ 38,951	\$ 1,154,519

There is no allowance for uncollectible accounts deemed necessary by management.

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also delay recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of the end of the fiscal year, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property Taxes	\$ 268,796
Other items	 3,500
Total	\$ 272,296

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		 Ending Balance
Governmental Activities							
Non-depreciable							
Land	\$	3,461,425	\$	2,406,807	\$	(905)	\$ 5,867,327
Intangibles		45,942		-		-	45,942
Construction in progress		550,001		255,301		(550,000)	255,302
Total non-depreciable		4,057,368		2,662,108		(550,905)	6,168,571
Depreciable							
Buildings and improvements		10,799,121		-		-	10,799,121
Land improvements		4,768,125		90,205		-	4,858,330
Equipment		1,458,953		156,816		(168,120)	1,447,649
Infrastructure		24,587,669		600,886			 25,188,555
Total depreciable		41,613,868		847,907		(168,120)	42,293,655
Accumulated depreciation				_		_	_
Buildings and improvements		(2,936,457)		(176,036)		-	(3,112,493)
Land improvements		(3,466,418)		(92,848)		-	(3,559,266)
Equipment		(1,145,687)		(144,044)		168,120	(1,121,611)
Infrastructure		(20,178,615)		(309,245)			(20,487,860)
Total accumulated depreciation		(27,727,177)		(722,173)		168,120	(28,281,230)
Depreciable, net		13,886,691		125,734		-	14,012,425
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$	17,944,059	\$	2,787,842	\$	(550,905)	\$ 20,180,996

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 68,001
Public safety	171,680
Highways and streets	310,197
Community development	 172,295
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 722,173

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	<u> </u>		Decreases	Ending Balance		
Business-type Activities							
Non-depreciable							
Land	\$ 1,751,742	\$	-	\$	(104,770)	\$	1,646,972
Intangibles	30,788		-		-		30,788
Construction in progress	-		13,501		-		13,501
Total non-depreciable	1,782,530		13,501		(104,770)		1,691,261
Depreciable							
Buildings and improvements	2,331,719		=		_		2,331,719
Land improvements	369,982		_		_		369,982
Equipment	1,101,556		89,973		(32,189)		1,159,340
Infrastructure	56,214,782		1,377,681		-		57,592,463
Total depreciable	60,018,039		1,467,654		(32,189)		61,453,504
Accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and improvements	(905,749)		(48,423)		-		(954, 172)
Land improvements	(314, 134)		(11,369)		-		(325,503)
Equipment	(982,069)		(28,999)		32,189		(978,879)
Infrastructure	(28, 163, 364)		(1,185,914)		-		(29,349,278)
Total accumulated depreciation	(30,365,316)		(1,274,705)		32,189		(31,607,832)
Depreciable, net	29,652,723		192,949		-		29,845,672
Business-type activities							
capital assets, net	\$ 31,435,253	\$	206,450	\$	(104,770)	\$	31,536,933

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$ 429,847
Sewer	584,722
Storm Sewer	 260,136
Total depreciation business-type activities	\$ 1,274,705

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported as net transfers in the Statement of Activities. Net transfers in the Statement of Activities are reported as zero for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Transfers between funds provide support for various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers are used to pay administrative services, provide funds for debt service, contribute toward the cost of capital projects, and provide operational resources.

The transfers for business type activities are presented in the budgetary funds and not in the proprietary funds as for generally accepted accounting principals purposes, these funds are consolidated.

Interfund receivables and payables are used to fund current operations and long term projects.

The interfund activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

ALL ACTIVITIES	TR	ANSFERS FROM	TR	ANSFERS TO
GENERAL FUND NONMAJOR FUNDS SEWER FUND STORM SEWER FUND	\$	876 257,000 534,632 165,000	\$	597,000 876 359,632
TOTAL INTERFUND TRANSFERS	\$	957,508	\$	957,508
		RFUND LOAN CEIVABLE		RFUND LOAN PAYABLE
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GENERAL FUND URA RIVERFRONT DEVELOPMENT NONMAJOR FUNDS	\$	5,200,000 - 167,500	\$	55,000 5,200,000 112,500
	\$	5,367,500	\$	5,367,500

LONG-TERM DEBT

There are a variety of debt types for the purpose of carrying out capital financing activities. The various types of debt are discussed below. Outstanding debt amounts are as of June 30, 2018.

The following table presents current year changes in long-term debt outstanding, along with the current portions due for each issue.

	E	Beginning					Dι	ıe in One
		Balance	 Increase	 Decrease	En	ding Balance		Year
Governmental Activities								
Parks and Facilities Loan	\$	138,000	\$ -	\$ (138,000)	\$	-	\$	-
G.O. Bonds		6,440,000	-	(265,000)		6,175,000		290,000
Full Faith and Credit Obligations		-	5,000,000	-		5,000,000		-
Capital Leases		15,952	-	(10,194)		5,758		5,758
Landfill post-closure care		218,721	-	(11,250)		207,471		11,501
Deferred Amounts:								
Bond Premium		45,964	-	(3,283)		42,681		-
Bond Discount		-	 (17,100)	 -		(17,100)		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,858,637	\$ 4,982,900	\$ (427,727)	\$	11,413,810	\$	307,259
Business-type Activities								
Refunding, 2008	\$	1,235,000	\$ -	\$ (1,235,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Deferred Amounts:								
Bond Premium		(26,733)	-	26,733		-		-
Bond Discount		12,586	-	(12,586)	_			
Total Business-type Activities	\$	1,220,853	\$ -	\$ (1,220,853)	\$		\$	

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds were issued in February of 2011 in the amount of \$7,540,000 for the construction of a new police station. These twenty (20) year term bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% and the final maturity due in 2031. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$6,175,000. Principal and interest is payable from property tax revenues.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds for governmental type activities are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest
2019	\$ 290,000	\$ 253,698
2020	315,000	242,098
2021	340,000	229,498
2022	370,000	215,898
2023	400,000	201,098
2024-2028	2,495,000	739,355
2029-2033	 1,965,000	 172,646
Totals	\$ 6,175,000	\$ 2,054,291

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds

Full faith and credit obligation bonds were issued in March of 2018 in the amount of \$5,000,000 to finance projects for the Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan. These ten (10) year term bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 3.15% to 3.59% and the final maturity due in 2028. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$5,000,000. Principal and interest is payable from general government revenue. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for full faith and credit obligation bonds for governmental type activities are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal		Interest
2019	\$ 		\$ 167,000
2020	-		167,000
2021	-		167,000
2022	-		167,000
2023	-		167,000
2024-2028	5,000,000		512,000
Totals	\$ 5,000,000		\$ 1,347,000
		_	

Capital leases

Three capital leases have been entered into for several copiers. The cost of the equipment was capitalized for \$50,976. The leases are for a period of 60 months and yearly payments are required ranging from \$1,125 to \$3,436. The current year lease expense was \$5,758. The following is a schedule of future lease payments at June 30:

Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	I	nterest
2018		5,758		-
Totals	\$	5,758	\$	-

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in accrued compensated absences are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within one year
Governmental Business Type	\$ 128,885 65,716	\$ 196,972 79,599	\$ (172,470) (73,511)	\$ 153,387 71,804	\$ 30,677 14,361
Total	\$ 194,601	\$ 276,571	\$ (245,981)	\$ 225,191	\$ 45,038

The General Fund has been charged with the costs to liquidate the liability for the compensated absence for the governmental funds.

RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balances of the restricted cash and investment accounts are as follows:

	Governmental		Bus	iness-Type
Street	\$	3,090,701	\$	-
Project Fund		53,076		-
Street Tree		42,690		-
Code Specialties		1,928,781		-
Sam Cox Building		38,606		-
Community Enhancement Fund		19,591		-
Bike Paths and Trails		11,431		-
Debt service reserves:				
FF & C Debt Service		85,929		
System Development Charges:				
Water SDC		-		146,330
Sewer SDC		-		756,717
Street SDC		998,857		-
Storm SDC		-		2,385,427
Parks SDC		1,296,799		
Total restricted assets	\$	7,566,461	\$	3,288,474

4. OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of City-County Insurance Services (CCIS), a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. An annual premium is paid to CCIS for its insurance coverage. Based on the experience and the pool, there may be liability for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. There has never been the requirement to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy. Commercial insurance is carried for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Management intends to vigorously contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

During 1979 and 1980 sewer hookup reservations were sold as a means of financing the expansion of the wastewater treatment plant. Amounts received from property owners are nontransferable and nonrefundable. Deposits are applied to the sewer system development charge at the time of hookup.

Federal grants are subject to audit by the grantor agency and any adjustments may become a liability of the appropriate fund. Management believes that adjustments, if any, will not materially affect the financial position.

PENSION PLAN - OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/documents/financials/CAFR/2017-CAFR.pdf

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238)**. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
 - A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided on or more of the following contributions are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered iob, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
 - iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service

time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

- iv. Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.
- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
 - i. **Pension Benefits**. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
 - Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been
 - *General service*: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.
 - A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.
 - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
 - iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
 - iv. **Benefit Changes After Retirement.** Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2017. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$324,308, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition approximately \$69,901 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the City in fiscal 2018. At June 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension liability of \$2,722,946 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of

December 31, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was .02 percent. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$373,167.

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2018 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 14.74%
- (2) OPSRP general services 8.02%

	Deferred Outflow	De	ferred Inflow
	of Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual expe	\$ 131,683	\$	-
Changes in assumptions	496,345		-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	28,053		-
Net changes in proportionate share	40,698		2,449,487
Differences between City contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	64,640		242,105
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)	761,419		2,691,592
City contributions subsequent to measuring da	ate 324,308		
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$ 1,085,727	\$	2,691,592

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount		
2019	\$	(512,603)	
2020		(287,590)	
2021		(381,795)	
2022		(600,697)	
2023		(147,488)	
Thereafter		-	
Total	\$	(1,930,173)	

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated February 16, 2018. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/documents/financials/CAFR/2017-CAFR.pdf

<u>Actuarial Valuations</u> – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the

amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2017
Experience Study Report	2014, Published September 23, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP
Amortization method	pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent
Projected salary increase	3.5 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/.15%) in accordance with Moro
Adjustment	decision, blend based on service.
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, with collar adjustments and set-
	backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Mortality rates are a
	percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the
	valuation. Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males and
	95% for females) of the RP-2000 sex-distinct, generational per scale BB, disabled
Mortality	mortality table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2015 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2015.

Assumed Asset Allocation:

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Equity	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total			100%

(Source: June 30, 2017 PERS CAFR; p. 92)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target	Compound Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	4.00%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.61%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.42%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.20%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.70%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.99%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	7.01%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.73%
Emerging Market Equities	4.12%	7.25%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.22%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.97%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.84%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.69%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.64%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	6.72%
Timber	1.88%	5.85%
Farmland	1.88%	6.37%
Infrastructure	3.75%	7.13%
Commodities	1.88%	4.58%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

(Source: June 30, 2017 PERS CAFR; p. 69)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-perentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1%		Discount		1%	
		Decrease		Rate		Increase
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
City's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	4,640,400	\$	2,722,946	\$	1,119,602

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

At its July 28, 2017 meeting, the PERS Board lowered the assumed rate to 7.2 percent. For member transactions, this rate will take effect January 1, 2018. The current assumed rate is 7.5 percent and has been in effect for member transactions since January 1, 2016.

