# CITY OF TROUTDALE TROUTDALE, OREGON

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

### **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

# CITY OF TROUTDALE OREGON

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended June 30, 2019

SUBMITTED BY

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Erich Mueller



#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2019

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION





## CITY OF TROUTDALE

"Gateway to the Columbia River Gorge"

December 19, 2019

TO THE HONORABLE MAYOR, MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL, AND CITIZENS OF THE CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

The Finance Department is pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Troutdale, Oregon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. State law requires that every local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. We believe the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City selected the accounting firm of Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C. to conduct the independent financial audit. The auditor rendered an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Troutdale financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial Section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **CITY PROFILE**

The City of Troutdale is located in northwestern Oregon, in the eastern part of the Portland metropolitan area, in Multnomah County. It is comprised of approximately six square miles and has a population of 16,185.

Troutdale was incorporated in 1907 and operates under the provisions of its own charter adopted in 1994 and applicable State law. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council which consists of a Mayor and six Council members. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term; the Council members are elected at large by the citizens of Troutdale with each Councilor serving a four-year term. The City Council provides community leadership and develops policies to guide the City by setting goals, passing ordinances and adopting resolutions, appointing advisory committees, authorizing contracts, adopting budgets, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney and City Judge.

The City Manager is the administrative head of the City responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, managing the day-to-day operations of the City and appointing department heads.

The City provides a full range of services as authorized in its charter and ordinances. This includes police protection, contract fire service, street construction and maintenance, water, sanitary and storm sewers, parks, land use planning and zoning, public improvements, building inspections, code enforcement, municipal court, recreation programs and general administrative services.

The City's annual budget is prepared in accordance with the provisions of Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgeting process includes citizen input through various stages of preparation, public hearings, and adoption of the final budget by the City Council. Additional resources not anticipated in the adopted budget may be added through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and formal adoption by the City Council. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers with required approval by the City Council.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Troutdale's financial planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained and appropriated at the department or program level in the general operating fund and public services fund while all other funds are maintained and appropriated by major category of expense, such as personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, and transfers. The operating contingency account is appropriated separately in each fund.

For additional statistics and information about the City of Troutdale please refer to the Statistical Section of this report.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

**Local Economy.** The city's location in the Portland metropolitan region provides residents with many diverse employment opportunities. The majority of Troutdale's residents in the workforce commute to a job somewhere else in the region. The Portland Oregon regional economy has fully recovered from the great recession.

The ongoing economic expansion has impacted the Portland metropolitan area with positive but modest job growth during the past year. The unemployment rate remains below 4.0% since 2017. Both construction activity and business tax collections continue to improve from the 2008 financial crisis levels.

The Oregon economy has slowed slightly from a 3.8% GDP rate in 2018. The consumer sentiment remains strong provides some encouragement to the outlook. Both home prices and unemployment have continued to improve, with auto sales, while export manufacturing is slowing due to a stronger dollar and emerging markets weakness.

The City of Troutdale receives a portion of the business income tax collected by Multnomah County. The tax paid to the County equals 1.45% of net business revenues. The County shares 10% of the collections with the City of Troutdale, City of Gresham, City of Wood Village and City of Fairview. The tax is distributed based on population and assessed values. Troutdale received \$1.3 million in the current year, an increase of \$158,000 or 13%, from the prior year, representing continued local business growth indicating a healthy local economy.

There continues to be interest in Troutdale Reynolds Industrial Park (TRIP) site with the addition of the recently completed Amazon.com fulfillment center project. Development increase is a combination of an easy commute to the nearby cities and the presence of high recreation, and education facilities that have strengthened the city's economic base. Residential and commercial permits have increased. The housing market continues to grow. The City continues to examine

opportunities to incrementally invest in services which meet the need of the growing community, while also maintaining existing capital assets in a manner that ensures future years are not overly burdened with costs of our most basic and vital infrastructure.

Troutdale has a diversified economic base. The City is home to one of the Port of Portland's three general aviation airports. The vibrancy of Troutdale is apparent with its easy access to the Port of Portland's international airport and Interstate 84 with two major travel center trucking stops, three motels, one hotel/resort and recreational vehicle park. Troutdale is home to light manufacturing, regional transportation trucking facilities, residential care facilities, factory outlet stores and state of the art shopping centers. A community college and major hospital facility border the south corporate boundary of Troutdale.

Troutdale's strategic location at the eastern edge of the Portland metropolitan area, the western gateway to the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area and the Sandy River Recreation Area, allows Troutdale to offer a combination of urban and rural lifestyles to its residents as well as attracting tourists and providing extensive services to commercial travelers.

The City faces longer term financial impact items which include City Hall replacement, Urban Renewal Agency cost, capped property tax increases, increasing health care and retirement costs, and limited acreage for residential development.

Due to its strong and healthy local economy, the City has maintained a strong credit rating for a city of its' size. Moody's Investors Service previously rated the City's general obligation bonds as Aa2. In 2018 Moody's Investors Service rated the City's full faith and credit obligations as Aa2. The City was able to come through the recession of the last decade relatively well due to stable property tax revenues and to responsible fiscal management.

See the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section for additional discussion of economic factors affecting the City.

Long-term Financial Planning. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Troutdale's financial planning and control. The City's current and on-going planning efforts include annual goals set by the City Council, a comprehensive plan, and rolling year capital improvement plan supporting shorter-term strategic decisions. The City maintains a Capital Improvement Program which serves as its planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and in operating condition. A five-year general fund forecast which includes reserves is reviewed by the Budget Committee during the budget process. Financial forecasts on a regular basis to provide relevant financial information and long-term planning tools for the variety of business functions that the city performs, and range in length from 5 to 20 years depending on the business function. These plans are designed to provide enhanced fiscal sustainability for each program as well as throughout the City. Developing and utilizing these plans enhances the City's ability to address future fiscal needs in a proactive and measured approach.

The City remains committed to providing essential services and infrastructure to its residential and commercial population. The City is managed by fiscally conservative City officials who have always been careful with spending and keeping our debt ratio low. While revenues generally come in higher than anticipated, expenditures are kept to reasonable levels and generally lower than revenues, so as to maintain our reserves for future requirements.

**Relevant Financial Policies.** The City has a policy of providing accurate information on program and operating costs to assist sound management of the city government by providing accurate and timely information to the City Council's deliberations. In addition, the City policy is to provide and maintain essential public facilities, utilities, infrastructure and capital equipment through sound operational principles, which minimize the cost and financial risk of the city's government consistent with services, desired by the public.

#### MAJOR FINANCIAL INITIATIVES

**Urban Renewal Agency for the City of Troutdale** – In January 2006 the City Council established the Urban Renewal Agency for the City of Troutdale (Agency). In May 2006 the Troutdale voters approved the Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan. The goal of the Agency is to fund public improvements and spur private development in the Troutdale Riverfront area. The goal of the district is to promote the optimum development of the site. In 2018 the Agency purchased real property from Eastwinds Development LLC, to combine with the City owned land that housed the former sewage treatment plant, to undertake environmental remediation and site demolition to prepare the property for redevelopment. The City and Agency entered into a prospective purchaser agreement with the State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality through Consent Judgment to provide for environmental liability protections for future approved development.

Full Faith and Credit Obligations – In order to fund the Agency's real property purchase the City borrowed \$5 million to provide an interfund loan to the Agency. The City is obligated to repay these debts from any available general revenue. Lenders see these debt payments as first priority payments from the General Fund without regard to other City spending considerations. Through an Intergovernmental Government Agreement (IGA) the City loaned the full \$5 million to the Agency to purchase the property and perform site preparation for resale including demolition and environmental cleanup across both properties. The Agency is obligated under the IGA to pay the City from the property sale proceeds, however if the fair reuse value at which the Agency sells the property is less than the costs, there will be inadequate funds to repay the City in full. However, the City will still be required to repay the outstanding Full Faith and Credit obligations at time of the property resale. Additionally, General Fund during the site preparation period, is required to make the annual debt service payments without revenue from the Agency until the property resale, which will impact both the budget and the ending fund balance.

**Police Department Building** – On November 2, 2010 Troutdale voters decided it was a civic priority to construct the proposed Community Police Facility by approving \$7.5 million of dedicated property tax resources though a General Obligation Bond. In conjunction with the IGA for Law Enforcement Services with the MCSO in July 2015 the City also leased the Community Police Facility to Multnomah County beginning in the coming Fiscal Year. The MCSO operates the Patrol Division from the City facility resulting in increased police presence in the City. From the rental income \$175,000 is applied to the annual general obligation bond payments, and thereby reducing the necessary debt service levy upon City taxpayers.

City Hall Building – Addressing the structural and environmental safety issues of the City Hall building is the City's most pressing facility need. Beyond the several current structural issues, the facility lacks the necessary space for current and future needs. The current facility lacks adequate parking for citizens, contractors and staff, and adequate secure records storage space. The building was vacated with operations being distributed to several locations around the City. At the recent election the citizens declined to approve a general obligation bond to fund the rebuilding and restoration of the facility. The City continues to review options for a longer-term solution.

#### **AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Troutdale for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 29th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR), whose contents

conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was a combined effort of the dedicated staff in the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. We also acknowledge the efforts of other departments who provided information that helped to make the report far more than a presentation of financial statements.

In closing, we acknowledge the City Council of Troutdale for their continued support and leadership.

Respectfully Submitted,

Erich R. Mueller Finance Director

AMueth





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

## City of Troutdale Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

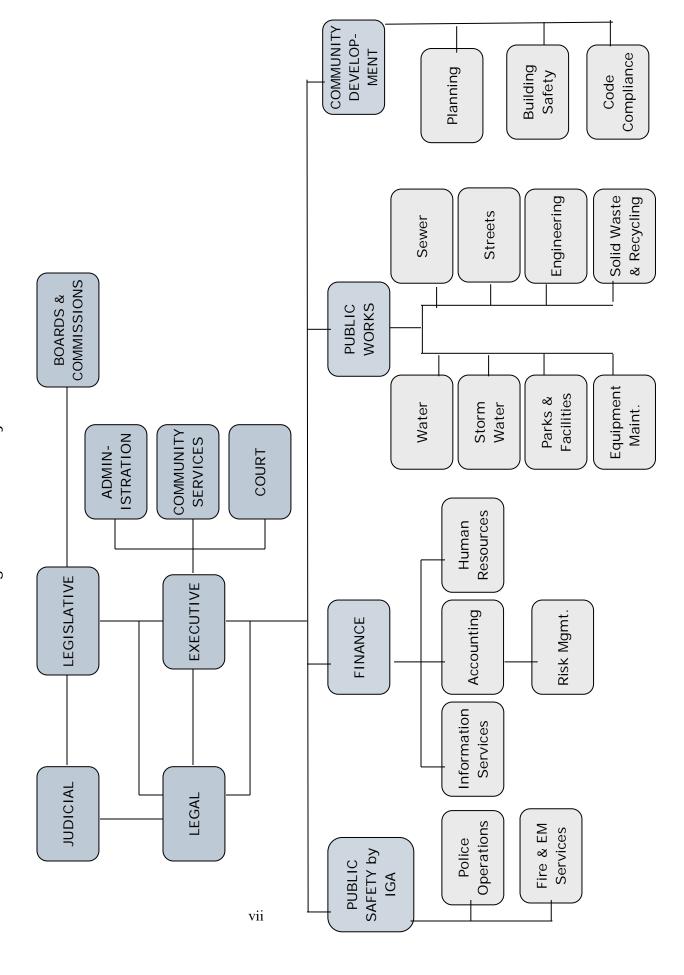
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# City of Troutdale

Organization Chart by Function





#### City of Troutdale, Oregon

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

#### **ELECTED OFFICALS:**

Term Expires

MAYOR

Casey Ryan December 31, 2020

**COUNCIL MEMBERS** 

David Ripma December 31, 2022

Randy Lauer December 31, 2020

Jamie Kranz December 31, 2022

Glenn White December 31, 2020

Nick Moon December 31, 2022

Zach Hudson December 31, 2020

#### **APPOINTED OFFICIALS:**

**CITY MANAGER** 

Ray Young

LEGAL COUNSEL

Ed Trompke

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR

Fred Ostler

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR

Chris Damgen

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Erich Mueller

All may be reached at:

219 E. Historic Columbia River Hwy Troutdale, OR 97060-2078 (503) 665-5175



## FINANCIAL SECTION





**PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C.** 12700 SW 72<sup>nd</sup> Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

December 19, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Troutdale, Oregon

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Troutdale, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Troutdale, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparisons for the general fund and street fund, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements for the year ended June 30, 2018. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, the statistical section, and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 19, 2019, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA

Mam Kang, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This narrative provides an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It focuses on the year's financial activities, significant changes in the City's financial position, budget changes and variances from the approved budget, as well as economic factors affecting the City. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information provided in the Letter of Transmittal and the Basic Financial Statements included in this report.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$67.1 million (net position). Of this amount, \$6 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$4.4 million during the year. Due primarily from the delayed capital outlay and effective cost controls.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17.8 million, a decrease of \$0.7 million due to significant costs of the environmental remediation of the urban renewal site. \$5.6 million of the ending fund balance is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. (unassigned fund balance).
- At year-end, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund, net of interfund loans to the URA, was \$5.6 million or 51% of total general fund expenditures during the year. The change in the ending fund balance for the General Fund is attributable to decreased planned capital outlay and reductions in budgeted expenditures.
- The City's capital assets net of depreciation increased by \$0.3 million primarily due to the URA work in progress, other limited capital outlay, and routine depreciation and equipment disposals. Long-term debt decreased by \$0.3 million through scheduled debt payments.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The City's annual financial report consists of several sections. Taken together they provide a comprehensive financial look at the City. The components of the report include the following:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This section of the report provides financial highlights, overview and economic factors affecting the City. The MD&A is intended to explain the significant changes in financial position and differences in operations between the current and prior years.
- Basic Financial Statements. This section consists of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The first several statements are highly condensed and present a government-wide view of the City's finances. Within this view, all City operations are categorized and reported as either governmental or business-type activities. Governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and

intergovernmental revenues while business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include basic services such as public safety, transportation, community development and general government. Business-type activities are water, sewer, storm sewer, and public services. The government-wide statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snap-shot view of the assets the community owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts.
- The Statement of Activities focuses on gross and net costs of city programs and the extent to which such programs rely upon general tax and other revenues. This Statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
- Fund financial statements focus separately on major government funds and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The City's major governmental funds are presented in their own column and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Other Governmental Funds". Budgetary comparison statements are presented for the General Fund and the Street Fund (the sole major special revenue fund). Statements for the City's proprietary funds follow the governmental funds and include net assets, revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, and cash flow.
- The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- □ **Supplementary Information.** This section includes combining statements for non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules.
  - Combining Statements. Major funds are included within the Basic Financial Statements, whereas non-major funds are presented here. These statements include balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.
  - Budgetary Comparisons. Budgetary information for all funds, except the General Fund and Street Fund, which are presented within the Basic Financial Statements, are presented here.
  - Capital Assets and Other Financial Schedules complete the Financial Section of the report.
- Statistical Section. Trend information and demographics.
- □ **Reports by Independent Certified Public Accountants.** Supplemental communication on city compliance and internal controls as required by Oregon statutes.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Statement of Net Position**

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Table 1 provides a summary of net position at fiscal year-end and is a condensed version of the statement of net position.

Table 1
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Summary of Net Position
(in millions)

	Governmental Activities			Busin	ess-t	• •	Total					
•		2019	2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Cash and investments	\$	17.5	\$	18.1	\$ 10.2	\$	8.0	\$	27.7	\$	26.1	
Other assets		1.1		1.3	0.8		0.7		1.9		2.0	
Capital assets		23.1		20.1	31.6		31.5		54.7		51.6	
Total assets		41.7		39.5	 42.7		40.2		84.4		79.7	
Deferred Outflows of Resource		1.0		0.8	0.3		0.3		1.3		1.1	
Other liabilities		0.9		0.6	2.0		1.1		2.9		1.7	
Long-term debt outstanding		13.4		13.7					13.4		13.7	
Total liabilities		14.3		14.3	2.0		1.1		16.3		15.4	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1.7		2.0	0.6		0.7		2.3		2.7	
Net Position:												
Net investment in capital												
assets		12.5		8.8	31.6		31.5		44.1		40.3	
Restricted		12.1		11.0	4.7		3.3		16.8		14.3	
Unrestricted		2.1		4.2	 4.1		3.9		6.2		8.1	
Total net position	\$	26.7	\$	24.0	\$ 40.4	\$	38.7	\$	67.1	\$	62.7	

The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$67.1 million at the close of the fiscal year, a \$4.4 million increase from the prior year, primarily due to the delay in many capital projects and cautious budget expenditures. The majority of the City's net position reflect investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Net position invested in capital are non-liquid assets that cannot be used to meet current operating cash flow needs of the City. Investments include buildings and equipment used to provide city services and infrastructure benefiting the community, including roads, curbs and sidewalks, and water, sewer and waste water systems.

Restricted net position are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restricted net position include system development charges (SDC) collected from developers to pay the cost of infrastructure expansion as needed to meet the demands of population growth, and taxes and other collections limited to repayment of debt. The significant increase in construction activity has generated SDC fees increasing restricted net position.

The remainder of the net position, referred to as unrestricted, may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the government to citizens and creditors.

#### **Statement of Activities**

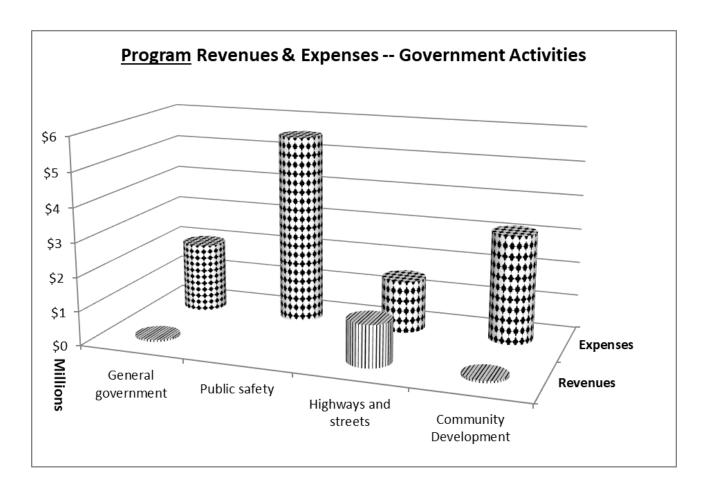
Table 2 provides a summary of the primary sources and uses and the resulting change in net position for the City. The information is condensed from the statement of activities.