Deferred Compensation Plan

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation, or retirement. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the City.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description:

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions:

Employees of the City pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. The City did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Retirement Health Insurance Account

Plan Description:

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy:

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating cities are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the City currently contributes 0.50% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.43% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2019. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2018 were \$14,293, \$14,560, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2018, the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows were not considered significant by management and were not accrued on the government wide statements.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) GASB 75

Plan Description: The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. All classes of employee are eligible to continue coverage upon retirement. Qualified spouses, domestic partners, and children may qualify for coverage. Coverage for retirees and eligible dependents continues until Medicare eligibility for each individual (or until dependent children become ineligible).

Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements. The post-retirement healthcare plan is established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the City's implicit employer contribution. The City did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan

Funding Policy: The benefits from this program are paid by the City on a self-pay basis and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is not obligation on the part of the City to fund these benefits in advance.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The City engaged an actuary to perform an evaluation as of June 30, 2018 using entry age normal, level percent of salary Actuarial Cost Method. The Single Employer Pension Plan liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods including the measurement:

Discount Rate per year	3.58%
General Inflation Rate per year	2.50%
Salary Scale per year	3.50%

Health Care Cost Trends:

Year	Trend	Year	Trend
2017	7.5 %	2036-2040	6.00 %
2018	6.00	2041-2043	5.75
2019	5.5	2044-2052	5.50
2020-2025	5.25	2053-2063	5.25
2026	5	2064+	5.00
2027-2029	5.25		
2030	5.75		
2031-2035	6.25		

Mortality rates were based on rates adopted by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) for its December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation of retirement benefits.

Turnover rates were based on percentages developed for the valuation of benefits under Oregon PERS and vary by years of service.

Disability rates were not used.

Retirement rates were based on Oregon PERS assumptions. Annual rates are based on age, Tier / OPSRP, and duration of service.

The projection of benefits for financial reporting purpose does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Changes in Medical Benefit OPEB Liability:

Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 217,397
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	13,287
Interest	6,317
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	(11,198)
Benefit Payments	(18,187)
Net Changes for the Year	(9,781)
Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2018	\$ 207,616

Sensitivity of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability to Changes in Discount and Trend Rates: The following presents the net other post-employment benefit liability (NOL), calculated using the discount rate of 3.58 percent, as well as what the liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage-point lower (2.58 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.58 percent) than the current rate:

June 30, 2018	1%		Current	1%		
	 ecrease	Disc	count Rate	 Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 222,903	\$	207.616	\$ 193.482		

The following presents the net other post-employment benefit liability (NOL), calculated using trend rate of 6.5 percent graded down to 5.0 percent, as well as what the liability would be if it was calculated using a trend rate 1-percentage-point lower (5.5 percent graded down to 4.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5 percent graded down to 6.0 percent) than the current rate:

June 30, 2018		1%		Current	1%		
	D	Decrease Tr		Trend Rate		Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	188,777	\$	207,616	\$	229,688	

	Defer	eterred Outflow Deterred Inflo		
	of F	Resources	of R	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		(9,392)		-
Benefit Payments				14,479
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	(9,392)	\$	14,479

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount
2019	\$ (1,806)
2020	(1,806)
2021	(1,806)
2022	(1,806)
2023	(1,806)
Thereafter	(362)
Total	\$ (9,392)

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Two deferred compensation trust plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The trusts hold the assets for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Plan assets are not the property of the City, or subject to the claims of the City's general creditors.

PROPERTY TAX LIMITATION

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for governmental operations. Under the limitation, tax revenue is separated into those for public schools and those for local governments other than public schools. The limitation specifies a maximum rate for all local government operations of \$10.00 per \$1,000 of real market value, while schools are similarly limited to a \$5.00 maximum rate. Local government taxes in the City currently do not exceed the \$10.00 rate limit; however, this limitation may affect the availability of future tax revenues.

In May 1997, voters approved Measure 50 which rolled back assessed values to 90% of 1995-96 and limits future increases of taxable assessed values to 3% per year, exclusive of new construction and property that is improved, rezoned, subdivided, or ceases to qualify for exemption. Tax rates are now fixed and not subject to change. Voters may approve local initiatives above the fixed rate provided a majority approves at either (i) a general election in an even numbered year, or (ii) at any other election in which at least 50% of registered voters cast a ballot.

POST-CLOSURE LANDFILL CARE

The Sunrise Park (Obrist) Landfill previous Solid Waste Disposal Site Closure Permit Number 1193 expired in April 2009. The facility is permitted as a Closed Construction and Demolition Landfill. The landfill closure permit was renewed by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) on December 21, 2012 based upon a Land Use Compatibility Statement May 14, 1998 and a Solid Waste Disposal Site Closure Permit renewal application of November 17, 2008, and an Environmental Monitoring Plan approved by DEQ on March 15, 2011.

The City has had a previously unrecorded a liability for the estimated costs of landfill postclosure care. As part of the above renewal application with DEQ the City is providing a financial assurance plan beginning with the 2012-2013 fiscal year and for each subsequent year to comply with State and federal laws and regulations which require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure.

The City has evaluated the liability by examining the estimated costs needed to perform the postclosure care over the remaining life determined the year ended June 30, 2018 estimated liability of \$207,471. The estimated future costs to maintain and monitor the landfill may change due to one or more of the following factors of inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes to applicable laws or regulations. The City believes this long term liability has been, and will remain, immaterial in light of the City's overall financial condition.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

5. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

There is a deficit fund balance in the following fund:

URA Riverfront Development Fund - \$3,270,209 Sam Cox Building - \$78,644

The deficit fund balances are the result of budgetary to GAAP accounting differences for Interfund Loans.

6. FUND BALANCE CONSTRAINTS

The specific purposes for each of the categories of fund balance as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

5 ID.	_		•		A Riverfront	Nonmajor		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:	G	eneral Fund		treet Fund	 evelopment	Funds		Total
Prepaid items	\$	8,075	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	8,075
Inventory		608		13,758	-	-		14,366
Total		8,683		13,758	-	 -		22,441
Restricted:								
Captial projects		-		-	-	6,603,108		6,603,108
Debt service		-		-	-	1,156,042		1,156,042
Street maintenance		-		3,332,262	-	-		3,332,262
Total		-		3,332,262	-	7,759,150		11,091,412
Unassigned:	_	10,780,053			 (3,270,209)	 (78,644)		7,431,200
Total Fund Balances	\$	10,788,736	\$	3,346,020	\$ (3,270,209)	\$ 7,680,506	\$	18,545,053

7. TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

As of June 30, 2018, the City offers tax abatements as a sponsor of the Columbia Cascade Enterprise Zone, ORS Chapter 285C, which would reduce the City's property tax revenue. For the current reporting period there were no companies receiving tax abatements, however projects currently in process are expected to result in tax abatements in future reporting periods.

In addition, there were tax abatement programs provided by the State of Oregon which also reduced the City's property tax revenues.

Special Assessment of Historic Property, ORS 358.487 to 358.543. To support historic building
preservation the program specially assesses a property's assessed value for 10 years through
the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) approval. City property tax revenues were
reduced by \$15,939 by the program during the current reporting period.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Alternative Energy Systems, ORS 307.175. To encourage alternative energy production this
abatement exempts the additional taxable value of equipping a property with net metering or
with alternative systems for onsite electricity or climate control as compared to a conventional
system until 2023. City property taxes were reduced by \$3,758 by the program during the
current reporting period.

8. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The City implemented GASB #75, Formerly GASB #45, for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) which resulted in a restatement of beginning net position for 2017-18 in the amount of (\$217,397).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	propo of th	(b) Employer's ortionate share ne net pension ability (NPL)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		
2008	0.0202 %	\$	2,722,947	\$ 3,061,346	0.9 %	83.1 %		
2017	0.0532		7,989,157	2,896,024	2.8	80.5		
2016	0.0580		3,351,769	4,718,429	0.7	91.9		
2015	0.0540		(1,224,762)	4,771,980	(26.0)	103.6		
2014	0.0540		2,757,356	3,534,062	57.8	92.0		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	1	Statutorily required ontribution	rela statut	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)	 Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2018	\$	324,308	\$	324,308	\$	-	\$ 3,328,387	10%
2017		292,159		292,159		-	3,061,346	10%
2016		296,606		296,606		-	2,896,024	10%
2015		414,661		414,661		-	4,718,429	8.8
2014		416,388		416,388		-	4,771,980	8.7

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2017		\$ 217,397
Changes for the year: Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions or Other Input Benefit Payments	\$ 13,287 6,317 - (11,198) (18,187)	
Net Changes for the Year		(9,781)
Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2018	:	\$ 207,616
Covered Payroll		3,328,387
Total OPEB Plan as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		6.24%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full year trend has been compiled, information is presented for the years for which the required supplementary schedule information is available. The City implemented GASB 75 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON URA RIVERFRONT DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			unts	Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	Amounts	F	inal Budget	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental grant Interest _	\$	2,050,000	\$	2,050,000	\$ 3,061 17,597	\$	(2,046,939) 17,597	
Total revenues		2,050,000		2,050,000	 20,658		(2,029,342)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and services		700,000		700,000	191,830		508,170	
Capital outlay		1,550,000		6,550,000	2,406,807		4,143,193	
Contingency		1,754,882		1,754,882	 		1,754,882	
Total expenditures		4,004,882		9,004,882	2,598,637		6,406,245	
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(1,954,882)		(6,954,882)	(2,577,979)		4,376,903	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Interfund Loan Proceeds	,-	_		5,000,000	5,000,000		_	
Land Sale Proceeds		1,500,000		1,500,000			(1,500,000)	
Total other financing sources								
(uses)		1,500,000		6,500,000	5,000,000		(1,500,000)	
(3333)_		.,000,000		3,000,000	 3,000,000		(:,000,000)	
Net changes in fund balances		(454,882)		(454,882)	2,422,021		2,876,903	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		454,882		454,882	407,770		(47,112)	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$	_	\$ 2,829,791	\$	2,829,791	
		Budget to G	ΔΔΡ Ε	Reconciliation				
	Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Interfund loan transactions			(6,100,000)				
	GAAP Fund Balance			\$ (3,270,209)				

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds			Total
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	2,041,099	\$	85,929	\$	4,467,386	\$	6,594,414
Accounts receivable		30,811		712		-		31,523
Property taxes receivable		-		7,428		-		7,428
Interfund loan receivable Due from		-		1 060 605		167,500		167,500
Total assets	Φ	2,071,910	\$	1,068,685 1,162,754	\$	4,634,886	\$	1,068,685 7,869,550
Total assets	\$	2,071,910	Φ	1,102,734	<u>Φ</u>	4,034,000	Φ	7,609,550
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	64,565	\$	-	\$	517	\$	65,082
Deposits payable		4,750		-		-		4,750
Interfund loan		112,500						112,500
Total liabilities		181,815				517		182,332
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				0.740				0.740
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes				6,712				6,712
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		1,968,739		1,156,042		4,634,369		7,759,150
Unassigned		(78,644)		-		-		(78,644)
Total fund balances		1,890,095		1,156,042		4,634,369		7,680,506
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	_	0.074.040		4 400 75 (4.004.000		7 000 550
and fund balances	\$	2,071,910	\$	1,162,754	\$	4,634,886	\$	7,869,550

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	Stı	eet Tree Fund	 ke Paths & Trails Fund	Sp	Code ecialties Fund	Bui	n Cox Iding und	En	omm. nhance. Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Total assets	\$	42,690	\$ 11,431 991 12,422		,928,781 3,789 ,932,570	\$ 38	3,606 - 3,606	\$	19,591 26,031 45,622		2,041,099 30,811 2,071,910
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deposits payable Interfund loan	\$	2,260 - -	\$ - - -	\$	62,305 - -	\$ 112	- 4,750 2,500	\$	- - -	\$	64,565 4,750 112,500
Total liabilities FUND BALANCES Restricted Unassigned Total fund balances	_	2,260 40,430 - 40,430	12,422		,870,265 ,870,265	(78	7,250 - 3,644) 3,644)		45,622 - 45,622		181,815 1,968,739 (78,644) 1,890,095
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	42,690	\$ 12,422	\$ 1	,932,570	\$ 3	3,606	\$	45,622	\$ 2	2,071,910

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	COP Debt Service Fund		URA Debt Service Fund		FF&C Debt Service Fund			Total
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,929	\$	85,929
Property taxes receivable		-		7,428		-		7,428
Accounts receivable		_		712		-		712
Due from				1,068,685				1,068,685
Total assets	\$	_	\$	1,076,825	\$	85,929	\$	1,162,754
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE			•	0.740	•		•	0.740
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes	_\$		<u>\$</u>	6,712	\$			6,712
Total deferred inflows of resouces				6,712				6,712
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted				1,070,113		85,929		1,156,042
Total fund balances				1,070,113		85,929		1,156,042
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$	1,076,825	\$	85,929	\$	1,162,754

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	lmp	Street provement Fund	lm	Parks provement Fund	Utilities Undergroun ding Fund	Red	P Site evelop t Fund	Project Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash and investments Interfund loan receivable Total assets	\$	998,857 - 998,857	\$	1,296,799 167,500 1,464,299	\$ 2,118,654 - \$ 2,118,654	\$ 	- -	\$ 	53,076 - 53,076	\$ 4,467,386 167,500
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$		\$	517 517	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ 4,634,886 517 517
FUND BALANCES Restricted Total fund balances		998,857 998,857	_	1,463,782 1,463,782	2,118,654 2,118,654		<u>-</u>		53,076 53,076	4,634,369 4,634,369
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	998,857	\$	1,464,299	\$ 2,118,654	\$		\$	53,076	\$ 4,634,886

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	Total Nonmajor Total Nonmajor Total Nonmajor Special Debt Service Capital Projects Revenue Funds Funds Funds		Total		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	107,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 107,917
Charges for services		-	-	865,435	865,435
Property taxes		-	158,721	-	158,721
Franchise		-	-	194,817	194,817
Licenses and permits		1,694,986	-	-	1,694,986
Interest		21,147	1,050	74,270	96,467
Miscellaneous		12,074			12,074
Total revenues		1,836,124	 159,771	 1,134,522	 3,130,417
EXPENDITURES					
Community development		675,663	-	297	675,960
Capital outlay		822	_	275,000	275,822
Debt service:					
Principal		-	141,518	-	141,518
Interest		-	41,812	-	41,812
Total expenditures		676,485	183,330	275,297	1,135,112
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		1,159,639	(23,559)	859,225	1,995,305
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		_	257,000	_	257,000
Transfers out		-	(843)	(33)	(876)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	256,157	(33)	256,124
Net changes in fund balances		1,159,639	232,598	859,192	2,251,429
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		730,456	 923,444	 3,775,177	5,429,077
FUND BALANCES, ENDING		1,890,095	\$ 1,156,042	\$ 4,634,369	\$ 7,680,506

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	Street Tree Fund	Bike Paths & Trails Fund	Code Specialties Fund	Sam Cox Building Fund	Comm. Enhance. Fund	Total
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 10,355	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 97,562	\$ 107,917
Licenses, permits, and fees	-	-	1,672,489	22,497	-	1,694,986
Miscellaneous	-	-	12,074	-	-	12,074
Interest	752	70	19,948	-	377	21,147
Total revenues	752	10,425	1,704,511	22,497	97,939	1,836,124
EXPENDITURES Community development Capital outlay	7,501 -	- 822	494,760	28,030	145,372 -	675,663 822
Total expenditures	7,501	822	494,760	28,030	145,372	676,485
Net changes in fund balances	(6,749)	9,603	1,209,751	(5,533)	(47,433)	1,159,639
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	47,179	2,819	660,514	(73,111)	93,055	730,456
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 40,430	\$ 12,422	\$1,870,265	\$ (78,644)	\$ 45,622	\$1,890,095

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	COP Debt Service Fund	URA Debt Service Fund	FF&C Debt Service Fund	Total
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 158,721	\$ -	\$ 158,721
Interest	690		360	1,050
Total revenues	690	158,721	360	159,771
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service				
Principal	138,000	3,518	-	141,518
Interest	2,381		39,431	41,812
Total expenditures	140,381	3,518	39,431	183,330
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(139,691)	155,203	(39,071)	(23,559)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	S (USES)			
Transfers in	132,000	_	125,000	257,000
Transfers out	(843)	-	-	(843)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	131,157		125,000	256,157
Net changes in fund balances	(8,534)	155,203	85,929	232,598
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	G8,534_	914,910		923,444
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ -	\$ 1,070,113	\$ 85,929	\$ 1,156,042

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	lm _i	Street provement Fund	In	Parks nprovement Fund	Utilities Undergrounding Fund		Site Redevelopment Fund		Project Fund		Total
REVENUES											
Charges for services	\$	840,435	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 865,435
Franchise		-		-		194,817		-		-	194,817
Interest		11,986		29,291		32,122				871	 74,270
Total revenues		852,421		54,291		226,939				871	1,134,522
EXPENDITURES											
Materials and services		286		11		-		-		-	297
Capital outlay		275,000		-		-		-		-	275,000
Total expenditures		275,286		11		-		-		-	275,297
Revenues over (under) expenditures		577,135		54,280		226,939		-		871	859,225
OTHER FINANCING	SO	URCES (U	SES):							
Transfer out		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(33)		_	(33)
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				(33)			(33)
Net changes in fund balances		577,135		54,280		226,939		(33)		871	859,192
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		421,722		1,409,502		1,891,715		33		52,205	3,775,177
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	998,857	\$	1,463,782	\$	2,118,654	\$		\$	53,076	\$ 4,634,369

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Street Tree Fund
Bike Paths and Trails Fund
Code Specialties Fund
Sam Cox Building Fund
Metro Community Enhancement Fund

Debt Service Funds

COP Debt Service Fund URA Debt Service Fund FF&C Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Street Improvement Fund
Parks Improvement Fund
Utilities Undergrounding Fund
STP Site Redevelopment Fund
Projects Fund

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STREET TREE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budge	et				Variance with		
	Origina	al	Fin	al	Ac	tual	Final	Budget	
REVENUES: Investment earnings	\$	350	\$	350	\$ 752		\$	402	
Total revenues		350		350		752		402	
EXPENDITURES: Materials and services	3	9,277		39,277		7,501		31,776	
Total expenditures	3	9,277		39,277		7,501		31,776	
Net changes in fund balances	(3	8,927)	((38,927)		(6,749)		32,178	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	3	8,927		38,927		47,179		8,252	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	40,430	\$	40,430	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON BIKE PATHS & TRAILS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Bud	dget			Vari	ance with
	C	riginal		Final	 Actual	Fina	al Budget
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings	\$	9,237 100	\$	9,237 100	\$ 10,355 70	\$	1,118 (30)
Total revenues		9,337		9,337	 10,425		1,088
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay		9,367		9,367	 822		8,545
Total expenditures		9,367		9,367	 822		8,545
Net changes in fund balances		(30)		(30)	9,603		9,633
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		30		30	 2,819		2,789
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 12,422	\$	12,422

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CODE SPECIALTIES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget						Va	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget		
REVENUES:										
Permits and fees	\$	282,200	\$	582,200	\$	1,672,489	\$	1,090,289		
Miscellaneous		200		200		12,074		11,874		
Investment earnings						19,948		19,948		
Total revenues		282,400		582,400		1,704,511		1,122,111		
EXPENDITURES:										
Building inspections		290,595		390,595		296,374		94,221		
Electrical inspections		69,994		169,994		87,051		82,943		
Plumbing inspections		51,589		151,589		111,335		40,254		
Contingency		20,246		20,246				20,246		
Total expenditures		432,424		732,424		494,760		237,664		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	;	(150,024)		(150,024)		1,209,751		1,359,775		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		12,000		12,000				(12,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		12,000		12,000				(12,000)		
Net changes in fund balances		(138,024)		(138,024)		1,209,751		1,347,775		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		138,024		138,024		660,514		522,490		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,870,265	\$	1,870,265		

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SAM COX BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Buo	lget				Var	Variance with Final Budget \$ 7,497				
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget				
REVENUES:		_				_		_				
Permits and fees	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	22,497	\$	•				
Investment earnings		1,000		1,000				(1,000)				
Total revenues		16,000		16,000		22,497		6,497				
EXPENDITURES:												
Materials and Services		26,483		26,483		25,910		573				
Capital Outlay		26,000		26,000		24,620		1,380				
Contingency		4,097		4,097				4,097				
Total expenditures		56,580		56,580		50,530		6,050				
Revenues over (under)												
expenditures		(40,580)		(40,580)		(28,033)		447				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S):											
Transfers In		20,000		20,000				(20,000)				
Total other financing sources												
(uses)		20,000		20,000				(20,000)				
Net changes in fund balances		(20,580)		(20,580)		(28,033)		(7,453)				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		20,580		20,580		61,889		41,309				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	33,856	\$	33,856				
		Budget to G	AAP R	teconciliation								
		Interfund loan transactions				(112,500)						
		GAAP Fund Balance				(78,644)						

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Buc	lget			Vari	Variance with Final Budget \$ 17,562
		Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Permits and fees	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$ 97,562	\$	17,562
Investment Earnings		100		100	377		277
					_		
Total revenues		80,100		80,100	97,939		17,839
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and Services		199,730		199,730	145,372		54,358
Total expenditures		199,730		199,730	 145,372		54,358
Net changes in fund balances		(119,630)		(119,630)	(47,433)		72,197
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		119,630		119,630	 93,055		(26,575)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$ 45,622	\$	45,622

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON COP DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Bud	lget				Vari	ance with
	0	riginal		Final	A	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Investment earnings	\$	100	\$	100	\$	690	\$	590
Total revenues		100		100		690		590
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:								
Pricipal		139,100		139,100		138,000		1,100
Interest		1,300		1,300		2,381		(1,081)
				<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total debt service		140,400		140,400		140,381		19
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(140,300)		(140,300)		(139,691)		609
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out		132,000		132,000 (1,000)		132,000 (843)		- 157
Total other financing sources (uses)		132,000		131,000		131,157		157
Net changes in fund balances		(8,300)		(9,300)		(8,534)		766
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		8,300		9,300		8,534		(766)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON URA DEBT SERVICE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Buo	lget				Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES: Property taxes								
Current year	\$	129,000	\$	129,000	\$	137,473	\$	8,473
Prior year		1,500		1,500		1,856		356
Penalties and interest		1,500		1,500		19,392		17,892
Total revenues		132,000		132,000		158,721		26,721
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt Service:								
Principal and Interest		101,300		101,300		3,518		97,782
Total expenditures		101,300		101,300		3,518		97,782
Net changes in fund balances		30,700		30,700		155,203		124,503
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		6,350		6,350		14,910		8,560
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	37,050	\$	37,050	\$	170,113	\$	133,063
	Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Interfund loan transactions					900,000		
	GAAP Fund Balance					1,070,113		

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON FF&C DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Buc	lget		_		Variance with	
	Origi	nal		Final		Actual	Fina	l Budget
REVENUES: Interest	\$	_	\$	_	\$	360	\$	360
into oct					<u> </u>		Ψ	
Total revenues						360		360
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:								
Principal and Interest				125,000		39,431		85,569
Total expenditures				125,000		39,431		85,569
Revenues over (under) expenditures	S	-		(125,000)		(39,071)		85,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in				125,000		125,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)				125,000		125,000		
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		85,929		85,929
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	85,929	\$	85,929