Table 2
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Summary of Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

		nmental vities		ess-type ivities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$ 8.4	\$ 7.5	\$ 8.5	\$ 7.6	
Operating grants and contributions	1.2	1.1	-	-	1.2	1.1	
Capital grants and contributions	0.1	0.9	1.4	1.7	1.5	2.5	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	5.5	5.4	0.4	1.1	5.9	6.5	
Franchise and other taxes	3.9	4.8	-	-	3.9	4.8	
Other receipts	4.6	4.0	0.3	0.1	4.8	4.1	
Total revenues	15.4	16.1	10.5	10.3	25.8	26.5	
Expenses:							
General government	2.0	2.3	-	-	2.0	2.3	
Public safety	5.7	5.8	-	-	5.7	5.8	
Highw ays and streets	1.5	1.3	-	-	1.5	1.3	
Solid w aste/recycling	0.0	0.0	-	-	0.0	0.0	
Community development	3.1	2.6	-	-	3.1	2.6	
Interest on long-term debt	0.2	0.0	-	-	0.2	0.0	
Water	-	-	2.6	1.8	2.6	1.8	
Sew er	-	-	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	
Storm sew er	-	-	1.0	0.8	1.0	8.0	
Public services			1.8	1.6	1.8_	1.6_	
Total expenses	12.5	12.0	9.0	7.6	21.4	19.7	
Increase (decrease) in net position							
position before Transfers	2.9	4.1	1.5	2.7	4.4	6.8	
Transfers	(0.2)	(0.3)	0.2	0.3	-	0.0	
Increase (decrease) in net position	2.7	3.8	1.7	3.0	4.4	6.8	
Net position, beginning	24.0	20.2	38.7_	35.6_	62.7	55.8	
Net position, ending	\$ 26.7	\$ 24.0	\$ 40.4	\$ 38.6	\$ 67.1	\$ 62.6	

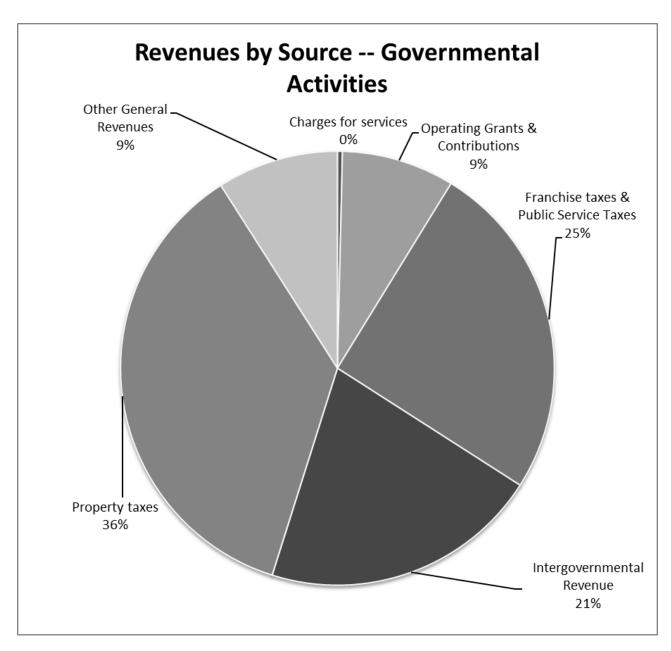
During the fiscal year, the City's total net position increased by \$4.4 million. Business Type activities increased \$1.7 million and the Governmental activities \$2.7 million increase.

The following graph shows the expenses of each governmental function compared to the program revenues generated specifically from its operations.



General government support services (administration, legal, human resources, financial, and computer information services) generate some revenues but are primarily funded from charges to the direct operating functions they support. The public safety function (police, fire and emergency services) generates program revenues as well, but property taxes and other General Fund revenues fund the majority of its costs. The highways and streets program is responsible for maintenance and construction of transportation systems, with funding provided by gas tax revenues. Community development services include building permit, planning and zoning, parks maintenance, and facilities maintenance functions. The building permit program covers total service costs with user permit fees. The planning and zoning and parks and facilities maintenance functions cover some program costs with user fees, but property taxes and other General Fund revenues fund the majority of their costs.

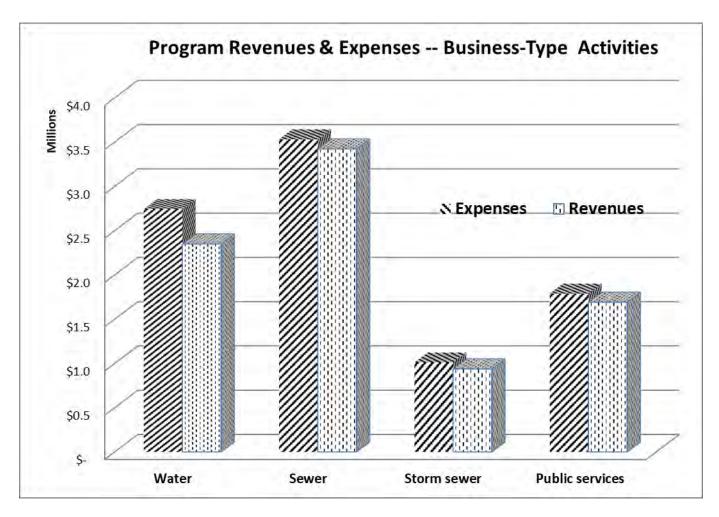
The graph below is a visual representation of the various sources of revenues used to support governmental activities.



Governmental revenues modestly increased from the prior year. The majority of governmental revenues (82%) include property taxes, franchise fees and intergovernmental revenues. Less than 1% of revenues are from user fees and charges for services, with 9% from operating and capital grants and 9% other revenues. The increase in governmental revenues from the continued economic recovery are reflected in County Business Income Tax receipts, State Shared Revenues, and both State and Local gas tax revenue increases over the prior year.

Governmental program expenses were generally level at an increased of \$0.3 million compared to the prior year due to a delay in planned capital outlay. The increases in governmental expenses occurred with the annual cost of living adjustment and benefits costs attributable to Personnel expenses, and general cost inflation for Materials and Services.

Business-type activities resulted in a \$1.7 million increase to the City's total net position due primarily to schedule delays in capital projects and increased development revenues. The following graph shows the program revenues and expenses generated by each business-type function.



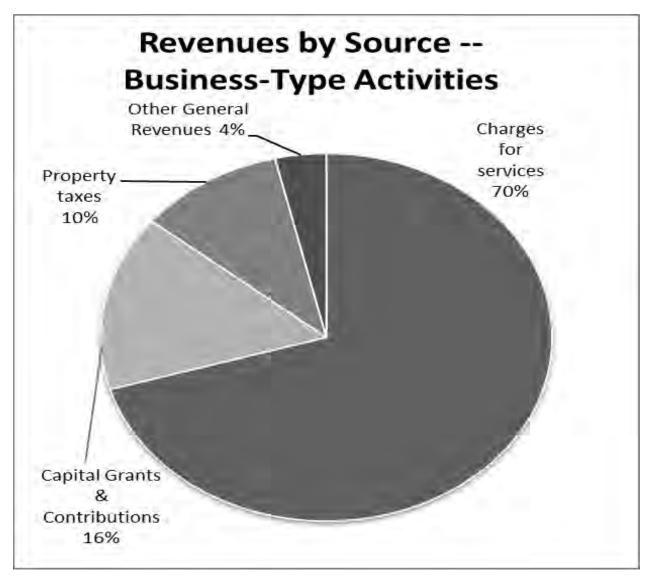
The primary source of revenue for the City operated water, sewer, and storm sewer utilities are customer user fees. Public services (Public Works management and equipment maintenance services) generate some revenues but are primarily funded from charges to the direct utility operating functions they support. Program revenues in excess of expenses represents the increase in net position as shown above.

Total revenues increased \$0.9 million over the prior year due to weather impact upon consumption levels, and the impact of a modest increase of the user rates for water, sewer and storm water systems, and property taxes. Utility systems development charges were significantly above the prior year. Charges collected for system development impact are used to pay the costs of infrastructure expansion as needed to meet the demands of population growth, including debt

service on financed infrastructure construction. SDC fees of \$1.5 million resulting from increased overall development and from significant industrial site development including the new Amazon distribution center completed in 2018. Additional significant increase in residential development in the City is in process for 2019.

City utility user fees for water, sewer and storm services increased by \$0.9 million or 13% compared to the prior year. This reflects the user rate increase and increased consumption from both economic and weather conditions, and final removal of the storm water rate cap.

The graph below is a visual representation of the various sources of revenues used to support business-type activities.



The majority of business-type activities revenues are generated from user fees and SDC fees from private developers.

Business-type program expenses increased by \$1.7 million or 29% compared to the prior year, comprised primarily of \$1.4 of project capital outlay. The remaining 5.3% due to increased annual

cost of living adjustment and benefits costs, contract services, and repair and maintenance projects.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Fund balances totaled \$17.8 million at June 30, 2019. A summary of fund balances follows:

Table 3
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Fund Balances

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Change
General Fund	\$ 11,532,517	\$ 10,788,736	\$ 743,781
Street Fund	3,480,524	3,346,020	134,504
URA Dev Fund	(5,795,923)	(3,270,209)	(2,525,714)
Other Governmental	8,584,039	7,680,506	903,533
Total	\$ 17,801,157	\$ 18,545,053	\$ (743,896)

The general fund balance increased due to Parks and Facilities Divisions capital project delays, and effective cost controls. The Street Fund deferred maintenance continued combined with construction weather delays, coupled with the increase in both State and Local gas tax revenues, resulted in the balance increase. The voters approved a staged local fuel tax which has brought significant additional revenue to the fund. The Urban Renewal Agency (URA) purchased real property in the prior year and has conducted extensive site demolition and environmental remediation to prepare the property for division and resale for private redevelopment. Other Governmental funds increase reflects development building safety inspection fee revenue from significant construction during the year, and deferred capital outlay across funds.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budgetary statement for the General Fund shows the original budget, final budget and actual revenues, expenditures and transfers in and out for the fiscal year. The City Council approved two resolutions for budget transfer of General Fund contingency appropriations authority to various departments within the General Fund and to other funds, summarized as follows:

• \$65,000 transfer to various departments for the wage cost increases in • The American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) union collective bargaining agreement adopted during the fiscal year.

• A total of \$60,000 budget contingency transfers to various departments and divisions for increased labor costs, facility equipment and fixtures, legal fees, and consulting services.

Actual revenues for the year were below budgeted amounts by \$145,000 due primarily to couple of budgeted but not obtained grants and loans. The beginning fund balance in the General Fund was \$487,000 greater than budgeted.

On the expenditure side, operations for all departments were under budget by \$3 million. The major expenditure underspend was from deferred capital outlays, which when combined with controlled spending across all departments, accounted for the overall reduction. Excluding budgeted contingency, expenditures came in 16.8% under budgeted amounts.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of year-end, the City had \$54.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in capital assets, as reflected in Table 4. More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Table 4
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)
(in millions)

	Govern	mental	Busin	ess-type				
	Activ	/ities	Acti	vities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land	\$ 5.9	\$ 5.9	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.6	\$ 7.5	\$ 7.5		
Intangible assets	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		
Buildings & improvements	7.5	7.7	1.3	1.4	8.8	9.1		
Land improvements	2.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	2.1	1.3		
Equipment	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.5		
Infrastructure	4.7	4.7	27.3	28.2	32.0	32.9		
Work in Progress	2.5	0.3	1.0	0.0	3.5	0.3		
Total	\$ 23.2	\$ 20.2	\$ 31.6	\$ 31.5	\$ 54.8	\$ 51.8		

Assets for governmental activities, excluding the \$2.5 million Urban Renewal Agency work in progress, increased by \$0.3 million resulting from the annual recorded depreciation largely offset by minor capital infrastructure dedications as shown above.

Assets for business-type activities increased by \$0.1 million net of depreciation resulting from the routine annual recorded depreciation, minor property disposal, and no significant developer constructed and donated public improvement projects.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the CAPITAL ASSETS section, pages 26-27, of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **DEBT OUTSTANDING**

Debt outstanding at year-end is summarized in Table 5. As of year-end, the City had \$10.9 million in bonds and notes outstanding. Of that amount, \$0.3 million is due within one year. Total long-term debt decreased \$0.3 million scheduled principal debt service payments. More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Table 5
City of Troutdale, Oregon
Outstanding Debt
(in millions)

		nmental		ness-type	Total			
	ACtiv	vities	AC	tivities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
General obligation bond PD	5.9	6.2	-	-	5.9	6.2		
Full Faith & Credit Obligations	5.0	5.0			5.0	5.0		
Total	\$10.9	\$ 11.2	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$10.9	\$11.2		

Moody's Investors Service previously rated the City's general obligation bonds as Aa2. In 2018 Moody's Investors Service rated the City's full faith and credit obligations as Aa2. For more detailed information on the City's debt and amortization terms refer to the LONG-TERM DEBT section, pages 28-29 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND RATES**

- The State's property tax regulations set permanent rates and limited growth in existing property values to a maximum of three percent per year. The assessed values for new residential and commercial construction are also adjusted to reflect the growth limitations so they receive the same tax benefit as existing properties. Troutdale's permanent property tax rate is \$3.7652 per \$1,000 of tax-assessed value.
- For past few years the City had been experiencing an average 5.4% rate of growth in property taxes in the years since Fiscal Year 2013-2014 when the assessed value actually decreased 0.88% from the prior year. The prior reporting period property taxes increased 5.8% with the current reporting period increase of 4.6%. The longing seven year tax and appeals court process over the State of Oregon central assessment process for utilities and Comcast Cable recently concluded through a settlement. The one-time adjustment reduced the period increase to 0.7% with only an approximately \$36,000 of property tax revenue increase over the prior year. The coming period property tax revenue is expected to resume a more typical 3% to 4% growth range.

- The financial markets and credit crisis resulted in substantial declines in the PERS investment portfolio during 2008 of approximately 28% loss in asset value. Under current legislation, employer contribution rates are set every two years, changing July 1 of the odd numbered year. Employer rates for this reporting period were based on the system's valuation as of December 31, 2015, and reflect the changes from the Legislature's Special Session. The Special Legislative Session actions of 2013 which reduced employer costs were ruled unconstitutional by the State Supreme Court in April 2015. Substantially higher rates for most employers began July 1, 2017, and are expected to increase the City rates 3.6 rate points beginning July 1, 2019.
- The Street Fund financial forecast for many year indicated a declining fund balance even at a minimal preservation and maintenance level. To fund the department recommended maintenance cycle, and meet the City's goal of 100% good or better street rating in ten years, an additional \$430,000 is required annually. The City referred a local gas tax ballot measure to the voters, approved the measure. The new tax 3 year phase in was completed January 2018. The first full rate year resulted in \$931,000 of revenue, which has narrowed the funding gap for necessary street maintenance.
- The City entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with Multnomah County for the Multnomah County Sheriff's Office (MCSO) to provide law enforcement services in the City. This period was the fourth year of the new 10 year IGA and has saved the City an estimated \$3.1 million to date over the previous solo City operated department costs. Future annual cost escalation formula which includes an average of CPI and labor cost increases over the preceding year through the expiration.
- The American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) union collective bargaining agreement is in the middle year of the three year contract term in the coming period. The AFSCME union contract provides a 4% cost of living adjustment (COLA) increase each year of the agreement.

Continuing to loom on the horizon is the growing disconnect between what the constrained property tax system in Oregon can provide, and the expected level of government services. With labor, health care, pension, and energy costs all increasing at higher than the maximum 3% annual assessed value increase, property taxes cannot sustain government service at the current levels.

Additional information about the operating issues discussed above can be found in the Letter of Transmittal under the heading, "Economic Condition and Outlook".

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The City's financial statements are designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance Director at City Hall, 219 E. Historic Columbia River Hwy, Troutdale, Oregon 97060-2078.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS		<b>.</b>	<b>*</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Cash and investments	\$ 8,458,607	\$ 5,549,114	\$ 14,007,721
Accounts receivable, net	870,253	694,012	1,564,265
Property taxes receivable	169,383	25,784	195,167
Prepaid expenses	3,434	-	3,434
Inventories	11,471	79,086	90,557
Restricted cash and investments Capital assets:	9,004,636	4,684,760	13,689,396
Nondepreciable	5,982,601	2,662,267	8,644,868
Depreciable, net	17,206,190	28,961,355	46,167,545
Total assets	41,706,575	42,656,378	84,362,953
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferral	872,495	322,704	1,195,199
OPEB related deferral	102,249	-	102,249
Total deferred outflows of resources	974,744	322,704	1,297,448
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	387,479	1,026,428	1,413,907
Accrued payroll	170,063	64,421	234,484
Deposits	3,625	20,200	23,825
Interest payable	33,624	-	33,624
Unearned revenue	3,500	-	3,500
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year			
Current portion of long-term debt	326,757	-	326,757
Accrued compensated absences - current  Due in more than one year	33,305	16,378	49,683
Net Pension liability	2,174,442	804,246	2,978,688
Total OPEB liability	277,614	-	277,614
Accrued compensated absences - long term	133,221	65,511	198,732
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	10,778,221	-	10,778,221
Total liabilities	14,321,851	1,997,184	16,319,035
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferral	1,631,935	603,592	2,235,527
OPEB related deferral	23,076	-	23,076
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,655,011	603,592	2,258,603
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	12,528,876	31,623,622	44,152,498
Restricted	,,	- ,,-	, - ,
Capital Projects	5,107,895	4,684,760	9,792,655
Streets	3,469,761	-	3,469,761
Building Department Services	2,042,496	_	2,042,496
Other	139,553	-	139,553
Debt Service	1,357,220	_	1,357,220
Unrestricted	2,058,656	4,069,924	6,128,580
Total net position	\$ 26,704,457	\$ 40,378,306	\$ 67,082,763

#### Statement of Activities

				Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
				Charges for		Operating Grants and	G	Capital Frants and	Go	vernmental		es in Net Position Isiness-Type	n			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	<u>C</u>	ontributions	Co	ontributions		Activities	Activities			Total		
Governmental activities:																
General government	\$	2,048,064	\$	57,544	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,990,520)	\$	-	\$	(1,990,520)		
Public safety		5,569,285		-		-		-		(5,569,285)		-		(5,569,285)		
Highway and Streets		1,540,598		-		1,199,833		31,857		(308,908)		-		(308,908)		
Solid waste/recycling		10,946		-		-		-		(10,946)		-		(10,946)		
Community development		3,183,733		-		-		60,000		(3,123,733)		-		(3,123,733)		
Interest on long-term debt		166,046								(166,046)				(166,046)		
Total governmental activities		12,518,672		57,544		1,199,833		91,857		(11,169,438)				(11,169,438)		
Business-type activities:																
Water		2,644,216		2,349,240		-		82,045		-		(212,931)		(212,931)		
Sewer		3,531,119		3,422,477		-		1,089,323		-		980,681		980,681		
Storm sewer		1,009,700		937,188		-		270,363		-		197,851		197,851		
Public services		1,788,365		1,691,434				<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		(96,931)		(96,931)		
Total business type activities		8,973,400		8,400,339				1,441,731				868,670		868,670		
Total government	\$	21,492,072	\$	8,457,883	\$	1,199,833	\$	1,533,588		(11,169,438)		868,670		(10,300,768)		
			Tax P	roperty taxes						5,546,391		383,154		5,929,545		
				ranchise taxes						1,449,159		-		1,449,159		
				ublic service ta	ixes					2,436,188		<del>-</del>		2,436,188		
				rest						424,820		239,658		664,478		
				er revenues						4,161,828		14,970		4,176,798		
				nsfers						(175,000)		175,000		-		
			Т	otal general re	venues	s and transfers				13,843,386		812,782		14,656,168		
				(	Change	e in net position				2,673,948		1,681,452		4,355,400		
			Net	position - begi	nning					24,030,509		38,696,854		62,727,363		
			Net	position - endi	ng				\$	26,704,457	\$	40,378,306	\$	67,082,763		

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **Major Governmental Funds**

#### General Fund

This fund accounts for the financial operations of the City which are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, state shared revenues, franchise fees and recovered expenditures. Primary expenditures in the general fund are made for police protection, community development, and general development.

#### Street Fund

This fund accounts for revenues from gasoline tax apportionments from the State of Oregon that are used for the repair and maintenance associated with streets.

#### **URA Riverfront Development Fund**

This fund accounts for the operations of the urban renewal agency. Primary resources are property taxes.