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Bud	lget			Va	riance with
	 Original		Final	Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:	 			 		
System development charges	\$ 40,000	\$	40,000	\$ 840,435	\$	800,435
Investment earnings	2,500		2,500	 11,986		9,486
Total revenues	 42,500		42,500	 852,421		809,921
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and services	25,000		25,000	286		24,714
Capital outlay	350,000		350,000	275,000		75,000
Contingency	124,798		124,798	 		124,798
Total expenditures	 499,798		499,798	275,286		224,512
Net changes in fund balances	(457,298)		(457,298)	577,135		1,034,433
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	457,298		457,298	 421,722		(35,576)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 	\$	_	\$ 998,857	\$	998,857

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PARKS IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			lget					Variance with		
	<u>O</u>	riginal		Final		Actual	_Fi	nal Budget		
REVENUES:	\$	100 000	\$	100.000	æ	40 E00	ď	(F1 F00)		
Intergovernmental System development charges	Ф	100,000 15,000	Ф	100,000 15,000	\$	48,500 25,000	\$	(51,500) 10,000		
Investment earnings		8,000		8,000		29,291		21,291		
in council carringe				3,000		20,20:		21,201		
Total revenues		123,000		123,000		102,791		(20,209)		
EXPENDITURES:										
Materials and services		75,000		75,000		11		74,989		
Capital outlay		382,500		382,500				382,500		
Contingency		488,792		488,792		-		488,792		
Total expenditures		946,292		946,292		11_		946,281		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(823,292)		(823,292)		102,780		926,072		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers In		48,500		48,500		_		(48,500)		
Transfers Out		(293,000)		(293,000)		-		293,000		
		,						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(244,500)		(244,500)		_		244,500		
rotal other manering boaroos (acce)		(244,000)		(244,000)				244,000		
Net changes in fund balances	(1	,067,792)		(1,067,792)		102,780		1,170,572		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	1	,067,792		1,067,792		1,193,502		125,710		
,		,		, ,		· · · · · ·		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	1,296,282	\$	1,296,282		
	Dud	lant to C ^ ^	ם ס	oonoiliation						
	Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Interfund loan transactions					167,500				
						,				
	GAAP Fund Balance					1,463,782				

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON UTILITIES UNDERGROUNDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Bud	lget				Va	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:								
Franchise fees	\$	189,820	\$	189,820	\$	194,817	\$	4,997
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000		32,122		27,122
						_		
Total revenues	194,820			194,820		226,939		32,119
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		2,023,773		2,023,773				2,023,773
Total expenditures		2,023,773		2,023,773				2,023,773
		//		// aaa aaa)				
Net changes in fund balances		(1,828,953)		(1,828,953)		226,939		2,055,892
FUND DAI ANOT DECIMANO		4 000 050		4 000 050		4 004 745		00.700
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		1,828,953		1,828,953		1,891,715		62,762
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			\$		Ф	2,118,654	\$	2,118,654
I DIAD DALAINCE, EINDING	φ		Ψ		\$	2,110,054	Ψ	2,110,004

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STP SITE REDEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget						Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	\$		\$	(1,000)	\$	(33)	\$	967
Net changes in fund balances		-		(1,000)		(33)		967
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING				1,000		33		(967)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON POLICE FACILITY PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Bu	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES: Interest	\$ 350	\$ 350	\$ 871	\$ 521
Total revenues	350	350_	871	521
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	52,019	52,019		52,019
Total expenditures	52,019	52,019		52,019
Net changes in fund balances	(51,669)	(51,669)	871	52,540
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	51,669	51,669	52,205	536
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 53,076	\$ 53,076

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Proprietary Funds

Water Fund

Water Improvement Fund Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses

Sewer Fund

Debt Service Fund (business-type activity portion)
Sewer Improvement Fund
Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and
Expenditures to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses

Storm Sewer Improvement Fund Storm Sewer Utility Fund Storm Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses

Public Services Fund

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON WATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES:				_				_	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	106,390	\$	106,390	
Charges for services		1,932,817		1,932,817		2,105,320		172,503	
Investment earnings		83,304		83,304		26,404		(56,900)	
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		2,907		1,907	
Total revenues		2,017,121		2,017,121		2,241,021		223,900	
EXPENDITURES:									
Personnel services		459,687		459,687		389,344		70,343	
Materials and services		1,338,050		1,338,050		1,190,441		147,609	
Capital outlay		741,900		741,900		579,857		162,043	
Contingency		350,000		350,000				350,000	
Total expenditures		2,889,637		2,889,637		2,159,642		729,995	
Net changes in fund balances		(872,516)		(872,516)		81,379		953,895	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		969,803		969,803		1,165,291		195,488	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	97,287	\$	97,287	\$	1,246,670	\$	1,149,383	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON WATER IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget						Variance with		
	C	riginal	Final			Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES:									
System development charges	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	83,259	\$	74,259	
Investment earnings		100		100		6,971		6,871	
Total revenues		9,100		9,100		90,230		81,130	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and services		25,000		25,000		10,786		14,214	
Capital outlay		35,000		35,000		437		34,563	
Contingency		3,016		3,016				3,016	
Total expenditures	•	63,016		63,016		11,223		51,793	
Net changes in fund balances		(53,916)		(53,916)		79,007		132,923	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		53,916		53,916		63,323		9,407	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	142,330	\$	142,330	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON WATER FUND

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES

			Ex	penditures/
	Revei			
Water Fund	\$	2,241,021	\$	2,159,642
Water Improvement Fund		90,230		11,223
Total (Budgetary)		2,331,251		2,170,865
Capital outlay expenditures capitalized		-		(620,268)
Depreciation expense		-		429,847
Pension expense		-		(41,049)
Net change in accrued compensated absences		-		4,099
Revenues and expenses (GAAP)	\$	2,331,251	\$	1,943,494

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SEWER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 3,023,16	4 \$ 3,023,164	\$ 3,087,338	\$ 64,174
Investment earnings	6,00	0 6,000	33,099	27,099
Miscellaneous	1,00	0 1,000	10,444	9,444
Total revenues	3,030,16	3,030,164	3,130,881	100,717
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel services	530,90	2 530,902	511,887	19,015
Materials and services	2,052,50	5 2,052,505	1,744,111	308,394
Capital outlay	580,00	0 580,000	118,225	461,775
Contingency	850,00	0 850,000		850,000
Total expenditures	4,013,40	7 4,013,407	2,374,223	1,639,184
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(983,24	3) (983,243)	756,658	1,739,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out	(359,63	2) (359,632)	(359,632)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(359,63	2) (359,632)	(359,632)	
Net changes in fund balances	(1,342,87	5) (1,342,875)	397,026	1,739,901
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,865,25	7 1,865,257	2,209,883	344,626
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 522,38	2 \$ 522,382	\$ 2,606,909	\$ 2,084,527

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget						Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:								
Property taxes								
Current Year	\$	1,102,573	\$	1,102,573	\$	1,113,172	\$	10,599
Prior Year		5,000		5,000		20,443		15,443
Investment earnings		100		100		13,538		13,438
Total revenues		1,107,673		1,107,673		1,147,153		39,480
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt Service:								
Principal		1,500,000		1,500,000		1,500,000		-
Interest		312,985		312,985		312,985		
Total debt service		1,812,985		1,812,985		1,812,985		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(705,312)		(705,312)		(665,832)		39,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		534,632		534,632		534,632		
Total other financing sources								
(uses)		534,632		534,632		534,632		
Net changes in fund balances		(170,680)		(170,680)		(131,200)		39,480
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		445,854		445,854		496,075		50,221
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	275,174	\$	275,174	\$	364,875	\$	89,701

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SEWER IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget							Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES:									
System development charges	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	512,880	\$	472,880	
Investment earnings		100		100		12,642		12,542	
Total revenues		40,100		40,100		525,522		485,422	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and Services		25,000		25,000		286		24,714	
Capital Outlay		30,000		30,000		-		30,000	
Contingency	1	29,034		129,034		<u> </u>		129,034	
Total expenditures	1	84,034		184,034		286		183,748	
Net changes in fund balances	(1	43,934)		(143,934)		525,236		669,170	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1	43,934		143,934		231,481		87,547	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	756,717	\$	756,717	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SEWER FUND

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Ex	penditures/
	Revenues	l	Expenses
Sewer Fund	\$ 3,130,881	\$	2,374,223
Debt Service Fund	1,147,153		1,812,985
Sewer Improvement Fund	525,522		286
Total	 4,803,556		4,187,494
Depreciation expense	-		584,722
Capital outlay	-		(57,325)
Loss on sale of capital asset	(104,770)		-
Net change in accrued compensated absences	-		(2,644)
Change in unavailable property taxes	(18,382)		-
Interest	-		(4,060)
Pension expense	-		(41,049)
Bond Premium and Discount Amortization	-		14,147
Payment of bond principal	 		(1,235,000)
Revenues and expenses	\$ 4,680,404	\$	3,446,285

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STORM SEWER IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget	
REVENUES:									
System development charges	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	1,058,359	\$	1,048,359	
Investment earnings		7,000		7,000		37,178		30,178	
Total revenues		17,000		17,000		1,095,537		1,078,537	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and services		35,000		35,000		286		34,714	
Capital outlay	610,000			610,000		535,000	75,000		
Contingency		962,530	962,530					962,530	
Total expenditures		1,607,530		1,607,530		535,286		1,072,244	
Net changes in fund balances		(1,590,530)		(1,590,530)		560,251		2,150,781	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,590,530		1,590,530	1,825,176			234,646	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING			\$		\$	2,385,427	\$	2,385,427	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STORM SEWER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Bud	get			Var	iance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 616,972	\$	616,972	\$ 618,967	\$	1,995
Investment earnings	500		500	592		92
Miscellaneous	 5,000		5,000	445		(4,555)
Total revenues	622,472		622,472	620,004		(2,468)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel services	179,696		179,696	167,987		11,709
Materials and services	437,132		437,132	395,431		41,701
Capital outlay	225,000		275,000	271,815		3,185
Contingency	126,401		76,401	 		76,401
Total expenditures	968,229		968,229	 835,233		132,996
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(345,757)		(345,757)	(215,229)		130,528
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers In	 165,000		165,000	 165,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 165,000		165,000	 165,000		
Net changes in fund balances	(180,757)		(180,757)	(50,229)		130,528
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	180,757		180,757	247,183		66,426
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$ 196,954	\$	196,954

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STORM SEWER FUND

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Ex	penditures/
	ı	Revenues	E	xpenses
Storm Sewer Improvement Fund	\$	1,095,537	\$	535,286
Storm Sewer Utility Fund		620,004		835,233
Total		1,715,541		1,370,519
Depreciation expense		-		260,136
Capital outlay		-		(803,562)
Pension expense		-		(18,658)
Net change in accrued compensated absences		-		4,633
Revenues and expenses	\$	1,715,541	\$	813,068

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON INTERNAL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	В	udget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,700,432	\$ 1,700,432	\$ 1,662,625	\$ (37,807)
Licenses and permits	4,556	4,556	51,858	47,302
Investment earnings	1,000	1,000	11,202	10,202
Miscellaneous			11	11
Total revenues	1,705,988	1,705,988	1,725,696	19,708
EXPENDITURES:				
Equipment maintenance	316,803	316,803	285,469	31,334
Public works management	1,335,854	1,335,854	1,266,634	69,220
Contingency	257,750	257,750		257,750
Total expenditures	1,910,407	1,910,407	1,552,103	358,304
Net Changes in fund balances	(204,419)	(204,419)	173,593	378,012
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	204,419	204,419	458,011	253,592
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 631,604	\$ 631,604

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PUBLIC SERVICES FUND RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES

For the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2018
---------	------	-------	------	-----	------

		Ex	penditures/
	Revenues	ı	Expenses
Public Services Fund	\$ 1,725,696	\$	1,552,103
Total	1,725,696		1,552,103
Transfers			
Revenues and expenses	\$ 1,725,696	\$	1,552,103

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Source

June 30, 2018

Governmental funds capital assets:	
Land	\$ 5,867,327
Intangibles	45,942
Land improvements	4,858,330
Buildings and building improvements	10,799,121
Equipment	1,447,650
Infrastructure	25,188,554
Work in process	255,302
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 48,462,226
Investments in governmental capital assets by source: Balance, July 1, 2017	\$ 45,671,236
Net changes provided by:	
General fund	2,420,083
Parks	298,635
Public Safety	-
Public Works	-
Streets	 72,272
Total	2,790,990
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 48,462,226

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Function and Activity

June 30, 2018

	In	and and Land approvements ad Intangibles	Buildings and Improvements		Equipment		Infrastructure		rk in Progress	Total		
General Government	\$	3,689,496	\$ 1,138,972	\$	339,686	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,168,154	
Community Development		6,221,965	2,198,023		548,022		443,959		255,302		9,667,271	
Public Safety		115,781	7,425,333		175,217		-		-		7,716,331	
Highways and Streets		744,358	36,793		384,724		24,744,595				25,910,470	
Total Investment	\$	10,771,600	\$ 10,799,121	\$	1,447,649	\$	25,188,554	\$	255,302	\$	48,462,226	

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Function and Activity	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
General Government	\$ 2,748,072	\$ 2,473,649	\$ (53,567)	\$ 5,168,154
Community Development	9,368,636	345,507	(46,872)	9,667,271
Public Safety	7,716,331	-	-	7,716,331
Highways and Streets	25,838,197	690,859	(618,586)	25,910,470
Total Investment	\$ 45,671,236	\$ 3,510,015	\$ (719,025)	\$ 48,462,226

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES

June 30, 2018

<u>Tax Year</u> 2017-18	Taxes Uncollected July 1, 2017	Add Levy As Extended By Assessor \$ 6,837,147	(Deduct) Discounts Allowed \$ (179,741)	Add Interest Adjustments \$ 1,362	Add (Deduct) Cancellations and Adjustments \$ (53,038)	(Deduct) Interest and Tax Collected \$ (6,502,012)	Taxes Uncollected June 30, 2018 \$ 103,718
2016-17	129,162	-	18	1,801	(31,784)	(50,089)	49,108
2015-16	80,144	-	26	2,263	(25,810)	(19,608)	37,015
2014-15	62,631	-	13	3,102	(5,640)	(17,562)	42,544
2013-14	45,977	-	-	1,970	(3,435)	(9,619)	34,893
2012-13	33,719	-	-	306	(1,643)	(1,029)	31,353
2011-12	35,716	-	-	197	(3,369)	(573)	31,970
2010-11	19,964	-	-	80	(136)	(224)	19,684
2009-10	18,111	-	-	56	(105)	(150)	17,913
2008-09	636	-	-	49	(82)	(120)	483
2007-08 and prior	2,401			296	(290)	(621)	1,786
Total	\$ 428,461	\$ 6,837,147	\$ (179,684)	\$11,482	\$ (125,333)	\$ (6,601,606)	\$ 370,468
			Governmental Proprietary Fu			Revenue Total \$ 5,472,156 1,115,233	Receivable June 30, 2018 \$ 295,496 74,973

OTHER INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DEBT PRINCIPAL TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2018

						Outstanding 2017-2018 Transactions							Outstanding		
	Interest		0:	riginal	Issue		July 1,		Increases/		Matured/			at June 30, 2018	
	Rate		Date		Amount		2017	(]	Reductions)		Called		Paid		Unmatured
General obligation bonds															
WPCF Refunding Bonds, Series 2008	3.25-4	%	6-17-08	\$	8,555,000	\$ =	1,235,000	\$ =	-	\$	1,235,000	\$ =	1,235,000	\$	-
Police Facility Bonds, Series 2011	2.0-4.35	%	2-17-11	\$	7,540,000	\$ =	6,195,000	\$ =		\$	265,000	\$ =	265,000	\$:	5,930,000
COP Note Payable															
P & F Building Loan	3.45	%	3-31-08	\$ _	1,173,000	\$ =	138,000	\$ =		\$	138,000	\$ =	138,000	\$:	-
Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds															
Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan	3.15-3.59 %	%	3-1-18	\$	5,000,000	\$_		\$	5,000,000	\$		\$		\$	5,000,000

SCHEDULE OF DEBT INTEREST TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2018

				201					
	Issue				Future Liability	at June 30, 2018			
	Date	Unmatured	Total	(Reductions)	Matured	Paid	Unmatured	Total	
General obligation bonds									
WPCF Refunding Bonds, Series 2008									
3.25%-4% interest	6-17-08	\$ 49,400	\$49,400	\$	\$ 49,400	\$49,400	\$	\$	
Police Facility Bonds, Series 2011									
2.0%-4.35% interest	2-17-11	\$ 2,317,870	\$ 2,317,870	\$	\$ 263,585	\$ 263,585	\$ 2,054,285	\$ 2,054,285	
COP Note Payable									
P & F Building Loan	3-31-08	\$2,380_	\$2,380_	\$	\$2,380_	\$2,380_	\$	\$	
Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bond	c								
run Faith and Cledit Obligation Bond	<u>s</u>								
Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan	3-1-18	\$	\$	\$1,386,431	\$ 39,431	\$ 39,431	\$1,347,000	\$1,347,000	

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

June 30, 2018

Year of	 Series	Facility es 2011 2-17-2011						
Maturity	Principal		Interest					
2018-19	\$ 290,000	\$	253,698					
2019-20	315,000		242,098					
2020-21	340,000		229,498					
2021-22	370,000		215,898					
2022-23	400,000		201,098					
2023-24	430,000		185,098					
2024-25	465,000		167,898					
2025-26	495,000		149,298					
2026-27	535,000		129,498					
2027-28	570,000		107,563					

2028-29

2029-30

2030-31

610,000

655,000

700,000

6,175,000

83,908

58,288

30,450

2,054,285

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE BUDGETARY BASIS ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Last ten fiscal years

(1) Fiscal year ended June 30,	Taxes	Intergovern- mental Revenues	Licenses and Permits	Fines and Forfeitures	Charges for Current Services	Franchise Fees	Assessment Collections	Total
2009	\$ 3,807,929	\$ 2,279,607	\$ 516,513	\$ 209,957	\$ 796,010	\$ 1,269,282	\$ 1,211,874	\$ 10,091,172
2010	4,495,720	1,656,814	381,506	353,827	351,583	1,308,156	1,020,628	9,568,234
2011	4,578,650	1,982,701	229,827	402,602	261,490	1,242,675	1,006,855	9,704,800
2012	4,638,551	2,043,778	276,682	359,776	318,235	1,279,355	1,072,325	9,988,702
2013	4,705,830	2,794,696	246,595	362,591	409,348	1,272,918	1,141,834	10,933,812
2014	4,910,416	2,237,890	356,378	339,269	344,131	1,276,287	1,189,477	10,653,848
2015	5,479,355	2,498,274	401,936	295,888	313,894	1,319,304	1,012,273	11,320,924
2016	5,879,695	2,617,629	269,583	222,053	60,110	1,332,446	1,441,518	11,823,034
2017	6,515,952	2,570,534	1,054,239	381,928	67,403	1,345,455	2,111,679	14,047,190
2018	7,107,336	2,867,310	1,742,901	235,011	874,578	1,397,703	2,258,970	16,483,809

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented on the budgetary basis. Statements and Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual are used to determine these amounts and supplemented by detailed financial records of the City.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION BUDGETARY BASIS ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Last ten fiscal years

(1) Fiscal year ended June 30,	General Government	Public Safety	Highways and Streets	Community Development	Solid Waste/ Recycling	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Total
2009	\$ 2,040,359	\$ 4,780,944	\$ 705,840	\$ 1,708,006	\$ 22,958	\$ 1,062,479	\$ 133,830	\$ 10,454,416
2010	2,233,315	4,860,333	546,464	1,452,360	3,166	172,217	135,466	9,403,321
2011	2,120,597	5,201,680	782,891	1,360,661	8,139	364,552	136,930	9,975,450
2012	2,104,647	5,307,537	724,049	1,360,507	13,780	5,534,665	138,221	15,183,406
2013	2,088,156	5,240,764	786,038	1,295,030	13,517	2,788,459	139,340	12,351,304
2014	2,067,329	5,462,943	929,899	1,581,270	17,225	619,939	140,286	10,818,891
2015	2,182,269	5,677,030	732,538	1,617,532	15,114	307,304	142,093	10,673,880
2016	2,101,025	5,572,587	977,486	1,649,501	14,832	616,417	143,843	11,075,691
2017	2,281,365	5,391,943	731,374	2,000,360	9,257	344,192	145,354	10,903,845
2018	2,542,026	5,552,528	1,001,291	2,374,536	14,297	3,312,230	183,330	14,980,238

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented on the budgetary basis. Statements and Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual are used to determine these amounts and supplemented by detailed financial records of the City.

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTABILITY FOR INDEPENDENTLY ELECTED OFFICIALS

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

Oregon Revised Statutes section 297 requires a statement of accountability for each independently elected official collecting or receiving money in the municipal corporation. The statement is a presentation of the beginning balances, receipts, disbursements, refunds, and turnovers to the appropriate governmental official, reconciled to cash on hand at the beginning and end of the audit period.

In compliance with ORS 297, there are no independently elected officials that collect or receive money on behalf of the City of Troutdale.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Troutdale's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall health.

orty 5 overall fleatin.	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.	92-96
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the City's local revenue source, the property tax.	97-100
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	101-104
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	105-109
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	110-111

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,296,699	\$ 12,618,818	\$ 5,149,917	\$ 10,813,733	\$ 11,681,650	\$ 11,679,907	\$ 10,979,510	\$ 11,576,791	\$ 11,304,143	\$ 8,767,186
Restricted	419,279	97,144	10,864,094	6,788,007	5,338,679	5,478,484	5,893,683	5,886,401	7,647,283	11,091,412
Unrestricted	7,271,820	7,697,747	4,302,031	1,151,803	3,056,564	3,110,090	2,775,525	1,610,901	1,255,451	4,171,911
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 19,987,798	\$ 20,413,709	\$ 20,316,042	\$ 18,753,543	\$ 20,076,893	\$ 20,268,481	\$ 19,648,718	\$ 19,074,093	\$ 20,206,877	\$ 24,030,509
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 27,192,212	\$ 26,758,247	\$ 26,309,662	\$ 25,923,958	\$ 26,034,221	\$ 30,043,118	\$ 29,873,029	\$ 30,273,275	\$ 30,214,400	\$ 31,536,933
Restricted	2,496,813	2,256,533	2,278,696	2,056,152	1,147,530	2,332,344	2,374,868	2,044,059	2,121,132	3,288,474
Unrestricted	2,606,022	2,835,946	2,965,237	3,220,411	4,392,238	3,449,058	3,417,969	2,116,593	3,323,380	3,871,447
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 32,295,047	\$ 31,850,726	\$ 31,553,595	\$ 31,200,521	\$ 31,573,989	\$ 35,824,520	\$ 35,665,866	\$ 34,433,927	\$ 35,658,912	\$ 38,696,854
Total business type delivines her assets	Ψ 32,273,017	Ψ 31,030,720	Ψ 31,333,373	Ψ 31,200,321	Ψ 31,373,707	Ψ 33,021,320	Ψ 33,003,000	Ψ 31,133,727	Ψ 33,030,712	 30,070,031
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 39,488,911	\$ 39,377,065	\$ 31,459,579	\$ 36,737,691	\$ 37,715,871	\$ 41,723,025	\$ 40,852,539	\$ 41,850,066	\$ 41,518,543	\$ 40,304,119
Restricted	2,916,092	2,353,677	13,142,790	8,844,159	6,486,209	7,810,828	8,268,551	7,930,460	9,768,415	14,379,886
Unrestricted	9,877,842	10,533,693	7,267,268	4,372,214	7,448,802	6,559,148	6,193,494	3,727,494	4,578,831	 8,043,358
Total primary government net assets	\$ 52,282,845	\$ 52,264,435	\$ 51,869,637	\$ 49,954,064	\$ 51,650,882	\$ 56,093,001	\$ 55,314,584	\$ 53,508,020	\$ 55,865,789	\$ 62,727,363