#### **Governmental Funds**

#### **Balance Sheet**

June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Street Fund	URA Riverfront Development	Other Governmental	G	Total overnmental
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Property taxes receivable Prepaid items Interfund loan Inventory Due from	\$ 6,087,306 561,598 164,911 3,434 5,200,000 708	\$ 3,245,120 282,830 - - - 10,763	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 8,130,817 25,825 4,472 - 119,000 - 451,539	\$	17,463,243 870,253 169,383 3,434 5,319,000 11,471 451,539
Total assets	\$ 12,017,957	\$ 3,538,713	\$ -	\$ 8,731,653	\$	24,288,323
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Payroll liabilities Deposits Unearned Revenue Interfund loan Due to Total liabilities	\$ 148,759 155,215 1,000 3,500 29,000	\$ 52,583 5,606 - - - - - 58,189	\$ 144,384 - - 5,200,000 451,539 5,795,923	\$ 41,753 9,242 2,625 - 90,000 - 143,620	\$	387,479 170,063 3,625 3,500 5,319,000 451,539 6,335,206
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	SOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes	147,966			3,994		151,960
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable  Restricted  Unassigned  Total fund balances	4,142 - 11,528,375 11,532,517	10,763 3,469,761 - 3,480,524	(5,795,923) (5,795,923)	8,647,164 (63,125) 8,584,039		14,905 12,116,925 5,669,327 17,801,157
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances  Amounts reported for governm Capital assets used in gove					\$	24,288,323
reported in the funds	errinental activities	are not illiancial	resources and then	eiore are not		23,188,791
Other long-term assets are no deferred in the funds: Property taxes earned but u		r current-period (	expenditures and th	erefore are		151,960
Accrued compensated absence reported in the funds.	es are not due and	payable in the cu	irrent period and the	erefore are not		(166,526)
The net pension liability and th pension asset is the difference earned to past and current emports and the pension liability	between the total p	ension liability a				(2,174,442)
Deferred inflows and deferr Total OPEB liability Deferred inflows and deferr						(759,440) (277,614) 79,173
All long term liabilities are reporterm liabilities are not due and Interest payable Bond payable Post-closure cost care			•	nmental funds, long		(33,624) (10,885,000) (195,970)
Bond premium  Net Position of Governmental A	∧ctivities				Ф	(24,008)
ivet rusition of Governmental /	างแขนยร				<u>\$</u>	26,704,457

## **Governmental Funds**

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	General Fund	Street Fund	URA Riverfront Development	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,859,937	\$ 1,188,006	\$ 41,780	\$ 107,760	\$ 3,197,483
Charges for services	9,934	-	-	193,561	203,495
Property taxes	5,471,863	-	-	191,364	5,663,227
Franchise	1,250,279	-	-	198,880	1,449,159
Licenses and permits	47,610	-	-	634,212	681,822
Fines and forfeitures	265,867	-	-	-	265,867
Interest	146,982	77,063	42,642	158,133	424,820
Miscellaneous	1,832,217	-	-	12,000	1,844,217
Hotel/motel transient tax	716,523	-	-	-	716,523
Fuel tax	-	967,797	-	-	967,797
Solid waste tax	70,046				70,046
Total revenues	11,671,258	2,232,866	84,422	1,495,910	15,484,456
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	2,495,214	-	-	-	2,495,214
Public safety	5,920,806	-	-	-	5,920,806
Highway and Streets	-	1,319,170	-	-	1,319,170
Solid waste/recycling	11,997	-	-	-	11,997
Community development	2,149,460	-	580,724	563,783	3,293,967
Capital outlay	-	779,192	2,029,412	36,594	2,845,198
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest				167,000	167,000
Total expenditures	10,577,477	2,098,362	2,610,136	767,377	16,053,352
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	1,093,781	134,504	(2,525,714)	728,533	(568,896)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	175,000	175,000
Transfers out	(350,000)	_	_	-	(350,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(350,000)			175,000	(175,000)
Net change in fund balance	743,781	134,504	(2,525,714)	903,533	(743,896)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	10,788,736	3,346,020	(3,270,209)	7,680,506	18,545,053
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 11,532,517	\$ 3,480,524	\$ (5,795,923)	\$ 8,584,039	\$ 17,801,157

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (743,896)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capital asset additions	\$ 3,770,290	
Less current year depreciation	(762,495)	3,007,795
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds  Property taxes		(116,836)
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The repayment of the principal of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.  Principal payments  Bond premium and discount amortization  Landfill post-closure cost care  Capital lease payments	290,000 1,573 11,501 5,758	308,832
The pension expense and the changes in deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability represents the changes in net pension liability from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position to pay pension benefits.		226,150
The OPEB expense and the changes in deferred inflows and outflows related to the total OPEB liability represents the changes in the total OPEB liability from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of the OPEB plan net position to pay pension benefits.		4,088
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	(13,139)	
Accrued interest expense	954	(12,185)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,673,948

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bud	get				Variance with		
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES:								
Property taxes								
Current year	\$ 5,309,137	\$	5,309,137	\$	5,273,396	\$	(35,741)	
Prior year	72,242		72,242		191,463		119,221	
Penalties and interest	7,500		7,500		7,004		(496)	
Intergovernmental	2,027,988		2,027,988		1,859,937		(168,051)	
Charges for services	128,500		128,500		9,934		(118,566)	
Franchise	1,237,260		1,237,260		1,250,279		13,019	
Licenses and permits	42,770		42,770		47,610		4,840	
Fines and forfeitures	100,000		100,000		265,867		165,867	
Interest	279,671		279,671		146,982		(132,689)	
Miscellaneous	1,916,986		1,916,986		1,932,217		15,231	
Hotel/motel transient tax	728,263		728,263		716,523		(11,740)	
Solid waste tax	 66,207		66,207		70,046		3,839	
Total revenues	 11,916,524		11,916,524		11,771,258		(145,266)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Legislative	36,605		36,605		19,452		17,153	
Judicial	117,174		118,136		102,309		15,827	
Legal	282,057		284,238		104,007		180,231	
General Government	865,827		865,827		617,907		247,920	
Administration	798,875		814,200		702,419		111,781	
Community Services	142,340		143,810		129,457		14,353	
Information Services	268,290		270,839		236,327		34,512	
Finance	610,605		623,812		583,336		40,476	
Police Operations	3,632,504		3,633,083		3,575,792		57,291	
Public Safety Building Operations	126,081		146,081		126,217		19,864	
Solid Waste/Recycling	21,178		21,706		11,997		9,709	
Fire Protection Services	2,218,797		2,218,797		2,218,797		-	
Planning	437,218		505,591		452,146		53,445	
Parks and Greenways	1,973,440		1,962,766		1,149,379		813,387	
Facilities	1,172,718		1,163,710		547,935		615,775	
Contingency	 850,000		744,508	_			744,508	
Total expenditures	 13,553,709	_	13,553,709		10,577,477		2,976,232	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,637,185)		(1,637,185)		1,193,781		2,830,966	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	 (476,000)	_	(476,000)		(476,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (476,000)		(476,000)		(476,000)		-	
Net changes in fund balances	(2,113,185)		(2,113,185)		717,781		2,830,966	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 5,156,523		5,156,523		5,643,736		487,213	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 3,043,338	\$	3,043,338	\$	6,361,517	\$	3,318,179	
	Budget to GA Interfund I		Reconciliation transactions		5,171,000			
	GAA	AP F	und Balance	\$ 11,532,517				

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STREET FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bu	dget			Va	ariance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:	 			 _		_
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,181,466	\$	1,181,466	\$ 1,188,006	\$	6,540
Charges for services	300		300	-		(300)
Fuel Tax	930,530		930,530	967,797		37,267
Interest	5,000		5,000	77,063		72,063
Miscellaneous	 384,000		384,000	 		(384,000)
Total revenues	 2,501,296		2,501,296	 2,232,866		(268,430)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel services	192,310		207,822	195,781		12,041
Materials and services	1,602,894		1,602,894	1,123,389		479,505
Capital outlay	1,217,400		1,217,400	779,192		438,208
Contingency	 800,000		784,488	 		784,488
Total expenditures	 3,812,604		3,812,604	2,098,362		1,714,242
Net changes in fund balances	(1,311,308)		(1,311,308)	134,504		1,445,812
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	 2,390,709		2,390,709	3,346,020		955,311
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,079,401	\$	1,079,401	\$ 3,480,524	\$	2,401,123



# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **Proprietary Funds**

The City of Troutdale utilizes four Proprietary Funds. These funds are used to account for acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the water, sewer, and storm sewer facilities and the cost of public works management and operating automotive and other equipment used by public works. These funds are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customer. Funds included are:

Water Sewer Storm Sewer Public Services

For budgetary purposes (see budget schedules in the Supplemental Information section), the Water, Sewer, and Storm Sewer funds are accounted in the following separate funds:

#### Water

Water Fund
Water Improvement Fund
Water Reimbursement Fund

#### Sewer

Sewer Fund
Debt Service Fund (business-type activity portion)
Sewer Improvement Fund
Sewer Reimbursement Fund

#### Storm Sewer

Storm Sewer Improvement Fund Storm Sewer Utility Fund Storm Sewer Reimbursement Fund

For generally accepted accounting principles purposes, these aforementioned funds and the Public Services Fund are consolidated and included as four Enterprise Funds.



#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
					-			Public				
		Water		Sewer		torm Sewer		Services		Totals		
ASSETS												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,043,107	\$	3,477,320	\$	424,255	\$	604,432	\$	5,549,114		
Accounts receivables, net		279,144		324,801		90,067		-		694,012		
Inventories		79,086		-		-		-		79,086		
Property taxes receivable		· -		25,784		-		-		25,784		
Total current assets		1,401,337		3,827,905		514,322		604,432		6,347,996		
Noncurrent assets:												
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		190,168		1,881,177		2,613,415		_		4,684,760		
Capital assets not being depreciated		237,890		2,421,306		3.071		_		2.662.267		
Capital assets being depreciated, net		7,576,082		16,459,895		4,925,378		_		28,961,355		
Total noncurrent assets		8,004,140		20,762,378		7,541,864				36,308,382		
Total assets		9,405,477		24,590,283		8,056,186		604,432		42,656,378		
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		404 470		404 470		50 700				000 704		
Pension related deferral		131,472		131,472		59,760				322,704		
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable		142,040		799,936		23,851		17,018		982,845		
Retainage payable		· -		43,583		-				43,583		
Payroll liabilities		12,632		15,373		5,403		31,013		64,421		
Accrued compensated absences - current		5,732		7,546		3,100		´ -		16,378		
Deposits		20,200		-		-		_		20,200		
Total current liabilities		180,604		866,438		32,354		48,031		1,127,427		
A		_				_	-			_		
Noncurrent liabilities:		007.050		007.050		440.004				004.040		
Net pension liability		327,656		327,656		148,934		-		804,246		
Accrued compensated absences		22,927		30,182		12,402		40.004		65,511		
Total liabilities		531,187		1,224,276		193,690		48,031		1,997,184		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Net deferred pension asset		245,908		245,908		111,776				603,592		
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets		7,813,972		18,881,201		4,928,449		-		31,623,622		
Restricted for infrastructure expansion		190,168		1,881,177		2,613,415		-		4,684,760		
Unrestricted		755,714		2,489,193		268,616		556,401		4,069,924		
Total net position	\$	8,759,854	\$	23,251,571	\$	7,810,480	\$	556,401	\$	40,378,306		

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

	Water	 Sewer	S	orm Sewer	Pub	lic Services	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Licenses & permits	\$ 2,349,240	\$ 3,422,477	\$	937,188	\$	1,652,657 38,777	\$ 8,361,562 38,777
Total operating revenues	2,349,240	3,422,477		937,188		1,691,434	8,400,339
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	425,873	512,799		176,588		1,041,198	2,156,458
Depreciation	421,173	585,519		272,890		-	1,279,582
Contractual services	902,075	165,773		361,649		197,207	1,626,704
Utilities	450,604	629,839		1,450		45,662	1,127,555
Repairs and maintenance	226,083	422,325		43,371		41,637	733,416
Other operating expenses	316,518	1,214,864		153,752		462,661	2,147,795
Total operating expenses	2,742,326	3,531,119		1,009,700		1,788,365	9,071,510
Operating income (loss)	(393,086)	(108,642)		(72,512)		(96,931)	(671,171)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest revenue	49.761	108,162		62,411		19.324	239.658
Miscellaneous	3,605	8,961		-,		2,404	14,970
Intergovernmental	98,110	-		_		_,	98,110
Property taxes	-	383,154		_		_	383,154
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	151,476	500,277		62,411		21,728	735,892
Income (loss) before contributions and							
transfers	(241,610)	391,635		(10,101)		(75,203)	64,721
Capital Contributions	82,045	1,089,323		270,363		-	1,441,731
Transfers In	 	 175,000					 175,000
Total	 82,045	 1,264,323		270,363			 1,616,731
Increase (decrease) in net position	(159,565)	1,655,958		260,262		(75,203)	1,681,452
Net position - beginning	 8,919,419	 21,595,613		7,550,218		631,604	 38,696,854
Net position - ending	\$ 8,759,854	\$ 23,251,571	\$	7,810,480	\$	556,401	\$ 40,378,306

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** Public Water Services Sewer Storm Sewer Total CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 1,691,434 Receipts from customers 2,307,632 3,461,897 \$ 907,730 8,368,693 Payments to employees (438,463)(528,714)(188, 235)(1,010,185)(2,165,597)Payments to suppliers (2,017,313)(1,615,363)(543,667)(756,650)(4,932,993)Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (148, 144)1,317,820 175,828 (75,401)1,270,103 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contribution 82,045 1,089,323 270,363 1,441,731 Purchases of capital assets (208,753)(1,157,518)(1,366,271)Property taxes 383,154 383,154 Intergovernmental 101,715 8,961 110,676 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (24,993)323,920 270,363 569,290 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL **FINANCING ACTIVITIES** Transfers 175,000 175,000 **CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** 62,411 21,728 Interest received 49,761 108,162 242,062 Net increase in cash 508,602 and cash equivalents (123,376)1,924,902 (53,673)2,256,455 Balances - beginning of the year 1,356,651 3,433,595 2,529,068 658,105 7,977,419 Balances - end of the year 5,358,497 604,432 10,233,874 1,233,275 3,037,670 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (393,086)(72,512)Operating Income (108,642)\$ (96,931)(671,171)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Cash flows reported in other categories: Depreciation expense 421,173 585,519 272,890 1,279,582 Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable (50,922)39,420 (29,458)(40,960)Inventories (34,640)(34,640)Accounts payable (87,393)817,438 16,555 (9,483)737,117 12,632 Payroll liabilities 5,403 31,013 64,421 15,373 Accrued compensated absences 8,855 2,789 (1,559)10,085 Pension related accounts (34,077)(34,077)(15,491)(83,645)Deposits 9,314 9,314 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ (148, 144)1,317,820 \$ 175,828 \$ (75,401)1,270,103



# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements require the application of all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Troutdale, Oregon is a municipal corporation, incorporated on October 2, 1907. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government as amended by the voters in 2010. The governing body consists of six elected council members and a mayor. The mayor and council members are each elected to serve a four-year term. All are part-time elected officials who exercise the legislative powers of the City and determine matters of policy. The City Manager, a full-time appointed official, administers policies and coordinates the activities of the City. The heads of the various departments, formed to provide services, are under the direct supervision of the City Manager.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements present the City of Troutdale (the primary government) and all component units, if any. Component units, as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, 39, 61, are separate organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The Urban Renewal Agency (Agency) of the City of Troutdale was created by City Council Ordinance pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 457.035 in January of 2006. The Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan (Plan) obtained voter approval in May 2006, and the Plan was assigned to the Agency to implement. The Agency is a legally separate entity which is governed by a board comprised of the members of the City Council as stipulated by the Agency's bylaws, and operational management of the Agency's activities is performed by City Management. The City Council has the ability to impose its will on the Agency as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxation authority, and funding for the Agency. The Plan duration was originally approved for 10 years, which was extended an additional 10 years, with the up to a total of \$7 million in principal indebtedness limit unchanged. The Agency is presented as a blended component unit within the governmental funds.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position.

The *Statement of Activities* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and detailed in the supplementary information.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include charges between the business-type activities/enterprise funds and the General Fund. Charges are allocated as reimbursement for services provided by the General Fund in support of those functions based on levels or service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial transactions are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

There are stated minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and proprietary combined) for the determination of major funds. Non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements titled "Other Governmental" and detailed in the combining section.

There are the following major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

This is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial operations, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, licenses and permits, state and county shared revenues, franchise fees and charges for administrative services from other funds. Primary expenditures in the general fund are made for public safety (police and fire), community development, and general government.

#### Street Fund

This fund accounts for the State of Oregon gasoline taxes. The state gasoline taxes are restricted for expenditures under Article XI, Section 3 of the Oregon Constitution for construction, maintenance and repair of streets, roads and bike and foot paths.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

## • URA Riverfront Development Fund

This fund accounts for the general operations of the urban renewal agency. Primary resources are property taxes.

Additionally, there are the following non-major funds within the governmental fund type.

#### • Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenues from specific taxes or ear-marked revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

#### • Debt Service Funds

These funds account for the accumulation of resources and payment of bond principal and interest.

## • Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for revenues derived from specific tax or other ear-marked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

Each of the four proprietary funds are presented as major funds. Three funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of water, sewer, and storm sewer facilities and are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers. Additionally, the Public Services Fund is used to account for the public works management function and the cost of operating automotive and other equipment used by the public works department. The fund's financing sources for the public works management and equipment maintenance activities are billings to the benefiting public works funds. The activities in this fund directly support the operations of the three other proprietary funds. The following proprietary funds are reported:

#### Water Fund

Water Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Water Improvement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Water Reimbursement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

#### Sewer Fund

Sewer Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Sewer Improvement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Debt Service Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only – portion related to Sewer Bonds)

Sewer Reimbursement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

#### • Storm Sewer Fund

Storm Sewer Utility Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Storm Sewer Improvement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Storm Sewer Reimbursement Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

#### Public Services Fund

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe *which* transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to *when* transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are presented on a *full accrual* basis of accounting with an *economic resource* measurement focus. An economic resource focus concentrates on an entity or fund's net position. All transactions and events that affect the total economic resources (net position) during the period are reported. An economic resources measurement focus is inextricably connected with full accrual accounting. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented on a *modified accrual* basis of accounting with a *current financial resource* measurement focus. This measurement focus concentrates on the fund's resources available for spending currently or in the near future. Only transactions and events affecting the fund's current financial resources during the period are reported. Similar to the connection between an economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting, a current financial resources measurement focus is inseparable from a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. *Measurable* means the amount of the transaction can be determined and revenues are considered *available* when they are collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual are property taxes, state, county and local shared revenues taxes and fees, franchise fees, intergovernmental grants, and investment income.

A unavailable revenue liability arises on the balance sheets of the governmental funds when potential revenue does not meet both the *measurable* and *available* criteria for recognition in the current period. This *unavailable* revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to finance operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the liability created on the balance sheets of the governmental funds for unavailable revenue is eliminated. Note that unavailable revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and basis of accounting, such as when resources are received before there is legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long term portions of debt and compensated absences must be included.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's Water, Sewer, Storm Sewer, and Public Services Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water, Sewer, and Storm Sewer Funds also recognize System Development Charges (SDC) fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overhead charges, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY

#### **Cash and Investments**

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies and Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based up on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

**Level 1** – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

**Level 2** – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

**Level 3** – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Recorded property taxes receivable that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as an unavailable revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary by management, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessments are recognized as receivables at the time the property owners are assessed for property improvement. These receivables are offset by unavailable revenue and, accordingly, have not been recognized as revenue.

In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes and assessment receivables are recognized as revenue when earned.

Receivables of the proprietary funds are recognized as revenue when earned, including services provided but not billed.

#### **Supply Inventories and Prepaid items**

Inventories of materials and supplies in all funds are stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and charged to expenses as used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Restricted Assets**

Cash and investments which may only be used for construction of capital assets or debt service principal and interest payments in accordance with applicable laws and regulations have been reported as restricted cash and investments on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets — which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g., streets, sidewalks, and similar items) — are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements.

Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 20
Utility systems and infrastructure	20 - 40
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5 – 15

Capital assets include contribution of capital assets from outside developers. Revenue from these capital contributions is reflected in general revenues on the statement of activities.

#### **Accrued Compensated Absences and Sick Pay**

Accumulated vested vacation and comp-time pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, only the portion in connection with terminated employees is reported. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. In business-type/enterprise funds, both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded.

Sick pay, which does not vest, is recognized in all funds when leave is taken.

#### Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund financial statements, debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financing uses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Fund Balance**

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications — nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. Pursuant to the Fund Balance Policy adopted by the City Council Resolution 2110, the City Manager and the Finance Director have been given authority to assign fund balances.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General
  Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report
  any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

#### **Use of Estimates**

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. A deferred outflow is reported on the Statement of Net Position for the pension deferral and OPEB deferral.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Additionally, another items reported on the Statement of Net Position are as follows – pension related deferral and OPEB related deferral.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 – Local Budgets Law). The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

Each April or May, the City Manager submits a proposed budget to the Budget Committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of citizens of the City). All funds are required to be budgeted for except the fiduciary fund. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Interfund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object.

The Budget Committee conducts public hearings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments, and then approves a budget which is then submitted to the City Council for final adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by Council without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the Council adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The City Council legally adopted the budget by resolution before July 1. The resolution establishes appropriations for each fund and expenditures cannot legally exceed these appropriations. The level of control established by the resolution is by department for the General Fund and by object class for all other funds. Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the legal level of control which is the department level in the General Fund and the following levels for all other funds: Personal Services, Materials and Services, Capital Outlay, Interfund Transactions, Debt Service, and Operating Contingency. Appropriations lapse as of year-end.

The City Council may change the budget throughout the year by transferring appropriations between levels of control and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

newspapers and approval by the City Council. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally overexpended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted, and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control within a fund.

# **Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations**

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations, except for the Sam Cox Building Fund – Materials and Services in the amount of \$1,068.

#### 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investment balances are maintained in a common pooled account. Investment income is allocated monthly based on each fund's average cash balance.

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2019:

Cash and investments	\$ 14,007,721
Restricted assets - cash and investments	 13,689,396
	\$ 27,697,117
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,095,403
Petty cash	950
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool	26,600,764
	\$ 27,697,117

#### **DEPOSITS**

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. At year-end, the total bank balance per the bank statements is \$1,731,241. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. There is no deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At various times during the fiscal year, bank balances exceeded the FDIC limit but the excess funds were covered by collateral pledged by qualified depositories. These depositories are qualified by the Oregon State Treasurer's office.

#### **INVESTMENTS**

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. The audited financial reports of the Oregon Short Term Fund can be found here:

http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx If the link has expired please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly.

As of June 30, 2019, there were the following investments:

Investment type	Maturities	Fair value
Oregon State Treasury's Local		
Government Investment Pool	Avg 0 – 6 months	\$26,600,764

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. Declines in fair values are managed by limiting the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to levels required by State statute.

#### **Credit Risk**

State statutes authorize investment primarily in general obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers and the Oregon State Treasury's Local Government Investment Pool. The Oregon State Treasury's Local Government Investment Pool is not rated.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

At June 30, 2019, 100% of total investments were in the Oregon State Treasury's Local Government Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investment in the Pool.

#### **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables as of June 30, 2019 for the major and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate are as follows:

					Total	
	 Seneral	Street		No	n-major	 Total
Property taxes Accounts	\$ 164,911 561,598	\$ 28	- 82,830_	\$	4,472 25,825	\$ 169,383 870,253
	\$ 726,509	\$ 28	32,830	\$	30,297	\$ 1,039,636

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

There is no allowance for uncollectible accounts deemed necessary by management.

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also delay recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of the end of the fiscal year, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property Taxes	_\$	151,960
Total	\$	151,960

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	 Beginning Balance	_	Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance
Non-depreciable					
Land	\$ 5,867,327	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,867,327
Intangibles	45,942		47,936	-	93,878
Construction in progress	255,302		2,529,739	(255,302)	2,529,739
Total non-depreciable	6,168,571		2,577,675	(255,302)	8,490,944
Depreciable					
Buildings and improvements	10,799,121		-	-	10,799,121
Land improvements	4,858,330		826,490	-	5,684,820
Equipment	1,447,649		165,046	-	1,612,695
Infrastructure	 25,188,555		456,381	 	 25,644,936
Total depreciable	42,293,655		1,447,917	-	43,741,572
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(3,112,493)		(229,017)	-	(3,341,510)
Land improvements	(3,559,266)		(115,128)	-	(3,674,394)
Equipment	(1,121,611)		(112,812)	-	(1,234,423)
Infrastructure	 (20,487,860)		(305,538)	 	 (20,793,398)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (28,281,230)		(762,495)	 -	 (29,043,725)
Depreciable, net	14,012,425		685,422	-	14,697,847
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 20,180,996	\$	3,263,097	\$ (255,302)	\$ 23,188,791

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 80,228
Public safety	167,045
Highways and streets	336,961
Community development	178,261
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 762,495

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	_	Increases	Deci	eases	 Ending Balance
Business-type Activities						
Non-depreciable						
Land	\$ 1,646,972	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,646,972
Intangibles	30,788		-		-	30,788
Construction in progress	13,501		971,006			 984,507
Total non-depreciable	 1,691,261		971,006			2,662,267
Depreciable						
Buildings and improvements	2,331,719		-		-	2,331,719
Land improvements	369,982		-		-	369,982
Equipment	1,159,340		186,512		-	1,345,852
Infrastructure	57,592,463		208,753		-	57,801,216
Total depreciable	61,453,504		395,265		-	61,848,769
Accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and improvements	(954,172)		(48,405)		-	(1,002,577)
Land improvements	(325,503)		(11,226)		-	(336,729)
Equipment	(978,879)		(46,346)		-	(1,025,225)
Infrastructure	(29,349,278)		(1,173,605)		-	(30,522,883)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,607,832)		(1,279,582)		-	(32,887,414)
Depreciable, net	29,845,672		(884,317)		-	28,961,355
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 31,536,933	\$	86,689	\$		\$ 31,623,622

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$	421,173
Sewer		585,519
Storm Sewer		272,890
Total depreciation business-type activities	\$	1,279,582

#### INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported as net transfers in the Statement of Activities. Net transfers in the Statement of Activities are reported as zero for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Transfers between funds provide support for various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers are used to pay administrative services, provide funds for debt service, contribute toward the cost of capital projects, and provide operational resources.

The transfers for business type activities are presented in the budgetary funds and not in the proprietary funds as for generally accepted accounting principals purposes, these funds are consolidated.

Interfund receivables and payables are used to fund current operations and long term projects. The interfund activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

ALL ACTIVITIES		TRANSFERS FROM		TRANSFERS TO	
GENERAL FUND NONMAJOR FUNDS SEWER FUND	\$	350,000 - -	\$	- 175,000 175,000	
TOTAL INTERFUND TRANSFERS	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	
		RFUND LOAN CEIVABLE		RFUND LOAN PAYABLE	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES  GENERAL FUND  URA RIVERFRONT DEVELOPMENT  NONMAJOR FUNDS	\$	5,200,000 - 119,000	\$	29,000 5,200,000 90,000	
	\$	5,319,000	\$	5,319,000	

#### **DEBT**

There are a variety of debt types for the purpose of carrying out capital financing activities. The various types of debt are discussed below. Outstanding debt amounts are as of June 30, 2019.

The following table presents current year changes in long-term debt outstanding, along with the current portions due for each issue.

	Beginni Balanc	•	Adju	stment	In	crease	Decrease	End	ding Balance	Du	ie in One Year
Governmental Activities							 ,				
G.O. Bonds	\$ 6,175	,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (290,000)	\$	5,885,000	\$	315,000
Full Faith and Credit Obligations	5,000	,000		-		-	-		5,000,000		
Capital Leases	5	,758		-		-	(5,758)		-		-
Landfill post-closure care	207	,471		-		-	(11,501)		195,970		11,757
Deferred Amounts:											
Bond Premium	42	,681		-		-	(3,283)		39,398		-
Bond Discount	(17	,100 <u>)</u>		-		-	1,710		(15,390)		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,413	,810	\$	-	*\$	-	\$ (310,542)	\$	11,104,978	\$	326,757

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

General obligation bonds were issued in February of 2011 in the amount of \$7,540,000 for the construction of a new police station. These twenty (20) year term bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% and the final maturity due in 2031. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2019 is \$5,885,000. Principal and interest is payable from property tax revenues.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds for governmental type activities are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest
2020	\$ 315,000	\$ 242,098
2021	340,000	229,498
2022	370,000	215,898
2023	400,000	201,098
2024	430,000	185,098
2025-2029	2,675,000	638,165
2030-2031	 1,355,000	 88,738
Totals	\$ 5,885,000	\$ 1,800,593

#### **Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds**

Full faith and credit obligation bonds were issued in March of 2018 in the amount of \$5,000,000 to finance projects for the Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan. These ten (10) year term bonds were issued with interest rates ranging from 3.15% to 3.59% and the final maturity due in 2028. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2019 is \$5,000,000. Upon the occurrence and continuance of any event of default, the escrow agent may proceed, and upon written request the owners of fifty-one (51 %) percent or more of the principal amount of obligations then outstanding shall take whatever action may appear necessary or desirable to enforce the financing agreement or to protect any of the rights vested in the escrow agent or the owners of obligations by the escrow agreement or by the obligations, either at law or in equity or in bankruptcy or otherwise, whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement contained in the escrow agreement or in aid of the exercise of any power granted in the escrow agreement or for the enforcement of any other legal or equitable right vested in the escrow agent by the escrow agreement or by law. Provided, however, that the financing amount and the financing payments shall not be subject to acceleration. Principal and interest is payable from property tax revenues. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for full faith and credit obligation bonds for governmental type activities are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal		Interest
2020	\$ -	- ;	\$ 167,000
2021	-		167,000
2022	-		167,000
2023	-		167,000
2024	-		167,000
2025-2029	 5,000,000		345,000
Totals	\$ 5,000,000	:	\$ 1,180,000

#### **Capital leases**

Three capital leases have been entered into for several copiers. The cost of the equipment was capitalized for \$50,976. The leases are for a period of 60 months and yearly payments are required ranging from \$1,125 to \$3,436. The current year lease expense was \$5,758. The leases were paid off in the current year.

#### **ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Changes in accrued compensated absences are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within one year
Governmental Business Type	\$ 153,387 71,804	\$ 184,102 88,565	\$ (170,963) (78,480)	\$ 166,526 81,889	\$ 33,305 16,378
Total	\$ 225,191	\$ 272,667	\$ (249,443)	\$ 248,415	\$ 49,683

The General Fund has been charged with the costs to liquidate the liability for the compensated absence for the governmental funds.

#### **RESTRICTED ASSETS**

The balances of the restricted cash and investment accounts are as follows:

	_Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type
Street	\$	3,245,120	\$	-
Project Fund		54,408		-
Street Tree		38,603		-
Code Specialties		2,090,466		-
Sam Cox Building		29,530		-
Community Enhancement Fund		54,174		-
Bike Paths and Trails		21,711		-
Debt service reserves:				
FF & C Debt Service		95,743		-
URA Debt Service		808,700		-
System Development Charges:				
Water Improvement		-		184,213
Water Reimbursement		-		5,955
Sewer Improvement		-		1,195,164
Sewer Reimbursement		-		686,013
Street Improvement		1,046,594		-
Street Reimbursement		103,082		-
Storm Improvement		-		2,582,501
Storm Reimbursement		-		30,914
Parks Improvement		1,416,505		-
Total restricted assets	\$	9,004,636	\$	4,684,760

#### 4. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of City-County Insurance Services (CCIS), a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. An annual premium is paid to CCIS for its insurance coverage. Based on the experience and the pool, there may be liability for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. There has never been the requirement to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy. Commercial insurance is carried for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Management intends to vigorously contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

During 1979 and 1980 sewer hookup reservations were sold as a means of financing the expansion of the wastewater treatment plant. Amounts received from property owners are nontransferable and nonrefundable. Deposits are applied to the sewer system development charge at the time of hookup.

Federal grants are subject to audit by the grantor agency and any adjustments may become a liability of the appropriate fund. Management believes that adjustments, if any, will not materially affect the financial position.

#### PENSION PLAN - OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2018-CAFR.pdf

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238)**. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - i. Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
    - A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided on or more of the following contributions are met:
    - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
    - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
    - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered in a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered in a result of injury sustained while employed injury sustained while employed injury sustained while emp
    - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

- iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv. **Benefit Changes After Retirement**. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.
- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
  - i. Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
    - Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been
    - General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.
    - A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.
  - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
  - iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
  - iv. **Benefit Changes After Retirement.** Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2017. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were

\$327,986, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition approximately \$184,153 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the City in fiscal 2019. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a net pension liability of \$2,978,688 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2018 and 2017, the City's proportion was.02 percent and .02 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was (\$309,795).

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2019 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 14.74%
- (2) OPSRP general services 8.02%

	Deferred Outflow		Def	erred Inflow
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	101,326	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		692,539		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		132,270
Net changes in proportionate share		23,741		1,909,179
Differences between City contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		49,607		194,078
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)	•	867,213		2,235,527
City contributions subsequent to measuring date		327,986		
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	1,195,199	\$	2,235,527

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount		
2020	\$ (284,439)		
2021	(375,630)		
2022	(586,534)		
2023	(135, 138)		
2024	13,428		
Thereafter	 -		
Total	\$ (1,368,314)		

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated March 4, 2019. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2018-CAFR.pdf

<u>Actuarial Valuations</u> – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

Valuation Date	December 31, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2018
Experience Study Report	2016, Published July 26, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP
Amortization method	pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/.15%) in accordance with Moro
Adjustment	decision, blend based on service.
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security
	Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members: RP-2014 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex,
	Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in
	the valuation. Disabled retirees: RP-2014 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct,
Mortality	generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2016 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2016.

#### **Assumed Asset Allocation:**

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	13.5%	21.5%	17.5%
Alternative Investments	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2018 PERS CAFR; p. 98)

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015, revised as of June 7, 2017, the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	<b>Compound Annual</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.69%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.80%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%
Emerging Market Equities	4.13%	7.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.82%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	5.86%
Timber	1.88%	5.62%
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

(Source: June 30, 2018 PERS CAFR; p. 72)

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018 and 2017, was 7.20 percent and 7.50 percent, respectively, for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-perentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

	1%			Discount	1%
	Decrease			Rate	Increase
		(6.20%)		(7.20%)	(8.20%)
City's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$	4,977,949	\$	2,978,688	\$ 1,329,460

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

#### **Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date**

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2018 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation, or retirement. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the City.

#### **OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)**

#### Plan Description:

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

#### Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits:

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

#### Contributions:

Employees of the City pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. The City did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Retirement Health Insurance Account**

#### Plan Description:

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

#### Funding Policy:

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating cities are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the City currently contributes 0.50% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.43% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2019. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2018 and 2018 were \$14,293, \$14,560 and \$13,868, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2019, the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows were not considered significant by management and were not accrued on the government wide statements.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

#### POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) GASB 75

Plan Description: The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. All classes of employee are eligible to continue coverage upon retirement. Qualified spouses, domestic partners, and children may qualify for coverage. Coverage for retirees and eligible dependents continues until Medicare eligibility for each individual (or until dependent children become ineligible).

Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements. The post-retirement healthcare plan is established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the City's implicit employer contribution. The City did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan

Funding Policy: The benefits from this program are paid by the City on a self-pay basis and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is not obligation on the part of the City to fund these benefits in advance.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The City engaged an actuary to perform an evaluation as of June 30, 2019 using entry age normal, level percent of salary Actuarial Cost Method. The Single Employer Pension Plan liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods including the measurement:

Discount Rate per year	3.58%
General Inflation Rate per year	2.50%
Salary Scale per year	3.50%

#### Health Care Cost Trends:

Year	Trend	Year	Trend
2018	6.75 %	2036-2038	6.00 %
2019	7.00	2039-2045	5.75
2020	5.5	2046-2050	5.50
2021-2025	5.00	2051-2061	5.25
2026-2029	4.75	2062-2065	5.00
2030-2033	5.00	2066+	4.75
2034	5.25		
2035	5.75		

Mortality rates were based on rates adopted by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) for its December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation of retirement benefits.

Turnover rates were based on percentages developed for the valuation of benefits under Oregon PERS and vary by years of service.

Disability rates were not used.

Retirement rates were based on Oregon PERS assumptions. Annual rates are based on age, Tier / OPSRP, and duration of service.

The projection of benefits for financial reporting purpose does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

#### Changes in Medical Benefit OPEB Liability:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	2019	2018
	\$ 207,616	\$ 217,397
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost	12,623	13,287
Interest	7,628	6,317
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains/losses	82,584	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	(18,358)	(11,198)
Benefit Payments	(14,479)	(18,187)
Net Changes for the Year	69,998	(9,781)
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 277,614	\$ 207,616

Sensitivity of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability to Changes in Discount and Trend Rates: The following presents the net other post-employment benefit liability (NOL), calculated using the discount rate of 3.87 percent, as well as what the liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage-point lower (2.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.87 percent) than the current rate:

June 30, 2019	1%	(	Current	1%			
	ecrease	Disc	count Rate	 Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 296.315	\$	277.614	\$ 260.401			

The following presents the net other post-employment benefit liability (NOL), calculated using trend rate of 6.5 percent graded down to 5.0 percent, as well as what the liability would be if it was calculated using a trend rate 1-percentage-point lower (5.5 percent graded down to 4.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5 percent graded down to 6.0 percent) than the current rate:

June 30, 2019	1%		Current	1%			
	 ecrease	Tr	end Rate		ncrease		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 256,325	\$	277,614	\$	302,362		

	Deferred Outflow Deferred In						
	of I	Resources	of F	Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	69,680	\$	-			
Changes in assumptions		-		(23,076)			
Benefit Payments		32,569					
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	102,249	\$	(23,076)			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Am	ount
2020	\$	8,230
2021		8,230
2022		8,230
2023		8,230
2024		9,674
Thereafter		4,010
Total	\$ 4	6,604

#### **DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS**

Two deferred compensation trust plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The trusts hold the assets for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Plan assets are not the property of the City, or subject to the claims of the City's general creditors.

#### PROPERTY TAX LIMITATION

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for governmental operations. Under the limitation, tax revenue is separated into those for public schools and those for local governments other than public schools. The limitation specifies a maximum rate for all local government operations of \$10.00 per \$1,000 of real market value, while schools are similarly limited to a \$5.00 maximum rate. Local government taxes in the City currently do not exceed the \$10.00 rate limit; however, this limitation may affect the availability of future tax revenues.

In May 1997, voters approved Measure 50 which rolled back assessed values to 90% of 1995-96 and limits future increases of taxable assessed values to 3% per year, exclusive of new construction and property that is improved, rezoned, subdivided, or ceases to qualify for exemption. Tax rates are now fixed and not subject to change. Voters may approve local initiatives above the fixed rate provided a majority approves at either (i) a general election in an even numbered year, or (ii) at any other election in which at least 50% of registered voters cast a ballot.

#### POST-CLOSURE LANDFILL CARE

The Sunrise Park (Obrist) Landfill previous Solid Waste Disposal Site Closure Permit Number 1193 expired in April 2009. The facility is permitted as a Closed Construction and Demolition Landfill. The landfill closure permit was renewed by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) on December 21, 2012 based upon a Land Use Compatibility Statement May 14, 1998 and a Solid Waste Disposal Site Closure Permit renewal application of November 17, 2008, and an Environmental Monitoring Plan approved by DEQ on March 15, 2011.