 $^{^{-1}}$ Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,244,169	\$ 2,474,134	\$ 2,207,978	\$ 2,290,744	\$ 1,980,493	\$ 1,875,390	\$ 2,016,349	\$ 2,251,403	\$ 2,366,482	\$ 2,344,521
Public safety	5,479,783	5,145,857	5,081,873	6,030,937	4,760,654	5,365,424	5,235,720	6,536,118	6,272,781	5,767,448
Highways and streets	809,014	578,566	1,427,173	1,419,589	1,239,829	1,408,175	1,166,959	1,519,782	1,179,564	1,319,285
Solid waste/recycling	26,314	3,352	8,165	15,320	28,845	15,945	13,375	16,926	10,465	14,408
Community development	1,957,668	1,537,680	900,494	1,818,625	1,580,808	1,812,461	1,780,461	2,204,802	2,579,361	2,565,323
Interest on long-term debt	38,591	85,879	86,643	16,125	20,900	1,379	15,454	11,020	6,215	37,488
Transfers Out										
Total governmental activities expenses	10,555,539	9,825,468	9,712,326	11,591,340	9,611,529	10,478,774	10,228,318	12,540,051	12,414,868	12,048,473
Business-type activities:										
Water	\$ 1,806,634	\$ 1,783,764	\$ 1,941,720	\$ 2,019,228	\$ 1,882,941	\$ 1,887,225	\$ 1,696,706	\$ 2,409,035	\$ 1,975,540	\$ 1,837,104
Sewer	2,480,974	2,577,321	2,714,223	3,306,348	3,180,079	3,343,454	3,087,108	4,066,368	3,262,115	3,446,285
Storm sewer	356,319	423,444	685,874	566,641	449,292	461,676	614,969	1,303,614	835,776	813,068
Public services	926,672	945,183	891,327	961,728	942,509	1,081,187	1,108,024	1,336,509	1,333,159	1,552,103
Total business-type activities expenses	5,570,599	5,729,712	6,233,144	6,853,945	6,454,821	6,773,542	6,506,807	9,115,526	7,406,590	7,648,560
Total primary government expenses	\$ 16,126,138	\$ 15,555,180	\$ 15,945,470	\$ 18,445,285	\$ 16,066,350	\$ 17,252,316	\$ 16,735,125	\$ 21,655,577	\$ 19,821,458	\$ 19,697,033
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 795,134	\$ 913,289	\$ 463,477	\$ 323,000	\$ 275,880	\$ 397,213	\$ 325,671	\$ 69,903	\$ 55,717	\$ 57,058
Other activities	9,777	7,593	7,650	7,875	7,875	8,175	7,875	600	2,700	-
Operating grants and contributions	676,716	641,179	744,784	802,626	914,475	889,969	929,972	963,559	974,986	1,051,943
Capital grants and contributions	140,912	481,516	10,406	2,508	53,745	50,397	57,550	509,705	57,376	865,435
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,622,539	2,043,577	1,226,317	1,136,009	1,251,975	1,345,754	1,321,068	1,543,767	1,090,779	1,974,436
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	1,410,442	1,581,316	1,339,871	1,397,723	1,508,663	1,443,755	1,429,516	1,670,061	1,699,038	2,105,320
Sewer	2,091,078	2,179,348	2,180,436	2,290,594	2,380,969	2,471,898	2,575,013	2,777,232	2,895,792	3,087,338
Storm sewer	197,162	196,743	197,412	214,480	231,036	240,270	251,092	319,224	380,035	618,967
Public services	24,095	842,452	975,025	1,021,826	1,024,115	1,029,977	973,584	1,323,756	1,638,251	1,714,483
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	228,607	1,729,149	108,618	161,711	40,867	63,281	4,176,323	52,032	104,379	1,654,498
Total business-type activities program revenues	3,951,384	6,529,008	4,801,362	5,086,334	5,185,650	5,249,181	9,405,528	6,142,305	6,717,495	9,180,606
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 5,573,923	\$ 8,572,585	\$ 6,027,679	\$ 6,222,343	\$ 6,437,625	\$ 6,594,935	\$ 10,726,596	\$ 7,686,072	\$ 7,808,274	\$ 11,155,042

		****		2010		2011		2012		2012		2011				2016				2010
		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016	_	2017		2018
N. W.																				
Net(expense)/revenue	•	(7.701.001)		(0.40 (.000)		(10.455.221)	Φ.	(0.250.554)	Φ.	(0.122.020)	Φ.	(0.007.250)	•	(0.015.104)	•	(10.006.004)	Φ.	(11.224.000)	•	(10.074.027)
Governmental activities	\$	(7,781,891)	\$	(8,486,009)	\$	(10,455,331)	\$	(8,359,554)	\$	(9,133,020)	\$	(8,907,250)	\$	(8,915,124)	\$	(10,996,284)	\$	(11,324,089)	\$	(10,074,037)
Business-type activities		799,296		(1,431,782)		(1,767,611)		(1,269,171)		(1,524,361)		2,898,721		(1,037,004)	_	(2,973,221)	_	(689,095)		1,532,046
Total primary government net expense	\$	(6,982,595)	\$	(9,917,791)	\$	(12,222,942)	\$	(9,628,725)	\$	(10,657,381)		(6,008,529)	\$	(9,952,128)	\$	(13,969,505)	\$	(12,013,184)	\$	(8,541,991)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asse	ts																			
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes	\$	3,807,929	\$	3,956,364	\$	4,100,036	\$	4,196,608	\$	4,198,071	\$	4,389,337	\$	4,862,600	\$	4,945,564	\$	5,218,664	\$	5,417,849
Franchise taxes		1,269,282		1,308,156		1,242,675		1,279,355		1,272,918		1,276,287		1,319,304		1,332,446		1,345,455		1,397,703
Business income taxes		1,312,523		657,704		716,750		670,940		708,606		789,670		875,509		1,118,817		1,054,570		1,185,784
Hotel taxes		414,443		402,806		429,249		427,973		451,708		480,624		47,516		718,344		738,182		724,913
Liquour taxes		186,331		174,967		182,575		204,188		213,221		224,251		577,726		230,109		245,594		256,000
Cigarette taxes		24,312		22,674		20,911		23,354		22,735		21,545		21,382		21,140		20,367		19,813
Solid waste taxes		50,203		52,465		56,310		54,109		57,118		56,968		58,114		64,176		64,278		74,054
Unrestricted grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		148,990		54,186		56,150		74,488		54,752		45,229		45,229		61,068		114,463		258,228
Miscellaneous		1,004,940		1,835,854		1,809,260		1,845,851		2,609,996		2,065,383		2,219,435		1,929,995		3,655,300		4,780,722
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		(135,266)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		13,727		(15,000)				-		-		<u>-</u>								
Total governmental activities	\$	8,232,680	\$	8,450,176	\$	8,478,650	\$	8,776,866	\$	9,589,125	\$	9,349,294	\$	10,026,816	\$	10,421,659	\$	12,456,873	\$	14,115,066
Business-type activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes		641,663		653,165		721,442		1,274,401		1,431,836		1,459,418		1,409,806		1,320,157		1,306,567		1,115,233
Investment earnings		110,273		36,579		25,830		28,190		30,758		30,761		30,100		42,170		67,792		142,071
Miscellaneous		18,844		93,082		102,407		12,630		116,514		128,366		47,957		26,955		21,721		(91,408)
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		_		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		_		15,000		_		_		_		_		_		352,000		518,000		340,000
Total business-type activities		770,780		797,826		849,679		1,315,221		1,579,108	_	1,618,545	_	1,487,863	_	1,741,282		1,914,080		1,505,896
3F	_	,		,	_			, ,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	, , , , , ,	_		_			, , , , , , , , ,		,,,,,,,,,
Total primary government	\$	9,003,460	\$	9,248,002	\$	9,328,329	\$	10,092,087	\$	11,168,233	\$	10,967,839	\$	11,514,679	\$	12,162,941	\$	14,370,953		15,620,962
Charge in Net Assets																				
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities	e	450 700	•	(25, 922)	•	(1.076.691)	•	417.212	•	456 105	\$	442.044	e	1 111 602	•	(574 605)	•	1 122 704	•	4.041.020
	\$	450,789	\$	(35,833)	\$	(1,976,681)	\$	417,312	\$	456,105	э	442,044	\$	1,111,692	\$	(574,625)	\$	1,132,784	\$	4,041,029
Business-type activities		1,570,076		(633,956)	_	(917,932)		46,050		54,747		4,517,266		450,859		(1,231,939)		1,224,985		3,037,942
Total primary government	\$	2,020,865	\$	(669,789)	\$	(2,894,613)	\$	463,362	\$	510,852	\$	4,959,310	\$	1,562,551	\$	(1,806,564)	\$	2,357,769	\$	7,078,971

¹ Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2009	 2010	 2011	2012	2013	 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General fund Reserved (pre GASB #54) Unreserved (pre GASB #54) GASB No. 54 Categories:	s	356,254 3,405,819	\$ 356,254 3,525,521	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
Nonspendable		-	_	2,326	1,973	4,234	4,763	4,684	2,135	13,286	8,683
Restricted		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	54,000	54,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		-	 	 3,578,983	 3,620,883	 3,728,007	 3,700,166	 4,073,773	 4,543,953	 5,475,619	 10,780,053
Total general fund	\$	3,762,073	\$ 3,881,775	\$ 3,635,309	\$ 3,676,856	\$ 3,732,241	\$ 3,704,929	\$ 4,078,457	\$ 4,546,088	\$ 5,488,905	\$ 10,788,736
All other governmental funds Reserved (pre GASB #54) Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds (pre GASB #54) Capital project funds (pre GASB #54) Permanent funds (pre GASB #54) GASB No. 54 Categories:	\$	29,602 1,115,154 2,595,186	\$ 63,025 973,682 2,892,319	\$ 97,144 946,312 2,915,781	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nonspendable		_	_	_	13,233	11,607	13,079	12,134	12,259	9,818	13,758
Restricted		-	-	-	11,776,026	6,825,730	5,338,679	5,478,484	5,893,683	5,886,401	11,091,412
Assigned		-	_	-	21,768	(37,723)	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		<u> </u>	 	 	 (156,207)	 (222,158)	 (247,179)	 (481,797)	 (623,605)	 (686,170)	 (3,348,853)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	3,739,942	\$ 3,929,026	\$ 3,959,237	\$ 11,654,820	\$ 6,577,456	\$ 5,104,579	\$ 5,008,821	\$ 5,282,337	\$ 5,210,049	\$ 7,756,317