The City has had a previously unrecorded a liability for the estimated costs of landfill postclosure care. As part of the above renewal application with DEQ the City is providing a financial assurance plan beginning with the 2012-2013 fiscal year and for each subsequent year to comply with State and federal laws and regulations which require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure.

The City has evaluated the liability by examining the estimated costs needed to perform the postclosure care over the remaining life determined the year ended June 30, 2019 estimated liability of \$195,970. The estimated future costs to maintain and monitor the landfill may change due to one or more of the following factors of inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes to applicable laws or regulations. The City believes this long term liability has been, and will remain, immaterial in light of the City's overall financial condition.

#### 5. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

There is a deficit fund balance in the following fund:

URA Riverfront Development Fund - \$5,795,923 Sam Cox Building - \$63,125

The deficit fund balances are the result of budgetary to GAAP accounting differences for Interfund Loans. The fund balance deficits will be resolved when the interfund loans are paid off.

#### 6. FUND BALANCE CONSTRAINTS

The specific purposes for each of the categories of fund balance as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Fund Balances:	G	eneral Fund	s	treet Fund	A Riverfront evelopment	ı	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable:		<u> </u>			 ····	-		
Prepaid items	\$	3,434	\$	10,763	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 14,197
Inventory		708			 -		-	 708
Total		4,142		10,763	-		-	14,905
Restricted:								
Captial projects		-		-	-		7,289,944	7,289,944
Debt service		-		-	-		1,357,220	1,357,220
Street maintenance		-		3,469,761	 -		-	 3,469,761
Total		-		3,469,761	-		8,647,164	12,116,925
Unassigned:		11,528,375		-	 (5,795,923)		(63,125)	 5,669,327
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$	11,532,517	\$	3,480,524	\$ (5,795,923)	\$	8,584,039	\$ 17,801,157

#### 7. TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

As of June 30, 2019, the City offers tax abatements as a sponsor of the Columbia Cascade Enterprise Zone, ORS Chapter 285C, which would reduce the City's property tax revenue. For the current reporting period there were no companies receiving Enterprise Zone tax abatements. However, one project is expected to receive the tax abatement in the next reporting period and is receiving the Enterprise Zone Construction-In-Process tax abatement in current reporting period.

Construction in Progress, Enterprise Zone, ORS 285C.170. To stimulate and protect economic
success in State of Oregon authorized enterprise zones by providing tax incentives for new
commercial investment in buildings, equipment and associated infrastructure. This abatement
exempts the additional taxable value of property being constructed in furtherance of the
production of income, in the process of construction, and not yet in use or occupancy on

January 1. City property tax revenues were reduced \$84,826.64 by the program during the current reporting period.

In addition, there were tax abatement programs provided by the State of Oregon which also reduced the City's property tax revenues.

- Special Assessment of Historic Property, ORS 358.487 to 358.543. To support historic building
  preservation the program specially assesses a property's assessed value for 15 years through
  the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) approval. City property tax revenues were
  reduced by \$19,187 by the program during the current reporting period.
- Alternative Energy Systems, ORS 307.175. To encourage alternative energy production this
  abatement exempts the additional taxable value of equipping a property with net metering or
  with alternative systems for onsite electricity or climate control as compared to a conventional
  system until 2023. City property taxes were reduced by \$3,658 by the program during the
  current reporting period.
- The Oregon Enterprise Zone program is a State of Oregon economic development program established, that allows for property tax exemptions. A Construction-in-Process exemption is available for qualifying properties currently under construction in an Enterprise Zone.

To qualify, the property must be owned or leased by an authorized business that is contractually obligated to own or lease the property until placed in service, it may not be previously subject to exemption as a commercial facility (ORS 307.330), and may not be operated, in all or part, as a hotel, motel, or destination resort.

Property may be exempt for no more than two tax years, which must be consecutive, and is not dependent on the property already receiving or being qualified to receive the Enterprise Zone exemption. City property taxes were reduced by \$84,827 by the program during the current reporting period.

Day Care Centers, Student Housing and Religious Schools, ORS 307.145. Legislature has
determined that providing a property tax exemption to a variety of religious, charitable,
educational and other nonprofit organizations provides a general public good to the community.
This abatement exempts qualified nonprofit organization property from property taxes. City
property tax revenues were reduced \$2,201 by the program during the current reporting period.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	propo of the	(b) Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL)		(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2019	0.0197 %	\$	2,978,688	\$	3,328,387	0.9 %	82.1 %
2018	0.0202		2,722,947		3,061,346	0.9	83.1
2017	0.0532		7,989,157		2,896,024	2.8	80.5
2016	0.0580		3,351,769		4,718,429	0.7	91.9
2015	0.0540		(1,224,762)		4,771,980	(26.0)	103.6
2014	0.0540		2,757,356		3,534,062	57.8	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	Contributions in Statutorily relation to the required statutorily required contribution contribution		Contribution E deficiency (excess)			Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2019	\$	327,986	\$ 327,986	\$	-	\$	3,381,884	9.7 %
2018		324,308	324,308		-		3,328,387	9.7
2017		292,159	292,159		-		3,061,346	9.5
2016		296,606	296,606		-		2,896,024	10.2
2015		414,661	414,661		-		4,718,429	8.8
2014		416,388	416,388		-		4,771,980	8.7

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

#### **CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON**

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	2019	2018			
. 0	\$ 207,616	\$	217,397		
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	12623		13,287		
Interest	7628		6,317		
Changes of Benefit Terms	-		-		
Changes in economic/demographic gains or losses	82,584		-		
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	(18,358)		(11,198)		
Benefit Payments	(14,479)		(18,187)		
Net Changes for the Year	69,998		(9,781)		
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 277,614	\$	207,616		
Covered Payroll	3,381,884		3,328,387		
Total OPEB Plan as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.21%	6.24%			

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full year trend has been compiled, information is presented for the years for which the required supplementary schedule information is available. The City implemented GASB 75 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON URA RIVERFRONT DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with		
DEVENUES.		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fir	nal Budget	
REVENUES: Charges for Services Interest	\$	50,000 2,500	\$	50,000 2,500	\$ 41,780 42,642	\$	(8,220) 40,142	
Total revenues		52,500		52,500	84,422		31,922	
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and services		700,000		700,000	580,724		119,276	
Capital outlay		2,115,000		2,115,000	2,029,412		85,588	
Contingency		14,024		14,024	 		14,024	
Total expenditures		2,829,024		2,829,024	 2,610,136		218,888	
Revenues over (under)		(0.770.504)		(0.770.504)	(0.505.744)		050.040	
expenditures		(2,776,524)		(2,776,524)	(2,525,714)		250,810	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	s):							
Interfund Loan Proceeds		100,000		100,000	 100,000		-	
Total other financing sources								
(uses)		100,000		100,000	 100,000			
Net changes in fund balances		(2,676,524)		(2,676,524)	(2,425,714)		250,810	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		2,676,524		2,676,524	 2,829,791		153,267	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$ 404,077	\$	404,077	
		•		Reconciliation transactions	(6,200,000)			
				Fund Balance	\$ (5,795,923)			

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Total Nonmajor ebt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total
ASSETS	Φ.	0.004.404	Φ	004 442	Φ	4 004 000	Φ	0.420.047
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	2,234,484 25,065	\$	904,443 760	\$	4,991,890	\$	8,130,817 25,825
Property taxes receivable		25,005		4,472		-		25,625 4,472
Interfund loan receivable		_		4,472		119,000		119,000
Due from		-		451,539		113,000		451,539
Total assets	\$	2,259,549	\$	1,361,214	\$	5,110,890	\$	8,731,653
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	38,758	\$	-	\$	2,995	\$	41,753
Payroll liabilities		9,242		-		-		9,242
Deposits payable	_	2,625						2,625
Total liabilities	_	140,625			_	2,995		143,620
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes	_		_	3,994			_	3,994
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		2,182,049		1,357,220		5,107,895		8,647,164
Unassigned		(63,125)		, , , <u>-</u>		-		(63,125)
Total fund balances		2,118,924		1,357,220		5,107,895		8,584,039
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	2,259,549	\$	1,361,214	\$	5,110,890	\$	8,731,653

## **CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON** Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Stı	Street Tree Fund				Sp	Code Specialties Fund		Sam Cox Building Fund		Comm. nhance. Fund	Total		
ASSETS	_		_			222 122			_					
Cash and investments	\$	38,603	\$	21,711	\$2	,090,466	\$ 2	9,530	\$	54,174	\$ 2	2,234,484		
Accounts receivable	_	-	_	1,074		-		-		23,991		25,065		
Total assets	\$	38,603		22,785	\$2	,090,466	\$ 2	29,530		78,165	\$2	2,259,549		
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,728	\$	30	\$	-	\$	38,758		
Payroll liabilities		-		-		9,242		-		-		9,242		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		2,625		-		2,625		
Interfund loan		-		-		-	9	00,000		-		90,000		
Total liabilities				-		47,970	9	2,655		-		140,625		
FUND BALANCES		_												
Restricted		38,603		22,785	2	,042,496		-		78,165	2	,182,049		
Unassigned							(6	3,125)		-		(63,125)		
Total fund balances		38,603		22,785	2	,042,496	(6	3,125)		78,165	2	,118,924		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	38,603	\$	22,785	\$ 2	,090,466	\$ 2	9,530	\$	78,165	\$ 2	2,259,549		

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	URA	A Debt Service Fund	F&C Debt vice Fund	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	808,700	\$ 95,743	\$ 904,443
Property taxes receivable		4,472	-	4,472
Accounts receivable		760	-	760
Due from		451,539	 <u>-</u>	 451,539
Total assets	\$	1,265,471	\$ 95,743	\$ 1,361,214
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes	\$	3,994	\$ 	\$ 3,994
Total deferred inflows of resouces		3,994		3,994
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted		1,261,477	 95,743	1,357,220
Total fund balances		1,261,477	 95,743	 1,357,220
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,265,471	\$ 95,743	\$ 1,361,214

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Street Improvement Fund	Parks Improvement Fund	Utilities Undergroun ding Fund	Street Reimburse ment Fund	Project Fund	Total		
ASSETS Cash and investments Interfund loan receivable Total assets	\$ 1,046,594 	\$ 1,416,505 119,000 \$ 1,535,505	\$ 2,371,301 <u>\$ 2,371,301</u>	\$ 103,082 <u>\$ 103,082</u>	\$ 54,408 	\$ 4,991,890 119,000 \$ 5,110,890		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 2,995 2,995	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 2,995 2,995		
FUND BALANCES Restricted Total fund balances	1,046,594 1,046,594	1,532,510 1,532,510	2,371,301 2,371,301	103,082 103,082	54,408 54,408	5,107,895 5,107,895		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,046,594	\$ 1,535,505	\$ 2,371,301	\$ 103,082	\$ 54,408	\$ 5,110,890		

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service		al Nonmajor ital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES				_	 	 
Intergovernmental	\$	107,760	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 107,760
Charges for services		-		-	193,561	193,561
Property taxes		-		191,364	-	191,364
Franchise		-		-	198,880	198,880
Licenses and permits		634,212		-	-	634,212
Interest		40,440		1,814	115,879	158,133
Miscellaneous		12,000			 -	 12,000
Total revenues		794,412		193,178	508,320	1,495,910
EXPENDITURES						
Community development		563,783		_	_	563,783
Capital outlay		1,800		_	34,794	36,594
Debt service:		1,000			0 1,7 0 1	00,001
Interest		_		167,000	_	167,000
Total expenditures		565,583		167,000	34,794	 767,377
·		· · · · · ·		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		228,829		26,178	473,526	728,533
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	)					
Transfers in	<b>'</b>	-		175,000	_	175,000
Total other financing sources (uses)				175,000	_	175,000
Net changes in fund balances		228,829		201,178	473,526	903,533
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,890,095		1,156,042	4,634,369	7,680,506
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	2,118,924	\$	1,357,220	\$ 5,107,895	\$ 8,584,039

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Bike				
	Street	Paths &	aths & Code		Comm.	
	Tree	Trails	<b>Specialties</b>	Building	Enhance.	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 11,827	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,933	\$ 107,760
Licenses, permits, and fees	-	-	613,380	20,832	-	634,212
Miscellaneous	-	-	12,000	-	-	12,000
Interest	967	336	38,854_		283	40,440_
Total revenues	967	12,163	664,234	20,832	96,216	794,412
EXPENDITURES						
Community development	2,794	-	492,003	5,313	63,673	563,783
Capital outlay		1,800				1,800_
Total expenditures	2,794	1,800	492,003	5,313	63,673	565,583
Net changes in fund balances	(1,827)	10,363	172,231	15,519	32,543	228,829
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	40,430	12,422	1,870,265	(78,644)	45,622	1,890,095
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 38,603	\$ 22,785	\$2,042,496	\$ (63,125)	\$ 78,165	\$2,118,924

### **CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Debt Service Funds**

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	URA	Debt Service Fund	FF&C	Debt Service Fund	Total		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	191,364	\$	-	\$	191,364	
Interest		-		1,814		1,814	
Total revenues		191,364		1,814		193,178	
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service				407.000		407.000	
Interest				167,000		167,000	
Total expenditures				167,000		167,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		191,364		(165,186)		26,178	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing				175,000		175,000	
sources (uses)		-		175,000		175,000	
Net changes in fund balances		191,364		9,814		201,178	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,070,113		85,929		1,156,042	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,261,477	\$	95,743	\$	1,357,220	

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	lm	Street nprovement Fund	ln	Parks nprovement Fund	Und	Utilities Undergrounding Fund		Street Reimbursement Fund		Project Fund		Total
REVENUES Charges for services Franchise Interest Total revenues	\$	31,857 - 15,880 47,737	\$	60,000 - 43,522 103,522	\$	198,880 53,767 252,647	\$	101,704 - 1,378 103,082	\$	1,332 1,332	\$	193,561 198,880 115,879 508,320
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Capital outlay Total expenditures		<u>-</u>	_	34,794 34,794		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		34,794 34,794
Net changes in fund balances		47,737		68,728		252,647		103,082		1,332		473,526
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		998,857		1,463,782		2,118,654		<del>-</del> _		53,076		4,634,369
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,046,594	\$	1,532,510	\$	2,371,301	\$	103,082	\$	54,408	\$ :	5,107,895



### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **Governmental Funds**

#### Special Revenue Funds

Street Tree Fund
Bike Paths and Trails Fund
Code Specialties Fund
Sam Cox Building Fund
Metro Community Enhancement Fund

#### **Debt Service Funds**

URA Debt Service Fund FF&C Debt Service Fund

#### Capital Projects Funds

Street Improvement Fund Parks Improvement Fund Utilities Undergrounding Fund Street Reimbursement Fund Projects Fund



# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STREET TREE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budge	t			Varia	ince with
	Original		Final	Ac	tual	Fina	l Budget
REVENUES: Interest	\$	350 \$	\$ 350	\$	967	\$	617
Total revenues	-	350	350		967		617
EXPENDITURES:  Materials and services	44,	375	44,875		2,794		42,081
Total expenditures	44,	B75 _	44,875		2,794		42,081
Net changes in fund balances	(44,	525)	(44,525)		(1,827)		42,698
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	44,	525	44,525		40,430		(4,095)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	<u>- \$</u>		\$	38,603	\$	38,603

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON BIKE PATHS & TRAILS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Bud	dget			Vari	ance with	
	Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenues Interest	\$ 11,647 100	\$	11,647 100	\$ 11,827 336	\$	180 236	
Total revenues	 11,747		11,747	 12,163		416	
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	23,813		23,813	1,800		22,013	
Total expenditures	 23,813		23,813	1,800		22,013	
Net changes in fund balances	(12,066)		(12,066)	10,363		22,429	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	 12,066		12,066	 12,422		356	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 	\$		\$ 22,785	\$	22,785	

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CODE SPECIALTIES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget						Va	rariance with Final Budget  196,380 (200) 38,854  235,034		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	inal Budget		
REVENUES:										
Permits and fees	\$	417,000	\$	417,000	\$	613,380	\$	196,380		
Miscellaneous		12,200		12,200		12,000		(200)		
Interest				<u>-</u>		38,854		, ,		
Total revenues		429,200		429,200		664,234		235,034		
EXPENDITURES:										
Building inspections		336,764		387,768		341,214		46,554		
Electrical inspections		75,047		75,294		58,565		16,729		
Plumbing inspections		74,223		124,963		92,224		32,739		
Contingency		906,401		804,410		-		804,410		
Total expenditures		1,392,435		1,392,435		492,003		900,432		
Net changes in fund balances		(963,235)		(963,235)		172,231		1,135,466		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		963,235		963,235		1,870,265		907,030		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	2,042,496	\$	2,042,496		

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SAM COX BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Buo	lget			Vari	ance with
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fina	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Permits and fees	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 20,832	\$	5,832
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000	 		(1,000)
Total revenues		16,000		16,000	 20,832		4,832
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and Services		26,565		26,565	27,633		(1,068)
Capital Outlay		6,000		6,000	180		5,820
Contingency		31,324		31,324	 		31,324
Total expenditures		63,889		63,889	 27,813		36,076
Revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(47,889)		(47,889)	(6,981)		(31,244)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S):						
Transfers In		20,000		20,000	 		(20,000)
Total other financing sources							
(uses)		20,000		20,000			(20,000)
Net changes in fund balances		(27,889)		(27,889)	(6,981)		20,908
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		27,889		27,889	33,856		5,967
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$ 26,875	\$	26,875
		•		econciliation ransactions	(90,000)		
		G.	AAP Fu	ınd Balance	\$ (63,125)		

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Bud	dget				Vari	ance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES:				_	•				
Permits and fees	\$	99,260	\$	99,260	\$	95,933	\$	(3,327)	
Interest		100		100		283		183	
Total revenues		99,360		99,360		96,216		(3,144)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and Services		123,182		123,182		63,673		59,509	
		· · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		<u> </u>	
Total expenditures		123,182		123,182		63,673		59,509	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S):								
Transfers Out	·	(19,852)		(19,852)		-		19,852	
Total other financing sources									
(uses)		(19,852)		(19,852)				19,852	
Net changes in fund balances		(43,674)		(43,674)		32,543		76,217	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		43,674		43,674		45,622		1,948	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	78,165	\$	78,165	

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON URA DEBT SERVICE

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			get					ance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget
REVENUES:								
Property taxes								
Current year	\$	144,000	\$	144,000	\$	153,170	\$	9,170
Prior year		2,000		2,000		4,963		2,963
Penalties and interest		1,500		1,500		33,231		31,731
Total revenues		147,500		147,500		191,364		43,864
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt Service:								
Principal and Interest		102,500		102,500		100,000		2,500
Total expenditures		102,500		102,500		100,000		2,500
rotal experiutures		102,300		102,300		100,000		2,300
Net changes in fund balances		45,000		45,000		91,364		46,364
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		160,641		160,641		170,113		9,472
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	205,641	\$	205,641	\$	261,477	\$	55,836
		Dudget to CA	۸ D D -					
		Budget to GA				1 000 000		
	Interfund loan transactions					1,000,000		
	GAAP Fund Balance					1,261,477		

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON FF&C DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Bud	get			Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES: Interest	\$	100	\$	100	\$ 1,814	\$	1,714
Total revenues		100		100	 1,814		1,714
EXPENDITURES:  Debt Service: Interest		167,000		167,000	167,000		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		167,000		167,000	 167,000		<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	5	(166,900)		(166,900)	(165,186)		1,714
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in  Total other financing sources (uses)		175,000 175,000		175,000 175,000	175,000 175,000		<u>-</u>
Net changes in fund balances  FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		8,100 579		8,100 579	9,814 85,929		1,714 85,350
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	8,679	\$	8,679	\$ 95,743	\$	87,064

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget						Variance with		
	О	riginal		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES:		_						_	
System development charges	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	31,857	\$	(8,143)	
Interest		2,500		2,500		15,880		13,380	
Total revenues		42,500		42,500		47,737		5,237	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and services		25,000		25,000		-		25,000	
Capital outlay		800,000		800,000		-		800,000	
Contingency		471,174		471,174				471,174	
Total expenditures	1	1,296,174		1,296,174				1,296,174	
Net changes in fund balances	(1	1,253,674)		(1,253,674)		47,737		1,301,411	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1	1,253,674		1,253,674		998,857		(254,817)	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	1,046,594	\$	1,046,594	

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PARKS IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Final							Variance with Final Budget  \$ (100,000)		
DEVENUES.		Original	_	Final		Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$	148,500	\$	148,500	\$	48,500	\$	(100 000)		
System development charges	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	60,000	Ψ	, ,		
Interest		12,000		12,000		43,522		•		
Total revenues		175,500		175,500		152,022		(23,478)		
EXPENDITURES:										
Materials and services		75,000		75,000		_		75,000		
Capital outlay		402,500		402,500		34,794		367,706		
Contingency		674,881		674,881				674,881		
Total expenditures		1,152,381		1,152,381		34,794		1,117,587		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(976,881)		(976,881)		117,228		1,094,109		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers Out		(293,000)		(293,000)		<u> </u>		293,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(293,000)		(293,000)				293,000		
Net changes in fund balances		(1,269,881)		(1,269,881)		117,228		1,387,109		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		1,269,881		1,269,881		1,296,282		26,401		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	1,413,510	\$	1,413,510		
	Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Interfund loan transactions					119,000				
	GAAP Fund Balance					1,532,510				

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON UTILITIES UNDERGROUNDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget						Va	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:		_						_
Franchise fees	\$	191,425	\$	191,425	\$	198,880	\$	7,455
Interest		5,000		5,000		53,767		48,767
		_		_		_		_
Total revenues		196,425		196,425		252,647		56,222
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		2,237,958		2,237,958				2,237,958
Total expenditures		2,237,958		2,237,958				2,237,958
Net changes in fund balances		(2,041,533)		(2,041,533)		252,647		2,294,180
FIND DAI ANDE DEGININO		0.044.500		0.044.500		0.440.054		77.404
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		2,041,533		2,041,533		2,118,654		77,121
FUND DAI ANCE ENDING	φ		φ		φ	0 074 004	φ	2 274 204
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u> </u>		<u>Ф</u>		<u>Ф</u>	2,371,301	\$	2,371,301

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STREET REIMBURSEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final						Variance with		
REVENUES:		originai		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
Charges for services Interest	\$	79,600 100	\$	79,600 100	\$	101,704 1,378	\$	22,104 1,278	
IIICICSI		100		100		1,376		1,270	
Total revenues		79,700		79,700		103,082		23,382	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and services		5,000		5,000		_		5,000	
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		-		6,000	
Contingency		68,700		68,700		<u>-</u>		68,700	
Total expenditures		79,700		79,700				79,700	
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		103,082		103,082	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING									
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	103,082	\$	103,082	

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON POLICE FACILITY PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Bud	dget				Vari	ance with
	C	riginal		Final	A	Actual		al Budget
REVENUES: Interest	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	1,332	\$	132
Total revenues		1,200		1,200		1,332		132
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay		54,105		54,105		<u>-</u>		54,105
Total expenditures		54,105		54,105				54,105
Net changes in fund balances		(52,905)		(52,905)		1,332		54,237
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		52,905		52,905		53,076		171
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	54,408	\$	54,408

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### **Proprietary Funds**

Water Fund
Water Improvement Fund
Water Reimbursement Funds
Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and
Expenditures to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses

Sewer Fund
Debt Service Fund (business-type activity portion)
Sewer Improvement Fund
Sewer Reimbursement Fund
Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and
Expenditures to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses

Storm Sewer Improvement Fund
Storm Sewer Utility Fund
Storm Sewer Reimbursement Fund
Storm Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and
Expenditures to Proprietary Revenues and Expenses

Public Services Fund



### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON WATER FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bud	dget			Variance with	
	 Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 98,110	\$	98,110
Charges for services	2,261,179		2,261,179	2,349,240		88,061
Interest	5,000		5,000	38,031		33,031
Miscellaneous	 1,000		1,000	 3,606		2,606
Total revenues	2,267,179		2,267,179	2,488,987		221,808
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel services	448,465		527,336	451,095		76,241
Materials and services	1,372,755		1,372,755	1,215,370		157,385
Capital outlay	1,002,400		1,052,400	840,465		211,935
Contingency	 350,000		221,129	 -		221,129
Total expenditures	 3,173,620		3,173,620	 2,506,930		666,690
Net changes in fund balances	(906,441)		(906,441)	(17,943)		888,498
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	 1,095,780		1,095,780	 1,246,670		150,890
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 189,339	\$	189,339	\$ 1,228,727	\$	1,039,388

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON WATER IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bud	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
System development charges	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 76,456	\$ 66,456
Interest	100	100	11,364	11,264
Total revenues	10,100	10,100	87,820	77,720
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and services	25,000	25,000	85	24,915
Capital outlay	35,000	85,000	48,113	36,887
Contingency	68,595	18,595		18,595
Total expenditures	128,595	128,595	48,198	80,397
Net changes in fund balances	(118,495)	(118,495)	39,622	158,117
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	118,495	118,495	142,330	23,835
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 181,952	\$ 181,952

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON WATER REIMBURSEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final				,	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:	Original		I IIIai		Actual		Filial budget	
Charges for services	\$	26,890	\$	26,890	\$	5,589	\$	(21,301)
Interest		100		100		366		266
Total revenues		26,990		26,990		5,955		(21,035)
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and services		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		-		6,000
Contingency		15,990		15,990				15,990
Total expenditures		26,990		26,990		<u>-</u>		26,990
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		5,955		5,955
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	5,955	\$	5,955

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON WATER FUND

### RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Ex	penditures/
	I	Revenues	ı	Expenses
Water Fund	\$	2,488,986	\$	2,506,930
Water Improvement Fund		87,820		48,198
Water Reimbursement Fund		5,955		-
Total (Budgetary)		2,582,761		2,555,128
Capital outlay expenditures capitalized		-		(208,753)
Depreciation expense		-		421,173
Pension expense		-		(34,077)
Net change in accrued compensated absences				8,855
Revenues and expenses (GAAP)	\$	2,582,761	\$	2,742,326

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SEWER FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget	
REVENUES:									
Charges for services	\$	3,204,494	\$	3,204,494	\$	3,422,477	\$	217,983	
Interest		6,000		6,000		67,873		61,873	
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		8,960		7,960	
Total revenues		3,211,494		3,211,494		3,499,310		287,816	
EXPENDITURES:									
Personnel services		525,026		587,604		544,087		43,517	
Materials and services		2,056,403		2,056,403		1,887,395		169,008	
Capital outlay		1,756,525		1,756,525		1,159,212		597,313	
Contingency		500,000		437,422		-		437,422	
Total expenditures		4,837,954		4,837,954		3,590,694		1,247,260	
Net changes in fund balances		(1,626,460)		(1,626,460)		(91,384)		1,535,076	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,789,604		1,789,604		2,606,909		817,305	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	163,144	\$	163,144	\$	2,515,525	\$	2,352,381	

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON DEBT SERVICE FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		lget		_		Variance with	
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES: Property taxes							
Current Year Prior Year Interest	\$ 368,700 5,000 100	\$	368,700 5,000 100	\$	375,573 53,253 5,138	\$	6,873 48,253 5,038
Miscellaneous	 175,000		175,000		-		(175,000)
Total revenues	373,800		373,800		433,964		60,164
EXPENDITURES:  Debt Service:							
Principal	290,000		290,000		290,000		-
Interest	 253,700		253,700		253,698		2
Total debt service	 543,700		543,700		543,698		2
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(169,900)		(169,900)		(109,734)		60,166
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	175,000		175,000		175,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 175,000		175,000		175,000		<u>-</u>
Net changes in fund balances	5,100		5,100		65,266		60,166
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	329,104		329,104		364,875		35,771
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 334,204	\$	334,204	\$	430,141	\$	95,937

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SEWER IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bu	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES: System development charges	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 413,387	\$ 373,387		
Interest	100	100	25,065	24,965		
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total revenues	40,100	40,100	438,452	398,352		
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and Services	25,000	25,000	5	24,995		
Capital Outlay	330,000	330,000	-	330,000		
Contingency	413,379	413,379		413,379		
Total expenditures	768,379	768,379	5	768,374		
Net changes in fund balances	(728,279)	(728,279)	438,447	1,166,726		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	728,279	728,279	756,717	28,438		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,195,164	\$ 1,195,164		

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SEWER REIMBURSEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget							riance with
DEVENUE O		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	ıal Budget
REVENUES:					_		_	
Charges for services	\$	70,850	\$	70,850	\$	675,937	\$	605,087
Interest		100		100		10,085		9,985
Total revenues		70,950		70,950		686,022		615,072
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and services		5,000		5,000		9		4,991
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		-		6,000
Contingency		59,950		59,950		-		59,950
Total expenditures		70,950		70,950		9		70,941
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		686,013		686,013
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING						<del>-</del>		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	686,013	\$	686,013

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SEWER FUND

## RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Povonuos	penditures/
	 Revenues	Expenses
Sewer Fund	\$ 3,499,310	\$ 3,590,694
Debt Service Fund	433,964	543,698
Sewer Improvement Fund	438,452	5
Sewer Reimbursement Fund	686,022	9
Total	 5,057,748	4,134,406
Depreciation expense	-	585,519
Capital outlay	-	(1,157,518)
Net change in accrued compensated absences	-	2,789
Change in unavailable property taxes	(45,671)	-
Pension expense	 <u> </u>	 (34,077)
Revenues and expenses	\$ 5,012,077	\$ 3,531,119

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STORM SEWER IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:	 					
System development charges	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 240,633	\$	230,633
Interest	 7,000		7,000	 56,441		49,441
Total revenues	17,000		17,000	297,074		280,074
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and services	47,500		47,500	4,045		43,455
Capital outlay	800,000		800,000	100,000		700,000
Contingency	1,755,088		1,755,088			1,755,088
Total expenditures	 2,602,588		2,602,588	 104,045		2,498,543
Net changes in fund balances	(2,585,588)		(2,585,588)	193,029		2,778,617
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	 2,585,588		2,585,588	 2,385,427		(200,161)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$ 2,578,456	\$	2,578,456

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STORM SEWER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Buo	lget			Variance with		
	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 693,713	\$	693,713	\$	937,188	\$	243,475
Interest	500		500		4,785		4,285
Miscellaneous	 500		500				(500)
Total revenues	694,713		694,713		941,973		247,260
EXPENDITURES:							
Personnel services	174,430		219,411		193,638		25,773
Materials and services	495,375		495,375		437,225		58,150
Capital outlay	155,025		130,025		18,952		111,073
Contingency	 24,378		4,397		-		4,397
Total expenditures	849,208		849,208		649,815		199,393
Net changes in fund balances	(154,495)		(154,495)		292,158		446,653
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	 154,495		154,495		196,954		42,459
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 	\$		\$	489,112	\$	489,112

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STORM SEWER REIMBURSEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget						Variance with	
		Original		Final	Actual		Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:  Charges for services Interest	\$	16,670 100	\$	16,670 100	\$	29,730 1,184	\$	13,060 1,084
Total revenues		16,770		16,770		30,914		14,144
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and services		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		-		6,000
Contingency		5,770		5,770				5,770
Total expenditures		16,770		16,770				16,770
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		30,914		30,914
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING				<u>-</u>				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	30,914	\$	30,914

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON STORM SEWER FUND RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Expenditures/			
	F	Revenues	Expenses			
Storm Sewer Improvement Fund	\$	297,075	\$	104,045		
Storm Sewer Utility Fund		941,973		649,815		
Storm Sewer Reimbursement Fund		30,914		-		
Total		1,269,962		753,860		
Depreciation expense		-		272,890		
Pension expense		-		(15,491)		
Net change in accrued compensated absences				(1,559)		
Revenues and expenses	\$	1,269,962	\$	1,009,700		

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON INTERNAL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Bu	ıdget			Var	Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES:  Charges for services Licenses and permits Interest Miscellaneous		1,738,657 4,556 1,000	\$	1,738,657 4,556 1,000	\$ 1,652,657 38,777 19,324 2,404	\$	(86,000) 34,221 18,324 2,404		
Total revenues		1,744,213		1,744,213	 1,713,162		(31,051)		
EXPENDITURES:									
Equipment maintenance		329,724		334,708	305,394		29,314		
Public works management		1,530,606		1,583,489	1,482,971		100,518		
Contingency		404,867		347,000			347,000		
Total expenditures		2,265,197		2,265,197	 1,788,365		476,832		
Net Changes in fund balances		(520,984)		(520,984)	(75,203)		445,781		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		520,984		520,984	631,604		110,620		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING			\$		\$ 556,401	\$	556,401		

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PUBLIC SERVICES FUND RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO PROPRIETARY REVENUES AND EXPENSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Revenues	Expenditures/ Expenses			
Public Services Fund	\$ 1,713,162	\$	1,788,365		
Total	1,713,162		1,788,365		
Transfers	<del>-</del>				
Revenues and expenses	\$ 1,713,162	\$	1,788,365		



# CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS



## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Source

June 30, 2019

Governmental funds capital assets:		
Land	\$	5,867,327
Intangibles		93,878
Land improvements		5,684,820
Buildings and building improvements		10,799,121
Equipment		1,612,696
Infrastructure		25,644,935
Work in process		2,529,739
Total governmental funds capital assets	<u>\$</u>	52,232,516
Investments in governmental capital assets by source: Balance, July 1, 2018	\$	48,462,226
Net changes provided by:		
General fund		79,821
Urban Renewal		2,508,343
Parks		632,761
Public Works		92,984
Streets		456,381
Total		3,770,290
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	52,232,516

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Function and Activity

June 30, 2019

	lmp	and and Land rovements and Intangibles	uildings and nprovements	 Equipment	<u>lı</u>	nfrastructure	Wo	rk in Progress	Total
General Government	\$	1,282,688	\$ 1,138,972	\$ 398,112	\$	-	\$	21,396	\$ 2,841,168
Urban Renewal		2,406,807	-	-		-		2,508,343	4,915,150
Community Development		7,096,391	2,198,023	654,643		443,959		-	10,393,016
Public Safety		115,781	7,425,333	175,217		-		-	7,716,331
Highways and Streets		744,358	 36,793	384,724		25,200,976			 26,366,851
Total Investment	\$	11,646,025	\$ 10,799,121	\$ 1,612,696	\$	25,644,935	\$	2,529,739	\$ 52,232,516

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Function and Activity	Balance July 1, 2018			Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019		
General Government	\$	2,761,347	\$	79,821	\$	-	\$	2,841,168	
Urban Renewal		2,406,807		2,508,343				4,915,150	
Community Development		9,667,271		981,047		(255,302)		10,393,016	
Public Safety		7,716,331		-		-		7,716,331	
Highways and Streets		25,910,470	_	456,381				26,366,851	
Total Investment	\$	48,462,226	\$	4,025,592	\$	(255,302)	\$	52,232,516	

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES

<u>Tax Year</u> 2018-19	Taxes Uncollected July 1, 2018	Add Levy As Extended By Assessor \$ 6,057,425	(Deduct) Discounts Allowed \$ (159,356)	Add Interest Adjustments \$ 1,259	Add (Deduct) Cancellations and Adjustments \$ (15,403)	(Deduct) Interest and Tax Collected \$ (5,792,797)	Taxes Uncollected June 30, 2019 \$ 91,128
2017-18	103,718		548	2,173	(21,404)	(33,574)	51,461
2016-17	49,108		(269)	2,178	(430)	(27,388)	23,198
2015-16	37,015		(411)	2,708	(362)	(28,620)	10,331
2014-15	42,544		(959)	2,018	(236)	(41,261)	2,107
2013-14	34,893		(935)	235	(193)	(31,027)	2,973
2012-13	31,354		(899)	132	(187)	(29,447)	953
2011-12	31,970		(657)	34	(18)	(21,328)	10,001
2010-11	19,684		(572)	33	(29)	(18,599)	517
2009-10	17,913		(519)	38	(35)	(16,886)	510
2008-09 and prior	2,270		-	260	(23)	(519)	1,988
Total	\$ 370,469	\$ 6,057,425	\$ (164,030)	\$11,069	\$ (38,321)	\$ (6,041,447)	\$195,167
						Revenue	Receivable

		Revenue Total	_	deceivable June 30, 2019
Governmental Funds	\$	5,546,391	\$	169,383
Proprietary Funds	-	383,154	_	25,784
Subtotal		5,929,545	\$ =	195,167
Miscellaneous adjustments				
Change in property taxes subject to accrual	_	111,902		
Total taxes, tax penalties and interest	\$ _	6,041,447		

# OTHER INFORMATION



#### SCHEDULE OF DEBT PRINCIPAL TRANSACTIONS

	Interest	Ot	riginal	Issue	Outstanding July 1,		Z018-2019 Transaction Increases/ Matured/				ons		Outstanding at June 30, 2019		
	Rate	Date		Amount		2018		eductions)		Called		Paid		Unmatured	
General obligation bonds															
Police Facility Bonds, Series 2011	2.0-4.35 %	2-17-11	\$ =	7,540,000	\$ =	6,175,000	\$ _	-	\$ =	290,000	\$ =	290,000	\$ :	5,885,000	
Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bond	<u>s</u>														
Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan	3.15-3.59 %	3-1-18	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	5,000,000	

#### SCHEDULE OF DEBT INTEREST TRANSACTIONS

			2018-2019 Transactions									
	Issue Date	Unmatured	Total	Increases/ (Reductions)	Matured	Paid	Future Liability Unmatured	at June 30, 2019 Total				
General obligation bonds												
Police Facility Bonds, Series 2011 2.0%-4.35% interest	2-17-11	\$ _2,054,285	\$ 2,054,285	\$	\$ 253,698	\$ 253,698	\$1,800,587	\$1,800,587				
Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bor	<u>nds</u>											
Troutdale Riverfront Renewal Plan	3-1-18	\$ _1,347,000	\$ _1,347,000_	\$	\$ _167,000	\$ _167,000_	\$1,180,000_	\$1,180,000				

## SCHEDULE OF FUTURE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Police Facility
Series 2011
4 - 4

		Series	s 2011							
Year of	Issued 2-17-2011									
Maturity		Principal		Interest						
2019-20	\$	315,000	\$	242,098						
2020-21		340,000		229,498						
2021-22		370,000		215,898						
2022-23		400,000		201,098						
2023-24		430,000		185,098						
2024-25		465,000		167,898						
2025-26		495,000		149,298						
2026-27		535,000		129,498						
2027-28		570,000		107,563						
2028-29		610,000		83,908						
2029-30		655,000		58,288						
2030-31	_	700,000		30,450						
	\$_	5,885,000	\$	1,800,587						

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE BUDGETARY BASIS ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

#### Last ten fiscal years

(1) Fiscal year ended June 30,	Taxes	Intergovern- mental Revenues	Licenses and Permits	Fines a	nd	Charges for Current Franchise Services Fees		Micellaneous Revenues		Total	
2010	\$ 4,495,720	\$ 1,656,814	\$ 381,	\$ 353	827 \$	351,583	\$	1,308,156	\$ 1,020,628	\$	9,568,234
2011	4,578,650	1,982,701	229,	327 402	602	261,490		1,242,675	1,006,855		9,704,800
2012	4,638,551	2,043,778	276,	359	776	318,235		1,279,355	1,072,325		9,988,702
2013	4,705,830	2,794,696	246,	595 362	591	409,348		1,272,918	1,141,834		10,933,812
2014	4,910,416	2,237,890	356,	339	269	344,131		1,276,287	1,189,477		10,653,848
2015	5,479,355	2,498,274	401,	936 295	888	313,894		1,319,304	1,012,273		11,320,924
2016	5,879,695	2,617,629	269,	583 222	053	60,110		1,332,446	1,441,518		11,823,034
2017	6,515,952	2,570,534	1,054,	239 381	928	67,403		1,345,455	2,111,679		14,047,190
2018	7,107,336	2,867,310	1,742,	901 235	011	874,578		1,397,703	2,258,970		16,483,809
2019	7,417,593	3,197,483	681,	322 265	867	203,495		1,449,159	2,269,037		15,484,456

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is presented on the budgetary basis. Statements and Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual are used to determine these amounts and supplemented by detailed financial records of the City.