¹ Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 5,077,211	\$ 5,749,690	\$ 5,821,325	\$ 5,917,906	\$ 5,978,748	\$ 6,186,703	\$ 6,798,659	\$ 7,212,141	\$ 7,861,407	\$ 1,742,901
Licenses and permits	516,513	381,506	229,827	276,682	246,595	356,378	401,936	269,583	1,054,239	235,011
Intergovernmental	2,593,522	1,656,814	1,982,701	2,043,778	2,794,696	2,237,890	2,498,274	2,617,629	2,570,534	258,228
Charges for services	796,010	351,583	261,490	318,235	409,348	344,131	313,894	60,110	67,403	2,000,742
Fines	209,957	353,827	402,602	359,776	362,591	339,269	295,888	222,053	381,928	874,578
Investment earnings	148,990	54,186	56,150	74,488	54,752	45,229	47,516	61,068	114,463	2,867,310
Miscellaneous	748,969	1,020,628	950,705	997,837	1,087,082	1,144,248	964,757	1,380,450	1,997,216	8,505,039
Total revenues	10,091,172	9,568,234	9,704,800	9,988,702	10,933,812	10,653,848	11,320,924	11,823,034	14,047,190	16,483,809
Expenditures										
General government	2,040,359	2,233,315	2,120,597	2,104,647	2,088,156	2,067,329	2,182,269	2,101,025	2,281,365	2,542,026
Public safety	4,780,944	4,860,333	5,201,680	5,307,537	5,240,764	5,462,943	5,677,030	5,572,587	5,391,943	5,552,528
Highways and streets	705,840	546,464	782,891	724,049	786,038	929,899	732,538	977,486	731,374	1,001,291
Solid waste/recycling	22,958	3,166	8,139	13,780	13,517	17,225	15,114	14,832	9,257	14,297
Community development	1,708,006	1,452,360	1,360,661	1,360,507	1,295,030	1,581,270	1,617,532	1,649,501	2,000,360	2,374,536
Capital outlay	1,062,479	172,217	364,552	5,534,665	2,788,459	619,939	307,304	616,417	344,192	3,312,230
Debt service										
Principal	95,000	100,000	105,000	110,000	115,000	120,000	126,033	132,182	138,264	141,518
Interest	38,830	35,466	31,930	28,221	24,340	20,286	16,060	11,661	7,090	41,812
Total expenditures	10,454,416	9,403,321	9,975,450	15,183,406	12,351,304	10,818,891	10,673,880	11,075,691	10,903,845	14,980,238_
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(363,244)	164,913	(270,650)	(5,194,704)	(1,417,492)	(165,043)	647,044	747,343	3,143,345	1,503,571
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	308,775	152,056	482,104	138,000	143,000	141,000	142,000	142,000	142,100	257,876
Transfers out	(295,048)	(167,056)	(482,104)	(138,000)	(143,000)	(141,000)	(142,000)	(494,000)	(660, 100)	(597,876)
Capital leases proceeds	-	-	114,105	158,887	-	41,973	-	-	-	-
Bond proceeds	-	-	7,540,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000,000
Bonds premium	-	-	65,662	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,727	(15,000)	7,719,767	158,887		41,973		(352,000)	(518,000)	4,660,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ (349,517)	\$ 149,913	\$ 7,449,117	\$ (5,035,817)	\$ (1,417,492)	\$ (123,070)	\$ 647,044	\$ 395,343	\$ 2,625,345	\$ 6,163,571
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.4%	1.5%	1.4%	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.6%

¹ Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Assessed Value¹

				ASS	sesseu vaiue							
			Real Property									
Fiscal Year Ended	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other Property	Total Real Property	Personal Property	Manufactured Property	Public Utilities Property	Total	Total Real Market Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Total Real Market Value	Total City Tax Rate
2009	\$ 671,196,810	\$ 170,212,610	\$ 38,397,830	\$ 55,947,030	\$ 935,754,280	\$30,404,405	\$ 9,312,120	\$ 25,564,310	\$ 1,001,035,115	\$ 1,629,878,407	61.42%	4.43
2010	724,460,240	132,033,070	95,566,630	58,252,340	1,010,312,280	30,827,601	10,750,860	30,057,100	1,081,947,841	1,855,868,519	58.30%	4.41
2011	748,603,040	135,205,020	102,409,550	55,708,990	1,041,926,600	28,481,859	10,538,230	30,086,170	1,111,032,859	1,824,028,187	60.91%	4.47
2012	750,287,090	138,073,440	105,218,010	57,320,510	1,050,899,050	30,835,046	10,518,970	37,638,877	1,129,891,943	1,731,455,887	65.26%	4.98
2013	735,543,050	198,583,360	19,993,540	68,507,590	1,022,627,540	50,886,853	9,312,620	39,162,900	1,121,989,913	1,711,308,740	65.56%	5.16
2014	767,084,170	212,904,330	19,566,760	61,056,060	1,060,611,320	53,724,870	9,628,180	40,383,830	1,164,348,200	1,729,071,950	67.34%	5.16
2015	807,457,540	267,671,940	19,354,720	62,446,640	1,156,930,840	79,633,140	9,635,280	43,185,990	1,289,385,250	1,904,289,273	67.71%	5.00
2016	833,060,570	263,739,740	19,145,910	64,346,310	1,180,292,530	82,551,860	11,255,730	46,033,700	1,320,133,820	1,985,287,321	66.50%	4.87
2017	859,236,490	274,626,400	15,759,960	66,272,230	1,215,895,080	89,002,700	12,687,070	77,829,200	1,395,414,050	2,128,241,371	65.57%	4.80
2018	889,103,470	289,950,500	15,562,390	67,726,240	1,262,342,600	80,886,545	13,530,170	101,609,600	1,458,368,915	2,402,175,197	60.71%	4.64

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

¹ Properties are assessed annually by the County (residential properties) and the State (major commercial properties). Real market values are based on those assessments. Oregon voters approved Ballot Measure 50 in May of 1997, which established a base for property values (the assessed values shown) and limited future increases to three percent per year, regardless of actual market values. New construction is valued equivalent to existing assessed properties by applying a changed property ratio to real market values of the construction as determined by the assessors. (Sal7a)

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PROPERTY TAX RATES ¹ DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING ² GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Overlapping Rates

	CIT	Y OF TROUTE	ALE, OREC	GON	Regional & County School District										
			Urban						Soil				Mt. Hood		Total Direct &
			Renewal		Multnomah		Metro Service		Conservation	Total Regional	Multnomah	Reynolds School	Community		Overlapping
Fiscal Year	Operating	Debt Service	Agency	Total City	County	Port of Portland	District	Tri-Met	District	& County	County ESD	District	College	Total Schools	Rates
2009	3.76	0.64	0.03	4.43	5.38	0.07	0.40	0.08	0.09	6.02	0.46	5.80	0.49	6.75	17.20
2010	3.76	0.62	0.04	4.41	5.39	0.07	0.44	0.09	0.10	6.08	0.46	5.59	0.49	6.54	17.04
2011	3.75	0.67	0.04	4.47	5.37	0.07	0.41	0.09	0.10	6.04	0.46	5.58	0.49	6.53	17.03
2012	3.75	1.16	0.07	4.98	5.42	0.07	0.31	0.06	0.10	5.96	0.46	5.75	0.49	6.70	17.64
2013	3.74	1.31	0.10	5.16	5.40	0.07	0.40	-	0.10	5.97	0.45	5.95	0.49	6.89	18.02
2014	3.74	1.29	0.13	5.16	5.65	0.07	0.47	-	0.10	6.29	0.45	5.97	0.49	6.92	18.36
2015	3.73	1.12	0.14	5.00	5.63	0.07	0.46	-	0.10	6.25	0.45	5.77	0.49	6.71	17.96
2016	3.74	1.03	0.10	4.87	5.63	0.07	0.39	-	0.09	6.18	0.45	5.94	0.49	6.88	17.93
2017	3.74	0.96	0.09	4.80	5.54	0.07	0.40	-	0.01	6.02	0.46	6.02	0.49	6.96	17.78
2018	3.74	0.80	0.10	4.64	5.54	0.07	0.41	-	0.09	6.11	0.45	6.26	0.49	7.20	17.95

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

¹ In May of 1997 Oregon voters approved Ballot Measure 50 which established permanent tax rates for local taxing districts. Changes to permanent rates would require a state-wide majority vote to remove the effects of the measure from the Oregon constitution. Special levies, with certain restrictions, can be added to permanent rates by vote within each district.

² Overlapping rates are the tax rates of various local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Troutdale, for Levy Code Area 242. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Troutdale property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the City of Troutdale's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS June 30, 2018

		2017-201	8	2008-2009			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
FEDEX GROUND PACKAGE SYSTEM, INC	\$ 94,976,880	1	6.5%				
COMCAST CORPORATION	60,954,500	2	4.2%				
AUSTELL COLUMBIA GOG	23,619,750	3	1.6%				
PORTLAND GENERAL ELECTRIC	15,077,000	4	1.0%	\$ 8,429,000	8	0.8%	
TOYO TANSO USA, INC	14,683,110	5	1.0%	16,817,920	2	1.7%	
MOUNTAIN MEADOWS COMMUNITY, ICN	12,690,450	6	0.9%	9,726,220	5	1.0%	
BURLINGAME DEVELOPMENT INC	12,627,670	7	0.9%	9,066,270	6	0.9%	
MGPX PROPERTIES	11,044,050	8	0.8%				
TOUTDALE TERRACE	10,304,650	9	0.7%	7,897,750	9	0.8%	
HPT TA PROPERTIES LLC	9,414,720	10	0.6%				
MCW-RC OR-Cherry Park LLC							
CHELSEA GCA REALTY PARTNERSHIP				18,111,990	1	1.8%	
PORT OF PORTLAND				11,932,200	3	1.2%	
RED SHED PROPERTIES, LLC				10,070,200	4	1.0%	
MCW-RC OR CHERRY PARK LLC				8,869,720	7	0.9%	
TUBE SPECIALTIES,				7,565,670	10	0.8%	
Totals	\$265,392,780		18.3%	\$ 108,486,940		10.8%	

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Total Collections to Date

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Current Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy	inquent Tax ollections	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2009	\$ 4,643,517	\$ 4,345,859	93.6%	\$ 297,174	\$ 4,643,033	99.99%
2010	4,776,510	4,453,024	93.2%	305,573	4,758,597	99.62%
2011	4,916,098	4,641,549	94.4%	254,865	4,896,414	99.60%
2012	5,548,240	5,286,245	95.3%	230,025	5,516,270	99.42%
2013	5,673,471	5,466,703	96.4%	175,415	5,642,117	99.45%
2014	5,998,948	5,676,214	94.6%	287,841	5,964,055	99.42%
2015	6,444,151	6,111,873	94.8%	289,735	6,401,607	99.34%
2016	6,432,106	6,109,545	95.0%	285,546	6,395,091	99.42%
2017	6,706,161	6,381,733	95.2%	275,320	6,657,053	99.27%
2018	6,837,147	6,502,012	95.1%	-	6,502,012	95.10%

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

Annual Property Tax Distribution Summary Annual Property Tax Receivable Summary

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Percentage of Net G.O. Bond General General Net G.O. Bond Personal Income Landfill Post-Capital Lease Finance Obligation (Premium) / **Total Primary** Obligation (Premium) / Fiscal Year Bonds Discount Closure Care Payable Agreement Bonds Discount Government Per Capita 1 \$ \$ \$ 2009 \$ 1,078,000 \$ 9,450,000 (127, 323)\$ 10,400,677 0.04% 669 2010 978,000 8,570,000 (113,176)9,434,824 0.03% 605 2011 7,540,000 65,662 78,770 873,000 7,645,000 (99,029)16,103,403 0.05% 1008 2012 62,379 6,685,000 0.05% 941 7,480,000 146,684 763,000 (84,882)15,052,181 2013 59.096 261.786 81,194 648,000 5,685,000 (70,735)13,979,341 0.04% 857 7,315,000 2014 7,130,000 55,813 251,256 88,645 528,000 4,645,000 (56,588)12,642,126 0.03% 774 2015 6,915,000 52,530 240,491 61,144 403,000 3,555,000 (42,441)11,184,724 0.03% 698 2016 6,685,000 49,247 229,726 26,148 273,000 2,420,000 (28,294)9,654,827 0.02% 602 2017 45,964 218,721 15,952 138,000 1,235,000 8,079,490 0.02% 503 6,440,000 (14,147)2018 6,175,000 25,581 207,471 5,758 5,000,000 11,413,810 N/A 705

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

1 See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data used in this calculation.

N/A - data not available.

CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Fiscal Year	Ger	neral Obligation Bonds	Avai	ss: Amounts lable in Debt rvice Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property ¹	Per Capita ²
2009	\$	9,322,677	\$	214,654	\$ 9,108,023	0.51%	529
2010		8,456,824		260,037	8,196,787	0.80%	932
2011		15,151,633		222,672	14,928,961	0.76%	870
2012		14,142,497		259,279	13,883,218	0.74%	795
2013		12,988,361		326,086	12,662,275	0.67%	715
2014		11,774,225		473,658	11,300,567	0.58%	625
2015		10,480,089		652,205	9,827,884	0.44%	528
2016		9,125,953		789,600	8,336,353	0.35%	430
2017		7,706,817		923,444	6,783,373	0.48%	640
2018		6.175.000		1.156.042	5.018.958	0.21%	310

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

 $^{^{1}}$ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data used in this calculation.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data used in this calculation.

CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2018

Governmental Unit		ebt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable 1	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Debt repaid with property taxes:					
Multnomah County	\$	56,481,704	1.32%	\$	745,558
Metro		223,905,000	0.69%		1,544,945
Port of Portland		60,339,399	0.64%		386,172
Reynolds School District No. 7		208,085,539	21.32%		44,363,837
Gresham-Barlow School District No. 10		304,749,806	0.48%		1,462,799
Mt. Hood Community College		56,481,704	4.83%		2,728,066
Multnomah Education Service District		28,200,000	1.30%		366,600
Other:					
Multnomah County		224,738,000	1.32%		2,966,542
Port of Portland		815,328,291	0.64%		5,218,101
TriMet Transportation District		828,820,000	0.86%		7,127,852
Subtotal, overlapping debt					66,910,472
City of Troutdale, Oregon direct debt					11,413,810
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	78,324,282

Source: The State of Oregon Office of the Treasurer, acting on behalf of the Municipal Debt Advisory Commission (MDAC) & Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Troutdale. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Fiscal Veat

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Debt Limit Total net debt application to limit	\$ 50,725,479	\$ 55,676,056	\$ 54,720,846	\$ 51,943,677	\$ 51,339,262	\$ 51,872,159	\$ 57,128,678	\$ 59,558,620	\$ 63,847,241	\$ 72,065,256 5,000,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 50,725,479	\$ 55,676,056	\$ 54,720,846	\$ 51,943,677	\$ 51,339,262	\$ 51,872,159	\$ 57,128,678	\$ 59,558,620	\$ 63,847,241	\$ 67,065,256
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	6.94%
	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017-2018									

Real market value (2017-18) 1	\$ 2,402,175,197
Debt limit (3% of total real market value)	72,065,256
Debt subject to limit:	5,000,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 67,065,256

1 Note: Oregon Revised Statute 287A.050 provides a debt limit of 3% of the taxable real market value within the City's boundaries for general obligation bonds. Utility revenue bonds and assessment bonds are excluded from the limitation. The general obligation bonds outstanding for the City are for the new police station, which is excluded from debt subject to the limit. The Full Faith and Credit Obligations issued in 2018 are subject to the debt limit.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PROPERTY VALUE AND NEW CONSTRUCTION VALUE Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

	New Commercial Construction ¹				uction 1	Property Value		
Fiscal Year	Number of Units	Value	Number of Units		Value	Assessed Value	Tax Rate	
2009	14	\$ 40,047,369	17	\$	3,173,369	############	4.40	
2010	43	58,680,115	20		3,642,609	1,079,497,361	4.39	
2011	-	-	3		640,367	1,107,900,669	4.44	
2012	46	7,876,916	16		940,582	1,124,964,739	4.93	
2013	42	3,061,104	19		937,644	1,115,008,909	5.09	
2014	53	18,894,063	19		1,205,558	1,278,870,040	5.06	
2015	86	8,443,560	36		1,093,255	1,289,385,250	4.86	
2016	79	3,666,027	40		1,466,695	1,320,133,820	4.77	
2017	46	21,609,088	56		6,298,576	1,387,498,970	4.73	
2018	72	178,558,311	54		3,612,348	1,451,512,515	4.64	

¹ City of Troutdale Building Department.

² Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Billings	Special Assessment Collections ¹
2009		-
2010	-	-
2011	-	-
2012	-	-
2013	-	-
2014	-	-
2015	-	-
2016	-	-
2017	-	-
2018	-	-

¹ Includes prepayments.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

			Pe	r Capita		Unemployment
		Personal Income	Perso	nal Income		Rate
		(Multnomah	(Port	land Metro	School	(Portland Metro
Fiscal Year	Population ¹	County) ²	A	Area) ²	Enrollment ³	Area) ⁴
2009	15,535	\$28,440,292,000	\$	38,565	3,689	10.7%
2010	15,595	29,458,183,000		39,384	4,674	10.5%
2011	15,980	31,161,157,000		41,302	4,089	9.1%
2012	16,000	32,644,222,000		43,189	4,252	8.2%
2013	16,005	33,376,029,000		43,728	4,128	7.2%
2014	16,015	36,588,018,000		45,794	4,221	6.4%
2015	16,020	38,906,295,000		48,422	4,159	5.8%
2016	16,035	41,194,678,000		50,489	4,156	5.6%
2017	16,070	43,873,915,000		54,329	4,064	4.1%
2018	16,185	N/A		N/A	4,101	N/A

Data Sources:

N/A - data not available.

¹ Portland State University, Population Research and Census center.

² U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Calendar year info

³ Reynolds School District: Four schools located within corporate limits.

⁴ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Calendar year info since 2007

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Prior Year

		2018		2017			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
FedEx Ground Package System, Inc.	753	1	14.08%	740	1	13.98%	
Walsh Trucking Co., LTD	416	2	7.78%	416	2	7.86%	
Home Depot USA, Inc.	165	3	3.09%	176	3	3.33%	
Tube Specialties	140	4	2.62%	140	4	2.65%	
Safway Services	137	5	2.56%	137	5	2.59%	
Travel Centers of America	125	6	2.34%	125	7	2.36%	
Safeway, Inc.	122	7	2.28%	106	10	2.00%	
Edgefield McMenamins	120	8	2.24%	120	8	2.27%	
Development NW	120	9	2.24%			0.00%	
Amazon.com	117	10	2.19%			0.00%	
Toyo Tanso USA, Inc				134	6	2.53%	
Postal Express, Inc.				113	9	2.14%	
Totals	2,215		41.86%	2,207		41.70%	

Source: City of Troutdale business license applications self reported. Combined full time and part time positions reported

CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Full-time Equivalent Employees for Fiscal Year Ended

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
General Government	14.5	14.0	14.3	14.3	15.8	13.4	12.4	14.1	15.1	16.0
Police										
Officers	24	22	23	23	24	25	25	0.0	0.0	0.0
Civilians	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Building Safety		4.0	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.5	1.8	3.3	3.0	3.0
Community Development	16.8	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.0	1.5	2.5	3.0	3.0
Parks & Facilities		4.0	4.0	4.0	4.4	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Streets	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.1
Water	5.9	6.0	5.5	5.4	5.0	4.8	5.0	5.1	4.1	4.1
Sewer	8.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.5
Storm							2.1	2.2	2.2	2.6
Public Works Services										
Equipment Maintenance	2.1	2.1	1.5	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.1
Management	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.2	6.2	10.0	9.0
Total	84.2	74.1	70.6	71.4	74.0	72.8	72.8	49.5	53.6	53.8

Source: City financial records.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Function Police Calls for service 8,662 8,179 8,236 11,897 11,798 10,505 10,592 10,484 10,943 N/A Traffic Calls¹ 3,018 3.808 3,828 3,316 3,060 2,508 1,571 2,440 2,644 N/A Part I crimes 2 560 532 549 599 550 558 493 613 615 N/A Part II crimes 2 772 736 882 940 727 608 727 238 329 N/A Water Number of users 4,605 4,616 4,645 4,641 4,644 4,655 4,539 4,555 4,648 4,662 Average daily production (in thousands of gallons) 1,733 1,562 1,547 1,643 1,617 1,547 1,592 1,641 1,560 1,620 Sewer System Number of users 4,497 4,511 4,514 4,476 4,373 4,491 4,498 4,419 4,452 4,462 Average daily use or consumption (in

1,397

4,560

Fiscal Year

1,390

4,466

1,337

4,584

1,303

4,591

1,170

4,609

1,500

4,686

1,600

4,705

Sources: Various City departments.

thousands of gallons)

Storm Water System Number of users

N/A - data not available.

1,200

4,619

1,200

4,633

1,348

4,605

Note: Indicators are not available for highways and streets and general government.

¹ Calls for Service compiled on a calendar year basis from Bureau of Emergency Communications (BOEC) dispatch reports. Traffic calls compiled on a calendar year basis from BOEC dispatch reports but are officer initiated.

² Police Part I and II crime statistics compiled on a calendar year basis. Part I crimes include homicide, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Part II crimes include simple assault, forgery/counterfeit, fraud, embezzlement, stolen property, vandalism, weapons laws, prostitution, other sex offenses, drug abuse, gambling, offenses against family, DUI, liquor laws, disorderly conduct, negligent homicide, and curfew/runaway.

CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Fiscal Year 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 **Function** Public Safety Police: Stations 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 24 24 20 20 20 20 0 0 0 Patrol units 20 Highways and streets Streets (miles) 41.2 42.5 42.8 42.9 42.8 43.2 43.2 43.8 43.6 43.73 Culture and recreation 73 73 87 89.70 86.45 86.45 83.47 83.47 83.47 83.47 Parks acreage 96 96 164 164.11 163.91 152.30 154.03 154.03 154.03 154.03 Greenways acreage 18 18 29 29 Parks, Greenways & Natural Areas 29 30 30 29 29 29 Water system 64 65.50 66.89 66.72 66.72 67.85 Water main lines (miles) 64 61 61.25 67.6 Daily storage capacity (in millions of gallons) 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6 6 6 Daily production capacity (in millions of gallons) 4.4 3.8 6.0 6.0 5.2 5.8 5.8 5.8 6.99 6.99 Sewer system Sanitary sewer lines (miles) 51.5 51.5 54.6 54.62 55.91 55.87 55.92 55.98 55.98 56.07 Daily plant capacity (in millions of gallons) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 6.3 3 Storm water system

Sources: Various City departments.

Miles of service lines

32.4

32.4

37.0

37.0

34.3

34.3

34.4

34.4

34.4

34.4

¹ New Water Pollution Control Facility opened for production in 2002.

² Previous years reported total water rights. In FY 2008, total physical well production capacity is reported

CITY OF TROUTDALE MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



PAULY, ROGERS, AND CO., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

December 21, 2018

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Troutdale as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Troutdale's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Schedule of Accountability of Elected Officials

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Troutdale was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA

Mam Mang, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.