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION BUDGETARY BASIS ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

#### Last ten fiscal years

(1)								
Fiscal			Highways					
year ended	General	Public	and	Community	Solid Waste/	Capital	Debt	
June 30,	Government	Safety	Streets	Development	Recycling	Outlay	Service	Total
2010	\$ 2,233,315	\$ 4,860,333	\$ 546,464	\$ 1,452,360	\$ 3,166	\$ 172,217	\$ 135,466	\$ 9,403,321
2011	2,120,597	5,201,680	782,891	1,360,661	8,139	364,552	136,930	9,975,450
2012	2,104,647	5,307,537	724,049	1,360,507	13,780	5,534,665	138,221	15,183,406
2013	2,088,156	5,240,764	786,038	1,295,030	13,517	2,788,459	139,340	12,351,304
2014	2,067,329	5,462,943	929,899	1,581,270	17,225	619,939	140,286	10,818,891
2015	2,182,269	5,677,030	732,538	1,617,532	15,114	307,304	142,093	10,673,880
2016	2,101,025	5,572,587	977,486	1,649,501	14,832	616,417	143,843	11,075,691
2017	2,281,365	5,391,943	731,374	2,000,360	9,257	344,192	145,354	10,903,845
2018	2,542,026	5,552,528	1,001,291	2,374,536	14,297	3,312,230	183,330	14,980,238
2019	2,495,214	5,920,806	1,319,170	3,293,967	11,997	2,845,198	167,000	16,053,352

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is presented on the budgetary basis. Statements and Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual are used to determine these amounts and supplemented by detailed financial records of the City.

#### SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTABILITY FOR INDEPENDENTLY ELECTED OFFICIALS

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

Oregon Revised Statutes section 297 requires a statement of accountability for each independently elected official collecting or receiving money in the municipal corporation. The statement is a presentation of the beginning balances, receipts, disbursements, refunds, and turnovers to the appropriate governmental official, reconciled to cash on hand at the beginning and end of the audit period.

In compliance with ORS 297, there are no independently elected officials that collect or receive money on behalf of the City of Troutdale.

### **STATISTICAL SECTION**

This part of the City of Troutdale's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall health.

	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.	94-98
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the City's local revenue source, the property tax.	99-102
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	103-106
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	107-111
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	112-113



#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,618,818	\$ 5,149,917	\$ 10,813,733	\$ 11,681,650	\$ 11,679,907	\$ 10,979,510	\$ 11,576,791	\$ 11,304,143	\$ 8,767,186	\$ 12,528,876
Restricted	97,144	10,864,094	6,788,007	5,338,679	5,478,484	5,893,683	5,886,401	7,647,283	11,091,412	12,116,925
Unrestricted	7,697,747	4,302,031	1,151,803	3,056,564	3,110,090	2,775,525	1,610,901	1,255,451	4,171,911	 2,058,656
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 20,413,709	\$ 20,316,042	\$ 18,753,543	\$ 20,076,893	\$ 20,268,481	\$ 19,648,718	\$ 19,074,093	\$ 20,206,877	\$ 24,030,509	\$ 26,704,457
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,758,247	\$ 26,309,662	\$ 25,923,958	\$ 26,034,221	\$ 30,043,118	\$ 29,873,029	\$ 30,273,275	\$ 30,214,400	\$ 31,536,933	\$ 31,623,622
Restricted	2,256,533	2,278,696	2,056,152	1,147,530	2,332,344	2,374,868	2,044,059	2,121,132	3,288,474	4,684,760
Unrestricted	2,835,946	2,965,237	3,220,411	4,392,238	3,449,058	3,417,969	2,116,593	3,323,380	3,871,447	 4,069,924
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 31,850,726	\$ 31,553,595	\$ 31,200,521	\$ 31,573,989	\$ 35,824,520	\$ 35,665,866	\$ 34,433,927	\$ 35,658,912	\$ 38,696,854	\$ 40,378,306
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 39,377,065	\$ 31,459,579	\$ 36,737,691	\$ 37,715,871	\$ 41,723,025	\$ 40,852,539	\$ 41,850,066	\$ 41,518,543	\$ 40,304,119	\$ 44,152,498
Restricted	2,353,677	13,142,790	8,844,159	6,486,209	7,810,828	8,268,551	7,930,460	9,768,415	14,379,886	16,801,685
Unrestricted	10,533,693	7,267,268	4,372,214	7,448,802	6,559,148	6,193,494	3,727,494	4,578,831	8,043,358	 6,128,580
Total primary government net assets	\$ 52,264,435	\$ 51,869,637	\$ 49,954,064	\$ 51,650,882	\$ 56,093,001	\$ 55,314,584	\$ 53,508,020	\$ 55,865,789	\$ 62,727,363	\$ 67,082,763

 $<sup>^{-1}</sup>$  Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CHANGES IN NET POSITION

### Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses Governmental activities:	\$ 2,344,521 \$ 2,048,064
Governmental activities:	\$ 2.244.521 \$ 2.048.064
	© 2.244.521 © 2.049.064
General government \$ 2,474,134 \$ 2,207,978 \$ 2,290,744 \$ 1,980,493 \$ 1,875,390 \$ 2,016,349 \$ 2,251,403 \$ 2,366,482	3 2,344,321 3 2,040,004
Public safety 5,145,857 5,081,873 6,030,937 4,760,654 5,365,424 5,235,720 6,536,118 6,272,781	5,767,448 5,569,285
Highways and streets 578,566 1,427,173 1,419,589 1,239,829 1,408,175 1,166,959 1,519,782 1,179,564	1,319,285 1,540,598
Solid waste/recycling 3,352 8,165 15,320 28,845 15,945 13,375 16,926 10,465	14,408 10,946
Community development 1.537,680 900,494 1.818,625 1.580,808 1.812,461 1.780,461 2.204,802 2.579,361	2,565,323 3,183,733
Interest on long-term debt 85,879 86,643 16,125 20,900 1,379 15,454 11,020 6,215	37,488 166,046
Transfers Out	
Total governmental activities expenses 9,825,468 9,712,326 11,591,340 9,611,529 10,478,774 10,228,318 12,540,051 12,414,868	12,048,473 12,518,672
Business-type activities:	
**	\$ 1,837,104 \$ 2,644,216
Sewer 2,577,321 2,714,223 3,306,348 3,180,079 3,343,454 3,087,108 4,066,368 3,262,115	3,446,285 3,531,119
Storm sewer 423,444 685,874 566,641 449,292 461,676 614,969 1,303,614 835,776	813,068 1,009,700
Public services 945,183 891,327 961,728 942,509 1,081,187 1,108,024 1,336,509 1,333,159	1,552,103 1,788,365
	7,648,560 8,973,400
Total business-type activities expenses 5,729,712 6,233,144 6,853,945 6,454,821 6,773,542 6,506,807 9,115,526 7,406,590	/,648,560 8,973,400
Total primary government expenses \$\\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	\$ 19,697,033 \$ 21,492,072
Program Revenues	
Governmental activities:	
Charges for services:	
General government \$ 913,289 \$ 463,477 \$ 323,000 \$ 275,880 \$ 397,213 \$ 325,671 \$ 69,903 \$ 55,717	\$ 57,058 \$ 57,544
Other activities 7,593 7,650 7,875 7,875 8,175 7,875 600 2,700	
Operating grants and contributions 641,179 744,784 802,626 914,475 889,969 929,972 963,559 974,986	1,051,943 1,199,833
Capital grants and contributions 481,516 10,406 2,508 53,745 50,397 57,550 509,705 57,376	865,435 91,857
Total governmental activities program revenues 2,043,577 1,226,317 1,136,009 1,251,975 1,345,754 1,321,068 1,543,767 1,090,779	1,974,436 1,349,234
Business-type activities:	
Charges for services:	
Water 1,581,316 1,339,871 1,397,723 1,508,663 1,443,755 1,429,516 1,670,061 1,699,038	2,105,320 2,349,240
Sewer 2,179,348 2,180,436 2,290,594 2,380,969 2,471,898 2,575,013 2,777,232 2,895,792	3,087,338 3,422,477
Storm sewer 196,743 197,412 214,480 231,036 240,270 251,092 319,224 380,035	618,967 937,188
Public services 842,452 975,025 1,021,826 1,024,115 1,029,977 973,584 1,323,756 1,638,251	1,714,483 1,691,434
Operating grants and contributions	
Capital grants and contributions 1,729,149 108,618 161,711 40,867 63,281 4,176,323 52,032 104,379	1,654,498 1,441,731
Total business-type activities program revenues 6,529,008 4,801,362 5,086,334 5,185,650 5,249,181 9,405,528 6,142,305 6,717,495	9,180,606 9,842,070
Total primary government program revenues \$ 8,572,585 \$ 6,027,679 \$ 6,222,343 \$ 6,437,625 \$ 6,594,935 \$ 10,726,596 \$ 7,686,072 \$ 7,808,274	\$ 11,155,042 \$ 11,191,304

		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
																			_	
Net(expense)/revenue																				
Governmental activities	\$	(8,486,009)	\$	(10,455,331)	\$	(8,359,554)	\$	(9,133,020)	\$	(8,907,250)	\$	(8,915,124)	\$	(10,996,284)	\$	(11,324,089)	\$	(10,074,037)	\$	(11,169,438)
Business-type activities		(1,431,782)		(1,767,611)		(1,269,171)		(1,524,361)		2,898,721		(1,037,004)		(2,973,221)		(689,095)		1,532,046		868,670
Total primary government net expense	\$	(9,917,791)	\$	(12,222,942)	\$	(9,628,725)	\$	(10,657,381)	\$	(6,008,529)	\$	(9,952,128)	\$	(13,969,505)	\$	(12,013,184)	\$	(8,541,991)	\$	(10,300,768)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asset	ts																			
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes	\$	3,956,364	\$	4,100,036	\$	4,196,608	\$	4,198,071	\$	4,389,337	\$	4,862,600	\$	4,945,564	\$	5,218,664	\$	5,417,849	\$	5,546,391
Franchise taxes		1,308,156		1,242,675		1,279,355		1,272,918		1,276,287		1,319,304		1,332,446		1,345,455		1,397,703		1,449,159
Business income taxes		657,704		716,750		670,940		708,606		789,670		875,509		1,118,817		1,054,570		1,185,784		1,343,887
Hotel taxes		402,806		429,249		427,973		451,708		480,624		47,516		718,344		738,182		724,913		716,523
Liquour taxes		174,967		182,575		204,188		213,221		224,251		577,726		230,109		245,594		256,000		268,894
Cigarette taxes		22,674		20,911		23,354		22,735		21,545		21,382		21,140		20,367		19,813		18,543
Solid waste taxes		52,465		56,310		54,109		57,118		56,968		58,114		64,176		64,278		74,054		70,046
Unrestricted grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-										
Investment earnings		54,186		56,150		74,488		54,752		45,229		45,229		61,068		114,463		258,228		424,820
Miscellaneous		1,835,854		1,809,260		1,845,851		2,609,996		2,065,383		2,219,435		1,929,995		3,655,300		4,780,722		4,005,123
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		(135,266)		-		-		-										
Transfers		(15,000)																		
Total governmental activities	\$	8,450,176	\$	8,478,650	\$	8,776,866	\$	9,589,125	\$	9,349,294	\$	10,026,816	\$	10,421,659	\$	12,456,873	\$	14,115,066	\$	13,843,386
Business-type activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes		653,165		721,442		1,274,401		1,431,836		1,459,418		1,409,806		1,320,157		1,306,567		1,115,233		383,154
Investment earnings		36,579		25,830		28,190		30,758		30,761		30,100		42,170		67,792		142,071		239,658
Miscellaneous		93,082		102,407		12,630		116,514		128,366		47,957		26,955		21,721		(91,408)		14,970
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-										
Transfers		15,000		-		-		-		-				352,000		518,000		340,000		175,000
Total business-type activities		797,826		849,679		1,315,221		1,579,108		1,618,545		1,487,863		1,741,282		1,914,080		1,505,896		812,782
Total primary government	\$	9,248,002	\$	9,328,329	\$	10,092,087	\$	11,168,233	\$	10,967,839	\$	11,514,679	\$	12,162,941	\$	14,370,953	_	15,620,962		14,656,168
Change in Net Assets																				
Governmental activities	\$	(35,833)	\$	(1,976,681)	\$	417,312	\$	456,105	\$	442,044	\$	1,111,692	\$	(574,625)	\$	1,132,784	\$	4,041,029	\$	2,673,948
Business-type activities	4	(633,956)	4	(917,932)	4	46,050	4	54,747	4	4,517,266	4	450,859	4	(1,231,939)	Ψ.	1,224,985	4	3,037,942	4	1,681,452
,r	_	(,0)	_	(,2)	_	,		, /	_	.,,	_	,	_	(-,==-,-=)		,== .,		-,,	_	,,
Total primary government	\$	(669,789)	\$	(2,894,613)	\$	463,362	\$	510,852	\$	4,959,310	\$	1,562,551	\$	(1,806,564)	\$	2,357,769	\$	7,078,971	\$	4,355,400

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

### CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010		2011	2012	2013	 2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	_	2019
General fund	 256251	_					_				_					
Reserved (pre GASB #54) Unreserved (pre GASB #54)	\$ 356,254 3,525,521	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
GASB No. 54 Categories:	3,323,321		-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable	-		2,326	1,973	4,234	4,763		4,684		2,135		13,286		8,683		4,142
Restricted	-		-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned	-		54,000	54,000	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	 		3,578,983	 3,620,883	 3,728,007	 3,700,166		4,073,773		4,543,953	_	5,475,619	_	10,780,053	_	11,528,375
Total general fund	\$ 3,881,775	\$	3,635,309	\$ 3,676,856	\$ 3,732,241	\$ 3,704,929	\$	4,078,457	\$	4,546,088	\$	5,488,905	\$	10,788,736	\$	11,532,517
All other governmental funds Reserved (pre GASB #54)	\$ 63,025	\$	97,144	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Unreserved, reported in:	,		Ź													
Special revenue funds (pre GASB #54)	973,682		946,312	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital project funds (pre GASB #54) Permanent funds (pre GASB #54)  GASB No. 54 Categories:	2,892,319		2,915,781	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable	-		-	13,233	11,607	13,079		12,134		12,259		9,818		13,758		10,763
Restricted	-		-	11,776,026	6,825,730	5,338,679		5,478,484		5,893,683		5,886,401		11,091,412		12,116,925
Assigned	-		-	21,768	(37,723)	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	 		-	 (156,207)	 (222,158)	 (247,179)		(481,797)	_	(623,605)		(686,170)	_	(3,348,853)	_	(5,859,048)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,929,026	\$	3,959,237	\$ 11,654,820	\$ 6,577,456	\$ 5,104,579	\$	5,008,821	\$	5,282,337	\$	5,210,049	\$	7,756,317	\$	6,268,640

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 5,749,690	\$ 5,821,325	\$ 5,917,906	\$ 5,978,748	\$ 6,186,703	\$ 6,798,659	\$ 7,212,141	\$ 7,861,407	\$ 1,742,901	\$ 8,866,752
Licenses and permits	381,506	229,827	276,682	246,595	356,378	401,936	269,583	1,054,239	235,011	681,822
Intergovernmental	1,656,814	1,982,701	2,043,778	2,794,696	2,237,890	2,498,274	2,617,629	2,570,534	258,228	3,197,483
Charges for services	351,583	261,490	318,235	409,348	344,131	313,894	60,110	67,403	2,000,742	203,495
Fines	353,827	402,602	359,776	362,591	339,269	295,888	222,053	381,928	874,578	265,867
Investment earnings	54,186	56,150	74,488	54,752	45,229	47,516	61,068	114,463	2,867,310	424,820
Miscellaneous	1,020,628	950,705	997,837	1,087,082	1,144,248	964,757	1,380,450	1,997,216	8,505,039	1,844,217
Total revenues	9,568,234	9,704,800	9,988,702	10,933,812	10,653,848	11,320,924	11,823,034	14,047,190	16,483,809	15,484,456
						, , , , ,				
Expenditures										
General government	2,233,315	2,120,597	2,104,647	2,088,156	2,067,329	2,182,269	2,101,025	2,281,365	2,542,226	2,495,214
Public safety	4,860,333	5,201,680	5,307,537	5,240,764	5,462,943	5,677,030	5,572,587	5,391,943	5,552,528	5,920,806
Highways and streets	546,464	782,891	724,049	786,038	929,899	732,538	977,486	731,374	1,001,291	1,319,170
Solid waste/recycling	3,166	8,139	13,780	13,517	17,225	15,114	14,832	9,257	14,297	11,997
Community development	1,452,360	1,360,661	1,360,507	1,295,030	1,581,270	1,617,532	1,649,501	2,000,360	2,374,536	3,293,967
Capital outlay	172,217	364,552	5,534,665	2,788,459	619,939	307,304	616,417	344,192	3,312,230	2,845,198
Debt service										
Principal	100,000	105,000	110,000	115,000	120,000	126,033	132,182	138,264	141,518	
Interest	35,466	31,930	28,221	24,340	20,286	16,060	11,661	7,090	41,812	167,000
Total expenditures	9,403,321	9,975,450	15,183,406	12,351,304	10,818,891	10,673,880	11,075,691	10,903,845	14,980,438	16,053,352
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	164,913	(270,650)	(5,194,704)	(1,417,492)	(165,043)	647,044	747,343	3,143,345	1,503,571	1,503,571
Excess of revenues over (under) experialities	104,913	(270,030)	(5,194,704)	(1,417,492)	(105,045)	047,044	141,343	3,143,343	1,505,571	1,505,571
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	152,056	482,104	138,000	143,000	141,000	142,000	142,000	142,100	257,876	175,000
Transfers out	(167,056)	(482,104)	(138,000)	(143,000)	(141,000)	(142,000)	(494,000)	(660,100)	(597,876)	(350,000)
Capital leases proceeds		114,105	158,887		41,973	-	-			
Bond proceeds		7,540,000				-	-		5,000,000	
Bonds premium		65,662				-	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,000)	7,719,767	158,887	-	41,973		(352,000)	(518,000)	4,660,000	(175,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 149,913	\$ 7,449,117	\$ (5,035,817)	\$ (1,417,492)	\$ (123,070)	\$ 647,044	\$ 395,343	\$ 2,625,345	\$ 6,163,571	\$ (743,896)
Debt assiss as a second of the Control of the Contr										
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.5%	1.4%	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.6%	1.3%
experiulules	1.5%	1.470	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.470	1.4%	1.4%	1.0%	1.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information is presented for years ended subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Assessed Value1

					Assessed value							
_			Real Property									
Fiscal Year Ended	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other Property	Total Real Property	Personal Property	Manufactured Property	Public Utilities Property	Total	Total Real Market Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Total Real Market Value	Total City Tax Rate
2010	724,460,240	132,033,070	95,566,630	58,252,340	1,010,312,280	30,827,601	10,750,860	30,057,100	1,081,947,841	1,855,868,519	58.30%	4.41
2011	748,603,040	135,205,020	102,409,550	55,708,990	1,041,926,600	28,481,859	10,538,230	30,086,170	1,111,032,859	1,824,028,187	60.91%	4.47
2012	750,287,090	138,073,440	105,218,010	57,320,510	1,050,899,050	30,835,046	10,518,970	37,638,877	1,129,891,943	1,731,455,887	65.26%	4.98
2013	735,543,050	198,583,360	19,993,540	68,507,590	1,022,627,540	50,886,853	9,312,620	39,162,900	1,121,989,913	1,711,308,740	65.56%	5.16
2014	767,084,170	212,904,330	19,566,760	61,056,060	1,060,611,320	53,724,870	9,628,180	40,383,830	1,164,348,200	1,729,071,950	67.34%	5.16
2015	807,457,540	267,671,940	19,354,720	62,446,640	1,156,930,840	79,633,140	9,635,280	43,185,990	1,289,385,250	1,904,289,273	67.71%	5.00
2016	833,060,570	263,739,740	19,145,910	64,346,310	1,180,292,530	82,551,860	11,255,730	46,033,700	1,320,133,820	1,985,287,321	66.50%	4.87
2017	859,236,490	274,626,400	15,759,960	66,272,230	1,215,895,080	89,002,700	12,687,070	77,829,200	1,395,414,050	2,128,241,371	65.57%	4.80
2018	889,103,470	289,950,500	15,562,390	67,726,240	1,262,342,600	80,886,545	13,530,170	101,609,600	1,458,368,915	2,402,175,197	60.71%	4.64
2019	917,663,990	304,550,660	15,826,410	70,482,960	1,308,524,020	80,648,350	14,343,870	68,322,700	1,471,838,940	2,699,209,727	54.53%	4.12

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Properties are assessed annually by the County (residential properties) and the State (major commercial properties). Real market values are based on those assessments. Oregon voters approved Ballot Measure 50 in May of 1997, which established a base for property values (the assessed values shown) and limited future increases to three percent per year, regardless of actual market values. New construction is valued equivalent to existing assessed properties by applying a changed property ratio to real market values of the construction as determined by the assessors. (Sal7a)

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PROPERTY TAX RATES <sup>1</sup> DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING <sup>2</sup> GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Overlapping Rates

										rr					
	CIT	Y OF TROUTE	OALE, ORE	GON	Regional & County										
			Urban						Soil				Mt. Hood		Total Direct &
			Renewal		Multnomah		Metro Service		Conservation	Total Regional	Multnomah	Reynolds School	Community		Overlapping
Fiscal Year	Operating	Debt Service	Agency	Total City	County	Port of Portland	District	Tri-Met	District	& County	County ESD	District	College	Total Schools	Rates
2010	3.76	0.62	0.04	4.41	5.39	0.07	0.44	0.09	0.10	6.08	0.46	5.59	0.49	6.54	17.04
2011	3.75	0.67	0.04	4.47	5.37	0.07	0.41	0.09	0.10	6.04	0.46	5.58	0.49	6.53	17.03
2012	3.75	1.16	0.07	4.98	5.42	0.07	0.31	0.06	0.10	5.96	0.46	5.75	0.49	6.70	17.64
2013	3.74	1.31	0.10	5.16	5.40	0.07	0.40	-	0.10	5.97	0.45	5.95	0.49	6.89	18.02
2014	3.74	1.29	0.13	5.16	5.65	0.07	0.47	-	0.10	6.29	0.45	5.97	0.49	6.92	18.36
2015	3.73	1.12	0.14	5.00	5.63	0.07	0.46	-	0.10	6.25	0.45	5.77	0.49	6.71	17.96
2016	3.74	1.03	0.10	4.87	5.63	0.07	0.39	-	0.09	6.18	0.45	5.94	0.49	6.88	17.93
2017	3.74	0.96	0.09	4.80	5.54	0.07	0.40	-	0.01	6.02	0.46	6.02	0.49	6.96	17.78
2018	3.74	0.80	0.10	4.64	5.54	0.07	0.41	-	0.09	6.11	0.45	6.26	0.49	7.20	17.95
2019	3.74	0.27	0.11	4.12	5.56	0.07	0.47	-	0.10	6.19	0.45	6.23	0.49	7.17	17.48

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In May of 1997 Oregon voters approved Ballot Measure 50 which established permanent tax rates for local taxing districts. Changes to permanent rates would require a state-wide majority vote to remove the effects of the measure from the Oregon constitution. Special levies, with certain restrictions, can be added to permanent rates by vote within each district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Overlapping rates are the tax rates of various local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Troutdale, for Levy Code Area 242. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Troutdale property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the City of Troutdale's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS June 30, 2019

		2018-2019			2009-2010	
	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed	Taxable		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Value
FEDEX GROUND PACKAGE SYSTEM, INC	\$ 94,983,230	1	6.5%	\$ 13,160,990	3	1.2%
COMCAST CORPORATION	29,512,000	2	2.0%			
AUSTELL COLUMBIA GORGE EQUITIES LLC	24,328,310	3	1.7%	18,655,330	2	1.7%
PORTLAND GENERAL ELECTRIC CO	20,570,000	4	1.4%	8,536,000	8	0.8%
TOYO TANSO USA, INC	14,344,710	5	1.0%	19,085,520	1	1.8%
MOUNTAIN MEADOWS COMMUNITY, INC	13,071,160	6	0.9%	10,018,000	4	0.9%
BURLINGAME DEVELOPMENT INC	13,006,470	7	0.9%	9,338,220	6	0.9%
MGP X PROPERTIES LLC	11,097,130	8	0.8%	9,135,810	7	
TROUTDALE TERRACE LLC	10,613,780	9	0.7%	8,134,670	9	0.8%
HPT TA PROPERTIES TRUST	9,697,150	10	0.7%	7,432,130	10	0.7%
TUBE SPECIALTIES CO INC				9,582,890	5	0.9%
Totals	\$241,223,940		16.4%	\$ 113,079,560		10.5%

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

#### Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Total Collections to Date

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax		Delinquent Tax		
Ended June 30	for Fiscal Year	Collections	Percentage of Levy	Collections	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2010	4,776,510	4,453,024	93.2%	322,975	4,776,000	99.99%
2011	4,916,098	4,641,549	94.4%	274,033	4,915,581	99.99%
2012	5,548,240	5,286,245	95.3%	251,994	5,538,239	99.82%
2013	5,673,471	5,466,703	96.4%	205,815	5,672,518	99.98%
2014	5,998,948	5,676,214	94.6%	319,762	5,995,975	99.95%
2015	6,444,151	6,111,873	94.8%	330,172	6,442,045	99.97%
2016	6,432,106	6,109,545	95.0%	312,230	6,421,775	99.84%
2017	6,706,161	6,381,733	95.2%	301,229	6,682,962	99.65%
2018	6,837,147	6,502,012	95.1%	283,674	6,785,686	99.25%
2019	6,057,425	5,792,797	95.6%	-	5,792,797	95.63%

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

Annual Property Tax Distribution Summary Annual Property Tax Receivable Summary

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th**

**Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities** Percentage of General Net G.O. Bond General Net G.O. Bond Personal Income Obligation (Premium) / Capital Lease Finance Obligation (Premium) / **Total Primary** Per Capita 1 Fiscal Year Bonds Discount Payable Agreement Bonds Discount Government 2010 978,000 8,570,000 (113,176)9,434,824 0.03% 605 873,000 2011 7,540,000 65,662 78,770 7.645.000 (99,029)16,103,403 0.05% 1008 2012 7,480,000 62,379 146,684 763,000 6,685,000 15,052,181 0.05% 941 (84,882)2013 7,315,000 59,096 81,194 648,000 5,685,000 (70,735)13,717,555 0.04% 857 528,000 2014 12.390.870 774 7,130,000 55,813 88,645 4,645,000 (56,588)0.03% 2015 61,144 403,000 3,555,000 10,944,233 0.03% 698 6,915,000 52,530 (42,441)9,425,101 49,247 273,000 2016 6,685,000 26,148 2,420,000 (28,294)0.02% 602 138,000 2017 6,440,000 45,964 15,952 1,235,000 7,860,769 0.02% 503 (14,147)2018 5,758 5,000,000 11,206,339 697 6,175,000 25,581 0.02% 5,000,000 2019 5,885,000 24,008 10,909,008 674 N/A

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

1 See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data used in this calculation.

N/A - data not available.

## CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

				Percentage of	
		Less: Amounts		Estimated Actual	
	General Obligation	Available in Debt		Value of Taxable	
Fiscal Year	Bonds	Service Fund	Total	Property 1	Per Capita <sup>2</sup>
2010	8,456,824	260,037	8,196,787	0.80%	932
2011	15,151,633	222,672	14,928,961	0.76%	870
2012	14,142,497	259,279	13,883,218	0.74%	795
2013	12,988,361	326,086	12,662,275	0.67%	715
2014	11,774,225	473,658	11,300,567	0.58%	625
2015	10,480,089	652,205	9,827,884	0.44%	528
2016	9,125,953	789,600	8,336,353	0.35%	430
2017	7,706,817	923,444	6,783,373	0.48%	640
2018	6,175,000	1,156,042	5,018,958	0.21%	312
2019	5,924,398	1,357,220	4,567,178	0.17%	282

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data used in this calculation.

 $<sup>^{2}\,</sup>$  See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data used in this calculation.

## CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit	 ebt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable 1	Estimated	Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:				
Multnomah County	\$ 330,220,117	1.98%	\$	6,534,334
Metro	836,005,000	0.87%		7,262,896
Port of Portland	58,452,781	0.79%		459,203
Reynolds School District No. 7	200,178,150	22.62%		45,275,815
Gresham-Barlow School District No. 10	344,989,393	22.18%		76,505,606
Mt. Hood Community College	53,819,068	5.38%		2,894,151
Multnomah Education Service District	26,825,000	1.95%		521,879
Other:				
Multnomah County	5,230,000	1.98%		103,490
Port of Portland	1,146,270,828	0.79%		9,005,065
Subtotal, overlapping debt				148,562,441
, , ,				,,,,,
City of Troutdale, Oregon direct debt				10,909,008
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	159,471,449

Source: The State of Oregon Office of the Treasurer, acting on behalf of the Municipal Debt Advisory Commission (MDAC) & Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Troutdale. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

	Fiscal Year																
_	2010	2011		2012		2013		2014	2015		2016		2017		2018		2018
Debt Limit Total net debt application to limit	\$ 55,676,056	\$ 54,720,846	\$	51,943,677	\$	51,339,262	\$	51,872,159	\$ 57,128,678	\$	59,558,620	\$	63,847,241	\$	72,065,256 5,000,000	\$	80,976,292 5,000,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 55,676,056	\$ 54,720,846	\$	51,943,677	\$	51,339,262	\$	51,872,159	\$ 57,128,678	\$	59,558,620	\$	63,847,241	\$	67,065,256	\$	75,976,292
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		6.94%		6.17%
									Legal I	Debt 1	Margin Calcula	ation	for Fiscal Yea	r 2018	3-2019		
									Real market valu	ie (20	18-19) 1					\$2	,699,209,727
									Debt limit (3% o	f tota	l real market val	lue)					80,976,292

Debt subject to limit:

Legal debt margin

5,000,000

\$ 75,976,292

<sup>1</sup> Note: Oregon Revised Statute 287A.050 provides a debt limit of 3% of the taxable real market value within the City's boundaries for general obligation bonds. Utility revenue bonds and assessment bonds are excluded from the limitation. The general obligation bonds outstanding for the City are for the new police station, which is excluded from debt subject to the limit. The Full Faith and Credit Obligations issued in 2018 are subject to the debt limit.

## CITY OF TROUTDALE , OREGON PROPERTY VALUE AND NEW CONSTRUCTION VALUE

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

	New Commercial C	Construction 1	New Residential Co	onstruction 1	Property	Value
Fiscal Year	Number of Units	Value	Number of Units	Value	Assessed Value	Tax Rate
2010	43	58,680,115	20	3,642,609	1,079,497,361	4.39
	43	30,000,113		- ) - )	, , ,	
2011	-	-	3	640,367	1,107,900,669	4.44
2012	46	7,876,916	16	940,582	1,124,964,739	4.93
2013	42	3,061,104	19	937,644	1,115,008,909	5.09
2014	53	18,894,063	19	1,205,558	1,278,870,040	5.06
2015	86	8,443,560	36	1,093,255	1,289,385,250	4.86
2016	79	3,666,027	40	1,466,695	1,320,133,820	4.77
2017	46	21,609,088	56	6,298,576	1,387,498,970	4.73
2018	72	178,558,311	54	3,612,348	1,458,368,915	4.64
2019	55	25,983,709	29	1,411,408	1,471,838,940	4.01

<sup>1</sup> City of Troutdale Building Department.

<sup>2</sup> Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

	Special	Special Assessment
	Assessment	_
Fiscal Year	Billings	Collections 1
2010	<del>-</del>	-
2011	-	-
2012	-	-
2013	-	-
2014	-	-
2015	<del>-</del>	-
2016	-	-
2017	-	-
2018	<del>-</del>	-
2019	-	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes prepayments.

## CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

		Per Capita					
		Personal Income	ome Personal Income		Rate		
		(Multnomah	(Portland Metro	School	(Portland Metro		
Fiscal Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	County) <sup>2</sup>	Area) <sup>2</sup>	Enrollment <sup>3</sup>	Area) <sup>4</sup>		
2010	15,535	29,458,183,000	39,384	4,674	10.5%		
2011	15,595	31,161,157,000	41,302	4,089	9.1%		
2012	15,980	32,644,222,000	43,189	4,252	8.2%		
2013	16,000	33,376,029,000	43,728	4,128	7.2%		
2014	16,005	36,588,018,000	45,794	4,221	6.4%		
2015	16,015	38,906,295,000	48,422	4,159	5.8%		
2016	16,020	41,194,678,000	50,489	4,156	5.6%		
2017	16,035	43,873,915,000	54,329	4,064	4.1%		
2018	16,070	46,966,887,000	56,991	4,101	3.9%		
2019	16,185	N/A	N/A	3,914	N/A		

#### Data Sources:

N/A - data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Portland State University, Population Research and Census center.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Calendar year info

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Reynolds School District: Four schools located within corporate limits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Calendar year info since 2007

### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

	-		2010				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
Amazon.com	2,202	1	29.36%				
FedEx Ground Package System, Inc.	753	2	10.04%	446	1	9.52%	
Walsh Trucking Co., LTD	416	3	5.55%	220	2	4.70%	
Home Depot USA, Inc.	165	4	2.20%	81	8	1.73%	
Wolcott Plumbing	141	5	1.88%				
Tube Specialties	140	6	1.87%	191	3	4.08%	
Brand Safway Services	137	7	1.83%				
Travel Centers of America	125	8	1.67%	125	5	2.67%	
Safeway, Inc.	120	9	1.60%				
Edgefield McMenamins	120	10	1.60%	120	6	2.56%	
Toyo Tanso USA, Inc.				132	4	2.82%	
Albertson's, Inc.				100	7	2.13%	
Swift Transportation, Inc.				75	9	1.60%	
Tokin Gresham Honda				48	10	1.02%	
Totals	4,319		57.59%	1,538		28.76%	

Source: City of Troutdale business license applications self reported. Combined full time and part time positions reported

# CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

Full-time Equivalent Employees for Fiscal Year Ended 2012 2014 2015 2019 2010 2011 2013 2016 2017 2018 Function General Government 14.0 14.3 14.3 15.8 13.4 12.4 14.1 15.1 16.0 16.0 Police Officers 22 23 23 24 25 25 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Civilians 5.0 4.5 4.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 **Building Safety** 4.0 2.1 2.1 1.7 1.5 1.8 3.3 3.0 3.0 3.0 Community Development 2.5 2.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.0 3.0 1.0 1.5 3.5 Parks & Facilities 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.4 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 Streets 2.0 1.5 1.5 1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8 2.1 1.6 2.1 Water 5.5 5.4 5.0 4.8 5.0 5.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 6.0 Sewer 6.0 6.0 6.0 8.0 6.0 5.9 5.9 5.5 5.5 8.0 Storm 2.1 2.2 2.2 2.6 2.6 **Public Works Services** Equipment Maintenance 2.1 1.5 2.1 2.1 1.7 1.7 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 10.0 Management 6.0 5.8 5.9 6.0 5.9 6.2 6.2 9.0 9.0 49.5 74.0 53.6 Total 74.1 70.6 71.4 72.8 72.8 53.8 54.3

Source: City financial records.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

_	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Police										
Calls for service	8,179	8,236	11,897	11,798	10,505	10,592	10,484	10,943	11,879	N/A
Traffic Calls <sup>1</sup>	3,808	3,828	3,316	3,060	2,508	1,571	2,440	2,644	2,897	N/A
Part I crimes <sup>2</sup>	532	549	599	550	558	493	613	615	646	N/A
Part II crimes <sup>2</sup>	772	882	940	727	608	727	238	329	242	N/A
Water										
Number of users  Average daily production (in thousands of	4,616	4,645	4,641	4,644	4,648	4,655	4,662	4,539	4,555	4,570
gallons)	1,562	1,547	1,643	1,617	1,547	1,592	1,641	1,560	1,620	1,616
Sewer System										
Number of users	4,511	4,514	4,476	4,373	4,491	4,498	4,419	4,452	4,462	4,475
Average daily use (in thousands of gallons)	1,200	1,200	1,397	1,390	1,337	1,303	1,170	1,500	1,600	1,650
Storm Water System										
Number of users	4,619	4,633	4,560	4,466	4,584	4,591	4,609	4,686	4,705	4,698

Sources: Various City departments.

N/A - data not available.

Note: Indicators are not available for highways and streets and general government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Calls for Service compiled on a calendar year basis from Bureau of Emergency Communications (BOEC) dispatch reports. Traffic calls compiled on a calendar year basis from BOEC dispatch reports but are officer initiated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Police Part I and II crime statistics compiled on a calendar year basis. Part I crimes include homicide, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Part II crimes include simple assault, forgery/counterfeit, fraud, embezzlement, stolen property, vandalism, weapons laws, prostitution, other sex offenses, drug abuse, gambling, offenses against family, DUI, liquor laws, disorderly conduct, negligent homicide, and curfew/runaway.

#### CITY OF TROUTDALE, OREGON CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30th

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Public Safety										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	24	20	20	20	20	20	0	0	0	0
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	42.5	42.8	42.9	42.8	43.2	43.2	43.8	43.6	43.73	43.84
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage	73	87	89.70	86.45	86.45	83.47	83.47	83.47	83.47	86.45
Greenways acreage	96	164	164.11	163.91	152.30	154.03	154.03	154.03	154.03	154.03
Parks, Greenways & Natural Areas	18	29	29	30	30	29	29	29	29	32
Water system										
Water main lines (miles)	64	61	61.25	65.50	66.89	66.72	66.72	67.6	67.85	67.31
Daily storage capacity (in millions of										
gallons)	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Daily production capacity (in										
millions of gallons)	3.8	6.0	6.0	5.2	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.99	6.99	6.99
Sewer system										
Sanitary sewer lines (miles)	51.5	54.6	54.62	55.91	55.87	55.92	55.98	55.98	56.07	56.45
Daily plant capacity (in millions of										
gallons)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	6.3	3	3
Storm water system										
Miles of service lines	32.4	37.0	37.0	34.3	34.3	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.8

Sources: Various City departments.

## CITY OF TROUTDALE MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS





## **PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C.** 12700 SW 72<sup>nd</sup> Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

December 19, 2019

#### <u>Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations</u>

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Troutdale as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Compliance**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Troutdale's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Schedule of Accountability of Elected Officials

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Troutdale was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for the following:

a. We noted a budget over-expenditure as noted on page 24 of the report.

#### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA

Men MLang, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.